

Converting Colors

`RYB(151, 123, 150)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(151, 123, 150) contains.

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Color

R_YB(151, 123, 150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	977B96
RGB	151, 123, 150
RGB Percent	59%, 48%, 59%
CMY	0.4078, 0.5176, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.01, 0.41
HSL	302°, 12%, 54%
HSV	302°, 19%, 59%
XYZ	25.3505, 22.9472, 31.9473
YIQ	134.4500, 8.0210, 14.3330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

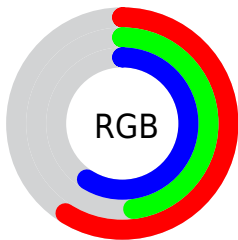
Format	Color
RYB	151, 123, 150
Decimal	9927574
CIELab	55.02, 15.74, -10.45
CIELCh	55, 18.893, 326.405
Yxy	22.9472, 0.3159, 0.2860
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288117654 (0xFF977B96)
YUV	134.4500, 7.6662, 14.5144
Hunter-Lab	47.9033, 10.6317, -6.0090

Details

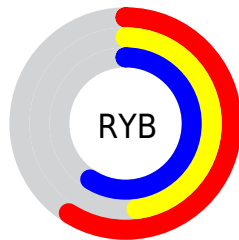
The RYB color **151, 123, 150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **123, 150, 151**, and the grayscale version is **134, 134, 134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205, 176, 204**, and **100, 74, 99** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151, 108, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 138, 151**.

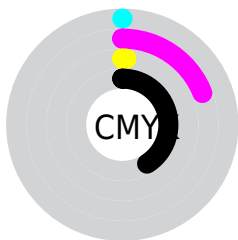
Distribution



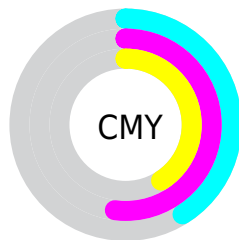
- Red (59%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (41%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 151, 123, 150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 151, 123, 150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 151, 123, 150

255, 255, 255

 205, 176, 204

 234, 203, 232

 255, 231, 255

 151, 123, 150

 125, 98, 124

 100, 74, 99


 76, 51, 75


 53, 30, 53


 32, 7, 31


 0, 0, 5

 0, 0, 0

 151, 123, 150

 151, 108, 149

 151, 123, 150

 151, 138, 151

151, 93, 149

151, 153, 153

151, 78, 148

151, 167, 168

151, 63, 148

151, 182, 183

151, 48, 147

151, 197, 199

151, 32, 147

151, 212, 214

151, 17, 146

151, 226, 229

151, 2, 146

151, 241, 244

151, 0, 146

151, 251, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 128, 161



151, 123, 150



163, 120, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 123, 150



123, 146, 99



85, 114, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 123, 150



123, 150, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93, 120, 141



151, 123, 150



102, 135, 108

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 123, 150



159, 137, 105



110, 136, 139



91, 119, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 123, 150



165, 120, 123



110, 136, 139



87, 114, 141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 123, 150



196, 185, 196



124, 123, 151



99, 92, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 123, 150



196, 153, 195



151, 123, 136



77, 69, 76



140, 0, 135



13, 0, 12

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 123, 150



196, 153, 195



123, 141, 151



77, 69, 76



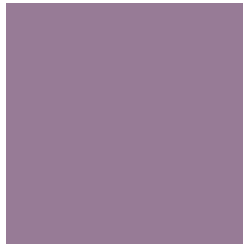
140, 0, 135



13, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 123, 150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

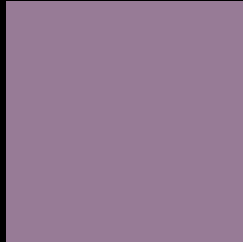
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 123, 150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

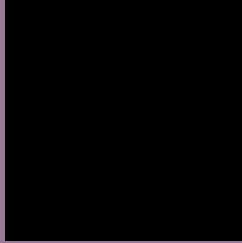
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 151, 123, 150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 123, 150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 123, 150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[151](#), [123](#), [150](#)

Protanopia
[127](#), [131](#), [155](#)

Deuteranopia
[137](#), [128](#), [149](#)



Tritanopia
149, 126, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color

151, 123, 150

Protanomaly

136, 128, 153

Deuteranomaly

142, 126, 149

Tritanomaly

150, 125, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color

151, 123, 150

Achromatopsia

134, 134, 134

Achromatomaly

140, 130, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 151, 123, 150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 123, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 123, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 123, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 123, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 151, 123, 150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 123, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 123, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 123, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 123, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 123, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 123,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 151, 123, 150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 123, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
123, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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