

Converting Colors

`RYB(151, 121, 213)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(151, 121, 213) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(151, 121, 213)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9779D5
RGB	151, 121, 213
RGB Percent	59%, 47%, 84%
CMY	0.4078, 0.5255, 0.1647
CMYK	0.29, 0.43, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	260°, 52%, 65%
HSV	260°, 43%, 84%
XYZ	31.6101, 25.0581, 66.1215
YIQ	140.4580, -11.6520, 34.9720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

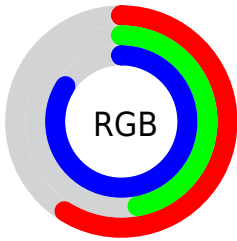
Format	Color
RYB	151, 121, 213
Decimal	9927125
CIELab	57.13, 31.19, -43.28
CIElCh	57, 53.346, 305.784
Yxy	25.0581, 0.2574, 0.2041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288117205 (0xFF9779D5)
YUV	140.4580, 35.7632, 9.2453
Hunter-Lab	50.0581, 25.1154, -43.2751

Details

The RYB color **151, 121, 213** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **121, 213, 151**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 174, 255**, and **97, 72, 158** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137, 100, 213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 142, 213**.

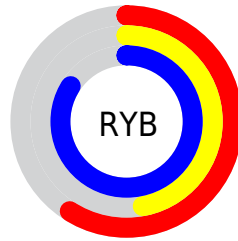
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (47%)

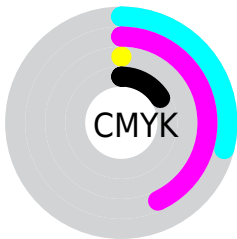
Blue (84%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (84%)

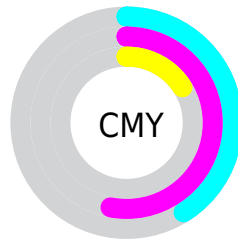


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (41%)


Magenta (53%)

Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 151, 121, 213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 151, 121, 213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 151, 121, 213

255, 255, 255

 207, 174, 255

 236, 201, 255

 255, 230, 255

 151, 121, 213

 124, 96, 185

 97, 72, 158

 71, 49, 131

 44, 26, 106

 13, 5, 81

 0, 0, 57

 0, 2, 35

 0, 0, 9

 0, 0, 0

■ 151, 121, 213

■ 151, 121, 213

■ 137, 100, 213

■ 165, 142, 213

■ 122, 78, 213

■ 180, 164, 213

■ 108, 57, 213

■ 194, 185, 213

■ 94, 36, 213

■ 208, 206, 213

■ 79, 14, 213

■ 213, 228, 218

■ 69, 0, 213

■ 213, 249, 225

■ 213, 255, 217

■ 213, 255, 213

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54, 111, 230



151, 121, 213



201, 102, 176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 121, 213



192, 192, 50



0, 84, 160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 121, 213



121, 213, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15, 105, 157



151, 121, 213



55, 154, 36

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 121, 213



217, 106, 85



57, 150, 102



0, 86, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 121, 213



218, 95, 146



57, 150, 102



0, 88, 159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 121, 213



233, 222, 255



121, 158, 213



114, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 121, 213



166, 122, 255



196, 121, 213



100, 96, 107



56, 0, 171



14, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213, 121, 183



255, 122, 212



121, 213, 196



107, 96, 104



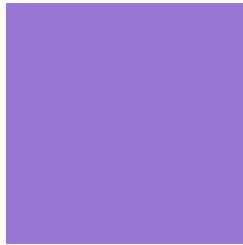
171, 0, 115



43, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 121, 213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

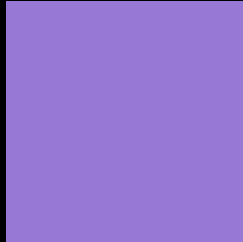
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 121, 213 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

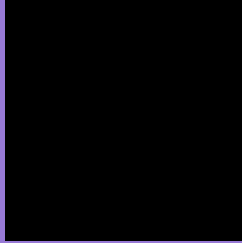
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 151, 121, 213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 121, 213.

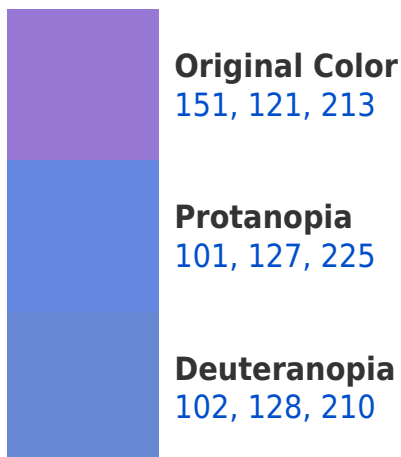



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 121, 213.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
138, 136, 146

Trichromacy



Original Color
151, 121, 213

Protanomaly
119, 128, 221

Deuteranomaly
120, 130, 211

Tritanomaly
143, 131, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color
151, 121, 213

Achromatopsia
140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly
144, 133, 167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 151, 121, 213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 121, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 121, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 121, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 121, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 151, 121, 213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 121, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 121, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 121, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 121, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 121, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 121,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 151, 121, 213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 121, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
121, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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