

Converting Colors

`RYB(151, 152, 152)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(151, 152, 152) contains.

RYB(151, 152, 152)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

R_YB(151, 152, 152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	979897
RGB	151, 152, 151
RGB Percent	59%, 60%, 59%
CMY	0.4078, 0.4039, 0.4078
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.40
HSL	120°, 0%, 59%
HSV	120°, 1%, 60%
XYZ	29.5766, 31.2701, 33.7550
YIQ	151.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

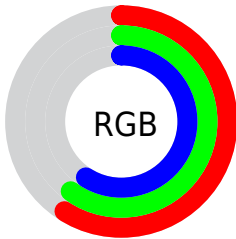
Format	Color
RYB	151, 152, 152
Decimal	9934999
CIELab	62.74, -0.55, 0.39
CIELCh	63, 0.676, 144.718
Yxy	31.2701, 0.3126, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288125079 (0xFF979897)
YUV	151.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	55.9197, -3.4486, 3.3543

Details

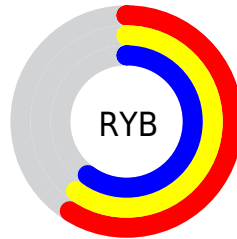
The RYB color **151, 152, 152** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **152, 151, 152**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205, 206, 206**, and **100, 101, 101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136, 152, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166, 152, 166**.

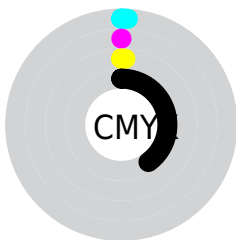
Distribution



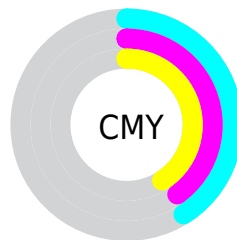
- Red (59%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 151, 152, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 151, 152, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 151, 152, 152

255, 255, 255

■ 205, 206, 206

■ 233, 234, 234

■ 151, 152, 152

■ 125, 126, 126

■ 100, 101, 101

■ 76, 77, 77

■ 54, 55, 55

■ 32, 33, 33

■ 9, 10, 10


■ 0, 0, 0


■ 151, 152, 152

■ 136, 152, 152

■ 151, 152, 152


■ 166, 152, 166


 121, 152, 152


 181, 152, 181

 105, 152, 152


 197, 152, 197


 90, 152, 152


 212, 152, 212

 75, 152, 152


 227, 152, 227


 60, 152, 152

 242, 152, 242

 45, 152, 152

 255, 152, 255

 29, 152, 152

 14, 152, 152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151, 152, 151



151, 152, 152



150, 151, 152

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 152, 152



151, 152, 153



153, 151, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 152, 152



152, 151, 152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153, 151, 152



151, 152, 153



152, 152, 153

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 152, 152



151, 152, 153



152, 151, 152



153, 151, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 152, 152



150, 151, 152



152, 151, 152



153, 151, 151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 152, 152



196, 196, 196



151, 152, 151



99, 99, 99



227, 227, 227

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 152, 152



194, 196, 196



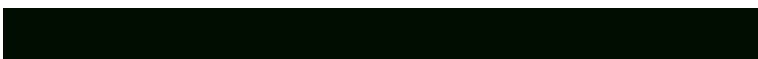
151, 152, 152



76, 77, 77



0, 140, 140



0, 13, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 151, 152



196, 194, 196



77, 76, 77



140, 0, 140



13, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 152, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 151, 152, 152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

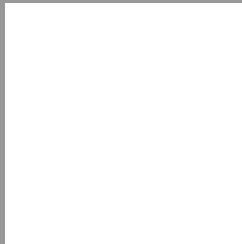
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 151, 152, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 152, 152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 152, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

151, 152, 152

Protanopia

155, 151, 150

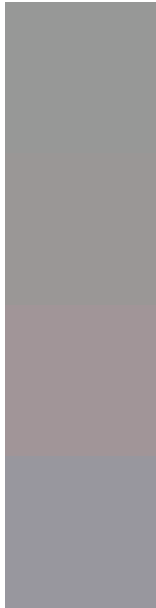
Deuteranopia

166, 147, 152



Tritanopia
153, 150, 162

Trichromacy



Original Color

151, 152, 152

Protanomaly

154, 151, 150

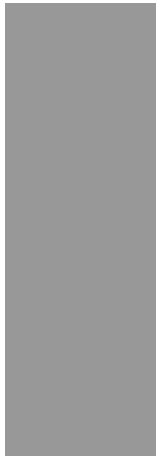
Deuteranomaly

161, 149, 152

Tritanomaly

152, 151, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color

151, 152, 152

Achromatopsia

152, 152, 152

Achromatomaly

152, 152, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 151, 152, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 152, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 152, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 152, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 152, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 151, 152, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 152, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 152, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 152, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 152, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 152, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 152,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 151, 152, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 152, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
152, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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