

Converting Colors

`RYB(150, 180, 210)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(150, 180, 210) contains.

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Color

R_YB(150, 180, 210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96D2D2
RGB	150, 210, 210
RGB Percent	59%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.4118, 0.1765, 0.1765
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	180°, 40%, 71%
HSV	180°, 29%, 82%
XYZ	47.2571, 57.2304, 69.5286
YIQ	192.0600, -35.7600, -12.7200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

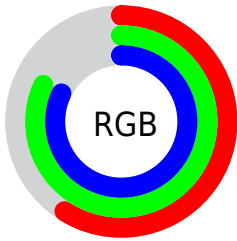
Format	Color
RYB	150, 180, 210
Decimal	9884370
CIELab	80.31, -19.02, -6.18
CIELCh	80, 19.995, 197.990
Yxy	57.2304, 0.2716, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288074450 (0xFF96D2D2)
YUV	192.0600, 8.8444, -36.8866
Hunter-Lab	75.6508, -20.8843, -1.5364

Details

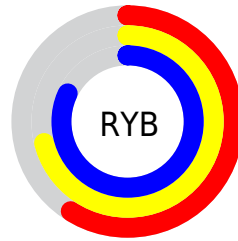
The RYB color **150, 180, 210** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **210, 150, 150**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206, 231, 255**, and **97, 126, 156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **129, 170, 210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 191, 210**.

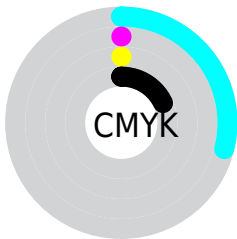
Distribution



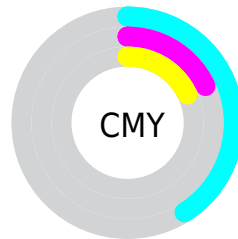
- Red (59%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 150, 180, 210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 150, 180, 210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 150, 180, 210


255, 255, 255


 206, 231, 255

 235, 245, 255

 150, 180, 210

 123, 153, 182


 97, 126, 156

 70, 100, 130

 44, 74, 104

 13, 47, 80

 0, 28, 58

 0, 18, 36

 0, 3, 15

 0, 0, 0

150, 180, 210

150, 180, 210

129, 170, 210

171, 191, 210

108, 159, 210

192, 201, 210

87, 149, 210

213, 210, 210

66, 138, 210

234, 210, 210

45, 128, 210

255, 210, 210

24, 117, 210

3, 107, 210

0, 105, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 191, 210



150, 180, 210



152, 184, 226

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150, 180, 210



216, 191, 224



210, 221, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150, 180, 210



210, 150, 150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



234, 197, 172



150, 180, 210



232, 187, 208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150, 180, 210



193, 197, 235



239, 186, 188



164, 202, 164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150, 180, 210



162, 189, 233



239, 186, 188



226, 217, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150, 180, 210



232, 244, 255



150, 210, 210



113, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150, 180, 210



168, 212, 255



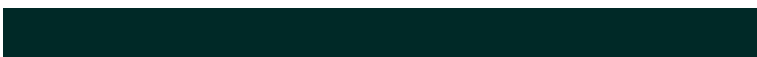
150, 170, 210



94, 100, 105



0, 84, 168



0, 21, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 150, 210



255, 168, 255



210, 210, 150



105, 94, 105



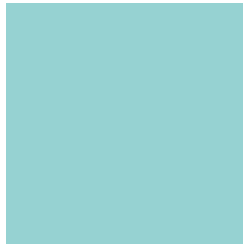
168, 0, 168



41, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 150, 180, 210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

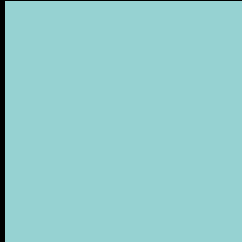
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 150, 180, 210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

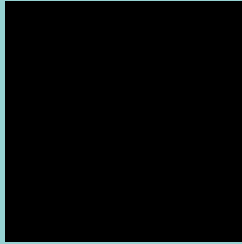
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 150, 180, 210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 150, 180, 210.

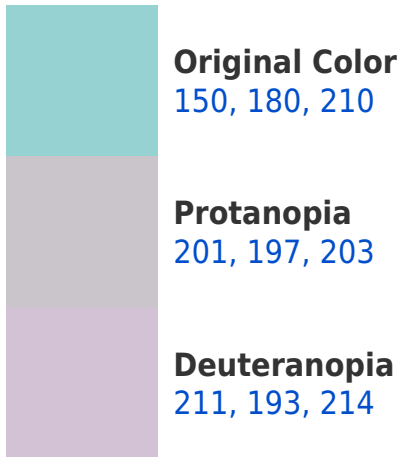


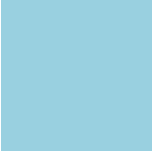
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 150, 180, 210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

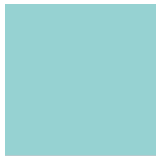
Dichromacy





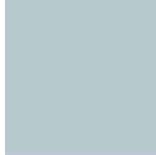
Tritanopia
153, 184, 224

Trichromacy



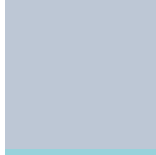
Original Color

150, 180, 210



Protanomaly

182, 193, 206



Deuteranomaly

189, 196, 213



Tritanomaly

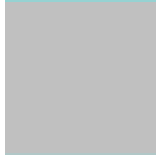
152, 183, 219

Monochromacy



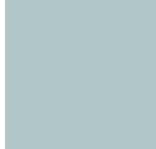
Original Color

150, 180, 210



Achromatopsia

192, 192, 192



Achromatomaly

177, 188, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 150, 180, 210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 210, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 210, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 210, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 210, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 150, 180, 210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 210, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 210, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 210, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 210, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 210, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 210,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 150, 180, 210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 210, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
210, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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