

Converting Colors

`RYB(150, 235, 80)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(150, 235, 80) contains.

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Color

`RYB(150, 235, 80)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBBB50
RGB	235, 187, 80
RGB Percent	92%, 73%, 31%
CMY	0.0784, 0.2675, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.66, 0.08
HSL	41°, 79%, 62%
HSV	41°, 66%, 92%
XYZ	53.4321, 53.6878, 15.1360
YIQ	189.1540, 62.9550, -23.1010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

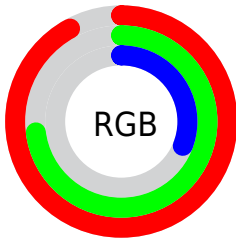
Format	Color
RYB	150, 235, 80
Decimal	15448912
CIELab	78.28, 6.28, 58.95
CIElCh	78, 59.279, 83.916
Yxy	53.6878, 0.4371, 0.4391
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293638992 (0xFFE BBB50)
YUV	189.1540, -53.8129, 40.2069
Hunter-Lab	73.2719, 1.9417, 39.0426

Details

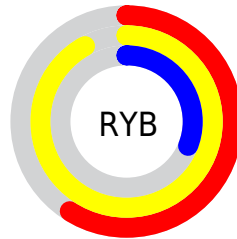
The RYB color **150, 235, 80** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **80, 117, 235**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146, 255, 133**, and **79, 175, 23** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137, 235, 56**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 235, 104**.

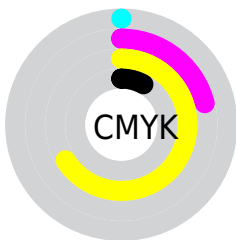
Distribution



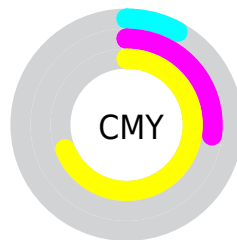
- Red (92%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (8%)





- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 150, 235, 80 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 150, 235, 80 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 150, 235, 80

 150, 235, 80

255, 255, 255

 117, 205, 53

 146, 255, 133

 79, 175, 23

 161, 255, 161

 50, 146, 0

 189, 255, 189

 46, 118, 0

 217, 255, 217


 41, 90, 0

 246, 255, 246

 36, 63, 0

 34, 38, 0

 0, 0, 0

 150, 235, 80

 150, 235, 80

137, 235, 56

164, 235, 104

125, 235, 33

177, 235, 127

112, 235, 10

187, 235, 150

106, 235, 0

202, 235, 174

216, 235, 198

227, 235, 221

235, 237, 244

235, 242, 255

235, 244, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 206, 106



150, 235, 80



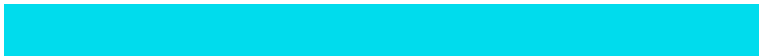
88, 204, 110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150, 235, 80



0, 114, 237



251, 162, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150, 235, 80



80, 117, 235

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179, 184, 255



150, 235, 80



0, 117, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150, 235, 80



0, 122, 221



33, 129, 255



255, 147, 207

Rectangle

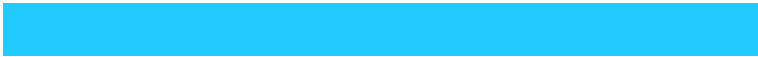
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150, 235, 80



111, 212, 184



33, 129, 255



231, 169, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150, 235, 80



227, 255, 204



235, 80, 129



112, 128, 97



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150, 235, 80



146, 255, 54



80, 235, 108



110, 117, 106



81, 181, 0



25, 54, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 117, 235



54, 101, 255



108, 80, 235



106, 108, 117



0, 43, 181



0, 13, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 150, 235, 80 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

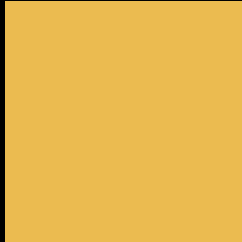
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 150, 235, 80 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 150, 235, 80 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 150, 235, 80.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 150, 235, 80.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
150, 235, 80

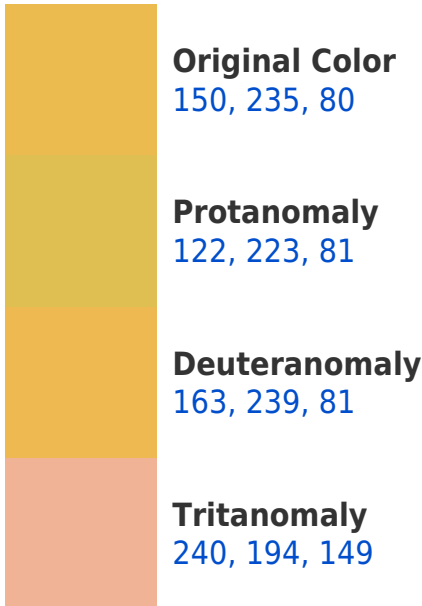
Protanopia
108, 216, 82

Deuteranopia
170, 241, 81

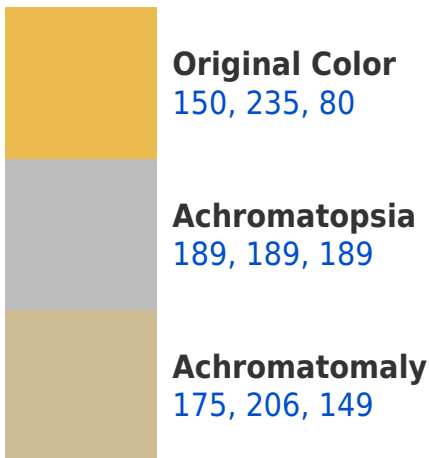


Tritanopia
243, 175, 189

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 150, 235, 80 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 187, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 187, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 187, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 187, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 150, 235, 80 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 187, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 187, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 187, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 187, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 187, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 187,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 150, 235, 80 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 187, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
187, 80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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