

# Converting Colors

`RYB(151, 232, 200)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(151, 232, 200) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(151, 232, 200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7E897
RGB	183, 232, 151
RGB Percent	72%, 91%, 59%
CMY	0.2824, 0.0902, 0.4078
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.35, 0.09
HSL	96°, 64%, 75%
HSV	96°, 35%, 91%
XYZ	53.9710, 70.0149, 39.9478
YIQ	208.1150, -3.2030, -35.5790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

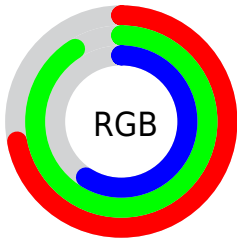
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	151, 232, 200
Decimal	12052631
CIELab	87.00, -29.94, 34.42
CIELCh	87, 45.618, 131.023
Yxy	70.0149, 0.3292, 0.4271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290242711 (0xFFB7E897)
YUV	208.1150, -28.1577, -22.0259
Hunter-Lab	83.6749, -31.2971, 30.2664

# Details

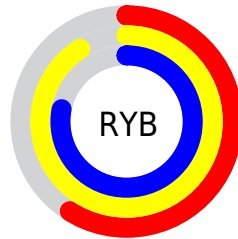
The RYB color **151, 232, 200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF99**. A complement of this color would be **200, 151, 232**, and the grayscale version is **208, 208, 208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206, 255, 221**, and **99, 176, 146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 232, 191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 232, 209**.

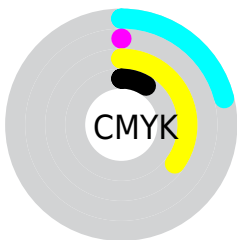
# Distribution



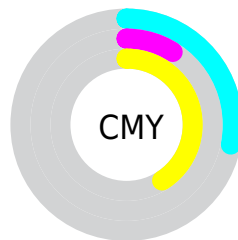
- Red (72%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 151, 232, 200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 151, 232, 200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 151, 232, 200


255, 255, 255


 206, 255, 221


 234, 255, 234

 151, 232, 200

 125, 204, 174

 99, 176, 146


 74, 149, 121

 50, 123, 96

 26, 98, 73

 1, 74, 50

 0, 51, 51

 0, 32, 32

 0, 0, 0

 151, 232, 200

 151, 232, 200


 128, 232, 191

 174, 232, 209

 105, 232, 182

 197, 232, 218

 81, 232, 172

 221, 232, 228

 58, 232, 163

 239, 232, 244

 35, 232, 154

 253, 232, 255

 12, 232, 145

 255, 232, 255

 0, 232, 140

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144, 231, 132



151, 232, 200



129, 201, 239

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 232, 200



105, 173, 255



255, 184, 203

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 232, 200



200, 151, 232

# Split Complementary

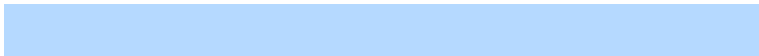
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 188, 247



151, 232, 200



181, 205, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 232, 200



26, 136, 255



243, 201, 255



255, 205, 163

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 232, 200



87, 170, 241



243, 201, 255



255, 184, 218



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 232, 200



230, 255, 245



204, 232, 151



112, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

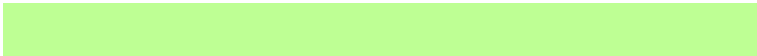


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 232, 200



148, 255, 213



151, 225, 232



103, 115, 110



0, 179, 108



0, 51, 31



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



200, 151, 232



213, 148, 255



232, 151, 224



110, 103, 115



108, 0, 179



31, 0, 51



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 232, 200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

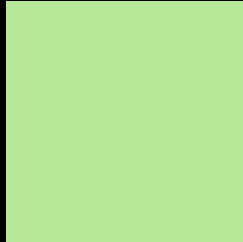
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 232, 200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 151, 232, 200 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 232, 200.

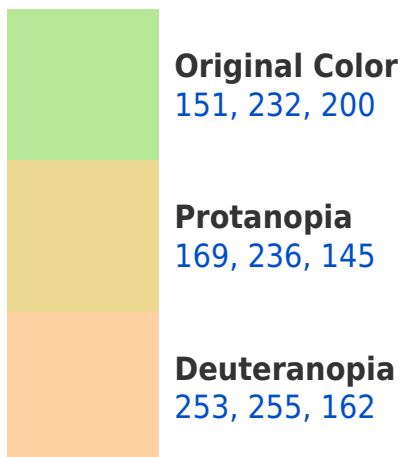


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 232, 200.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





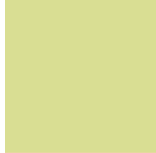
**Tritanopia**  
196, 212, 239

# Trichromacy



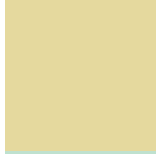
**Original Color**

151, 232, 200



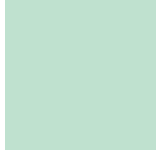
**Protanomaly**

147, 222, 152



**Deuteranomaly**

172, 229, 158



**Tritanomaly**

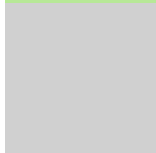
191, 214, 225

# Monochromacy



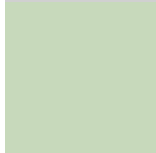
**Original Color**

151, 232, 200



**Achromatopsia**

208, 208, 208



**Achromatomaly**

187, 217, 205

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 151, 232, 200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 232, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 232, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 232, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 232, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 151, 232, 200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 232, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 232, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 232, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 232, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 232, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 232,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 151, 232, 200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 232, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
232, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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