

Converting Colors

`RYB(150, 79, 227)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(150, 79, 227) contains.

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Color

R_YB(150, 79, 227)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	964FE3
RGB	150, 79, 227
RGB Percent	59%, 31%, 89%
CMY	0.4118, 0.6902, 0.1098
CMYK	0.34, 0.65, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	269°, 73%, 60%
HSV	269°, 65%, 89%
XYZ	29.2388, 17.6220, 74.5334
YIQ	117.1010, -5.1920, 61.0800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

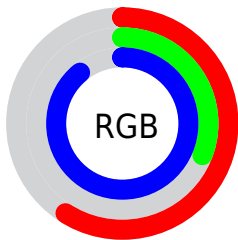
Format	Color
R _Y B	150, 79, 227
Decimal	9850851
CIE Lab	49.03, 57.21, -64.13
CIE LCh	49, 85.941, 311.733
Yxy	17.6220, 0.2409, 0.1452
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288040931 (0xFF964FE3)
YUV	117.1010, 54.1802, 28.8524
Hunter-Lab	41.9786, 50.8655, -75.8848

Details

The RYB color **150, 79, 227** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **79, 227, 150**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208, 132, 255**, and **92, 24, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138, 56, 227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162, 102, 227**.

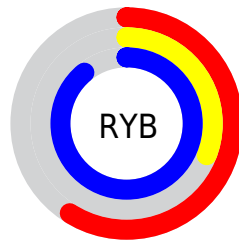
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (31%)

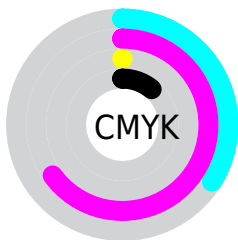
Blue (89%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (89%)

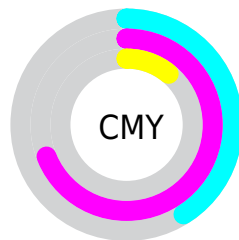


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 150, 79, 227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 150, 79, 227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



150, 79, 227



150, 79, 227

255, 255, 255



121, 53, 198



208, 132, 255



92, 24, 171



238, 159, 255



63, 0, 143



255, 187, 255



28, 0, 117



255, 216, 255



0, 0, 92



255, 245, 255



0, 0, 67



0, 3, 44



0, 1, 22



0, 0, 0

■ 150, 79, 227

■ 150, 79, 227

■ 138, 56, 227

■ 162, 102, 227

■ 126, 34, 227

■ 174, 124, 227

■ 115, 11, 227

■ 185, 147, 227

■ 109, 0, 227

■ 197, 170, 227

■ 209, 193, 227

■ 221, 215, 227

■ 227, 238, 232

■ 227, 255, 238

■ 227, 255, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 80, 255



150, 79, 227



220, 0, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150, 79, 227



152, 178, 0



0, 74, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150, 79, 227



79, 227, 150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 97, 143



150, 79, 227



0, 123, 6

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150, 79, 227



221, 55, 16



0, 137, 137



0, 86, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150, 79, 227



237, 0, 116



0, 137, 137



0, 80, 145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150, 79, 227



228, 204, 255



79, 131, 227



112, 97, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150, 79, 227



152, 56, 255



222, 79, 227



109, 103, 115



86, 0, 179



24, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 79, 156



255, 56, 160



79, 227, 222



115, 103, 109



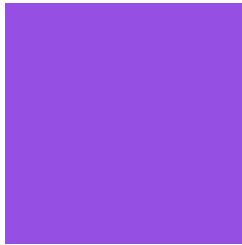
179, 0, 93



51, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 150, 79, 227 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

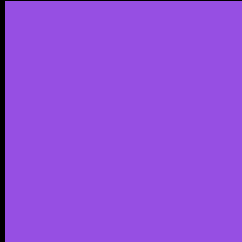
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 150, 79, 227 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 150, 79, 227 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 150, 79, 227.

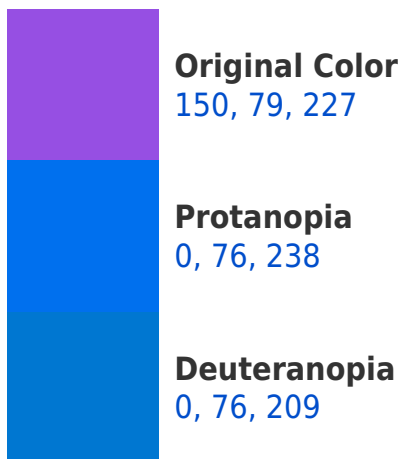


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 150, 79, 227.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
129, 112, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color

150, 79, 227



Protanomaly

55, 91, 234



Deuteranomaly

55, 93, 216



Tritanomaly

137, 100, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color

150, 79, 227



Achromatopsia

117, 117, 117



Achromatomaly

129, 103, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 150, 79, 227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 79, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 79, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 79, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 79, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 150, 79, 227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 79, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 79, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 79, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 79, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 79, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 79,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 150, 79, 227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 79, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 79,  
227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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