

Converting Colors

`RYB(151, 97, 105)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(151, 97, 105) contains.

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Color

R_YB(151, 97, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	976169
RGB	151, 97, 105
RGB Percent	59%, 38%, 41%
CMY	0.4078, 0.6196, 0.5882
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.30, 0.41
HSL	351°, 22%, 49%
HSV	351°, 36%, 59%
XYZ	19.5870, 16.1486, 15.4492
YIQ	114.0580, 29.6160, 13.9360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

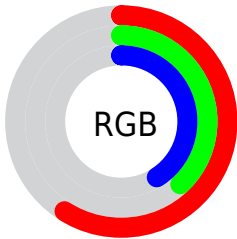
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 97, 105
Decimal	9920873
CIE _{Lab}	47.17, 23.05, 4.60
CIE _{LCh}	47, 23.508, 11.277
Yxy	16.1486, 0.3827, 0.3155
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288110953 (0xFF976169)
YUV	114.0580, -4.4656, 32.3981
Hunter-Lab	40.1853, 16.6795, 5.3357

Details

The RYB color **151, 97, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **97, 126, 151**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 148, 156**, and **98, 49, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151, 82, 92**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 112, 118**.

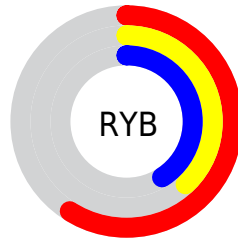
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (38%)

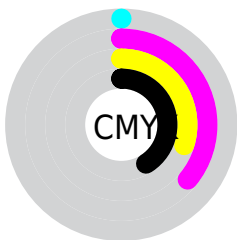
Blue (41%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (41%)

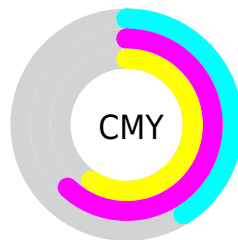


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 151, 97, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 151, 97, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 151, 97, 105  151, 97, 105

255, 255, 255  124, 73, 81

 207, 148, 156  98, 49, 58

 235, 175, 183  73, 27, 37

 255, 203, 211  49, 5, 15

 255, 231, 239  23, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 151, 97, 105  151, 97, 105

 151, 82, 92  151, 112, 118

 151, 67, 79  151, 127, 131

■ 151, 52, 66

■ 151, 142, 144

■ 151, 37, 54

■ 151, 154, 157

■ 151, 21, 41

■ 151, 162, 172

■ 151, 6, 28

■ 151, 171, 188

■ 151, 0, 22

■ 151, 179, 203

■ 151, 187, 218

■ 151, 195, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143, 99, 125



151, 97, 105



148, 104, 87

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 97, 105



82, 118, 104



67, 98, 149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 97, 105



97, 126, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46, 87, 137



151, 97, 105



73, 105, 122

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 97, 105



79, 118, 73



52, 89, 123



97, 108, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 97, 105



141, 122, 78



52, 89, 123



58, 94, 146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 97, 105



196, 175, 178



143, 97, 151



99, 87, 88



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 97, 105



196, 112, 124



151, 126, 97



77, 69, 70



140, 0, 21



13, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 97, 105



196, 112, 124



97, 118, 151



77, 69, 70



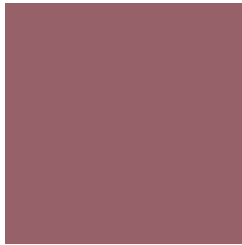
140, 0, 21



13, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 97, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 151, 97, 105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

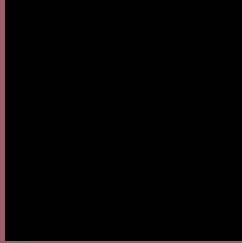
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 151, 97, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 97, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 151, 97, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

151, 97, 105

Protanopia

114, 112, 113

Deuteranopia

126, 109, 103



Tritanopia
151, 97, 104

Trichromacy



Original Color

151, 97, 105

Protanomaly

127, 107, 110

Deuteranomaly

135, 104, 104

Tritanomaly

151, 97, 104

Monochromacy



Original Color

151, 97, 105

Achromatopsia

114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly

127, 108, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 151, 97, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 97, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 97, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 97, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 97, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 151, 97, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

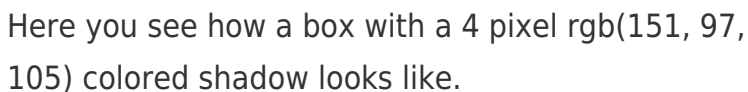
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 97, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 97, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 97, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 97, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 97, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 97,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 151, 97, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 97, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 97,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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