

Converting Colors

`RYB(151, 161, 206)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(151, 161, 206) contains.

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Color

R_YB(151, 161, 206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97A3CE
RGB	151, 163, 206
RGB Percent	59%, 64%, 81%
CMY	0.4078, 0.3599, 0.1922
CMYK	0.27, 0.21, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	227°, 36%, 70%
HSV	227°, 27%, 81%
XYZ	37.0398, 37.3089, 63.6417
YIQ	164.3140, -20.9550, 10.8290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

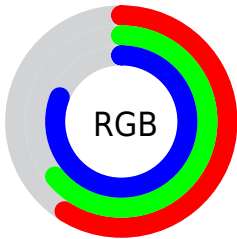
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 161, 206
Decimal	9937870
CIE _{Lab}	67.51, 5.26, -23.24
CIE _{LCh}	68, 23.830, 282.763
Yxy	37.3089, 0.2684, 0.2704
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288127950 (0xFF97A3CE)
YUV	164.3140, 20.5512, -11.6764
Hunter-Lab	61.0810, 1.3513, -19.0188

Details

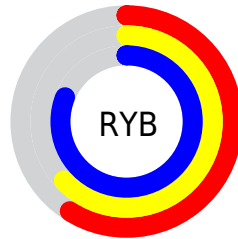
The RYB color **151, 161, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **166, 206, 151**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206, 216, 255**, and **99, 109, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130, 144, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 178, 206**.

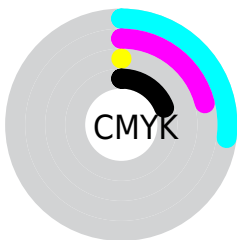
Distribution



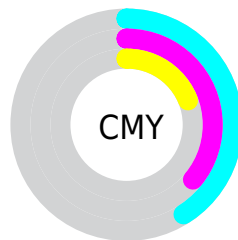
- Red (59%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 151, 161, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 151, 161, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 151, 161, 206

255, 255, 255

■ 206, 216, 255

■ 235, 242, 255

■ 151, 161, 206

■ 125, 135, 178

■ 99, 109, 152

■ 74, 84, 126

■ 49, 61, 100

■ 25, 38, 76

■ 0, 16, 53

■ 0, 2, 32

■ 0, 0, 4

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 151, 161, 206

■ 151, 161, 206

■ 130, 144, 206

■ 172, 178, 206

■ 110, 127, 206

■ 192, 194, 206

■ 89, 110, 206

■ 209, 213, 206

■ 69, 94, 206

■ 214, 233, 206

■ 48, 77, 206

■ 220, 254, 206

■ 27, 60, 206

■ 206, 255, 206

■ 7, 43, 206

■ 0, 38, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 152, 205



151, 161, 206



179, 156, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 161, 206



205, 157, 136



123, 158, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 161, 206



166, 206, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132, 172, 157



151, 161, 206



185, 191, 124

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 161, 206



208, 149, 156



128, 171, 122



105, 142, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 161, 206



194, 152, 184



128, 171, 122



130, 164, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 161, 206



235, 238, 255



151, 182, 206



115, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 161, 206



173, 188, 255



166, 151, 206



92, 94, 102



0, 30, 166



0, 7, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 151, 163



255, 173, 192



151, 206, 166



102, 92, 94



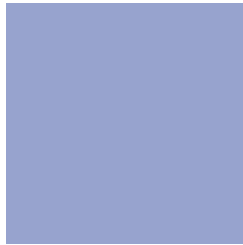
166, 0, 37



38, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 161, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

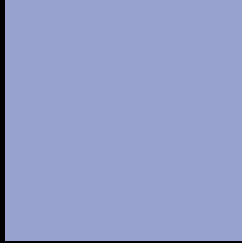
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 161, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

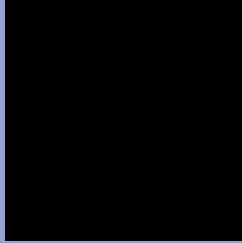
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 151, 161, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 161, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 161, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

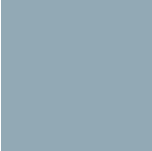
Dichromacy



Original Color
151, 161, 206

Protanopia
154, 161, 205

Deuteranopia
158, 161, 206



Tritanopia
146, 160, 181

Trichromacy



Original Color

151, 161, 206

Protanomaly

153, 161, 205

Deuteranomaly

155, 161, 206

Tritanomaly

148, 161, 190

Monochromacy



Original Color

151, 161, 206

Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164

Achromatomaly

159, 163, 179

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 151, 161, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 163, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 163, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 163, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 163, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 151, 161, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 163, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 163, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 163, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 163, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 163, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 163,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 151, 161, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 163, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
163, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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