

Converting Colors

`RYB(152, 160, 187)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(152, 160, 187) contains.

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Color

R_YB(152, 160, 187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98A2BB
RGB	152, 162, 187
RGB Percent	60%, 64%, 73%
CMY	0.4039, 0.3633, 0.2667
CMYK	0.19, 0.13, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	222°, 20%, 66%
HSV	222°, 19%, 73%
XYZ	34.9042, 36.2346, 52.1680
YIQ	161.8600, -13.9850, 5.6550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

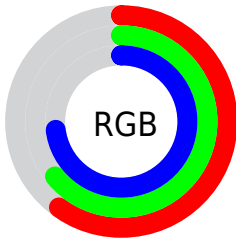
Format	Color
RYB	152, 160, 187
Decimal	10003131
CIELab	66.70, 1.59, -13.91
CIElCh	67, 14.006, 276.538
Yxy	36.2346, 0.2831, 0.2939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288193211 (0xFF98A2BB)
YUV	161.8600, 12.3940, -8.6472
Hunter-Lab	60.1952, -1.8383, -9.2469

Details

The RYB color **152, 160, 187** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **166, 187, 152**, and the grayscale version is **162, 162, 162**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 215, 243**, and **101, 108, 134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133, 145, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 175, 187**.

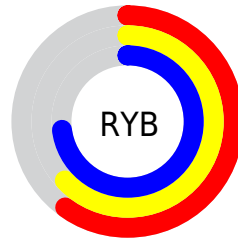
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (64%)

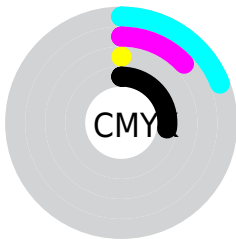
Blue (73%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (73%)

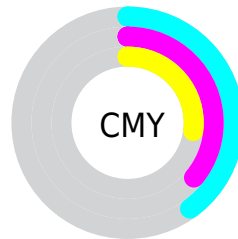


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 152, 160, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 152, 160, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 152, 160, 187

255, 255, 255

■ 207, 215, 243

■ 235, 242, 255

■ 152, 160, 187

■ 126, 134, 160

■ 101, 109, 134

■ 76, 84, 108

■ 53, 61, 84

■ 31, 39, 61

■ 8, 17, 39

■ 0, 1, 18

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 152, 160, 187

■ 152, 160, 187

■ 133, 145, 187

■ 171, 175, 187

■ 115, 131, 187

■ 187, 189, 187

■ 96, 117, 187

■ 195, 208, 187

■ 77, 102, 187

■ 204, 227, 187

■ 59, 88, 187

■ 213, 246, 187

■ 40, 73, 187

■ 205, 255, 187

■ 21, 59, 187

■ 188, 255, 187

■ 2, 44, 187

■ 187, 255, 187

■ 0, 43, 187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138, 156, 185



152, 160, 187



168, 158, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 160, 187



188, 156, 148



141, 161, 169

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 160, 187



166, 187, 152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 166, 153



152, 160, 187



181, 172, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 160, 187



188, 154, 160



148, 170, 137



132, 152, 170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 160, 187



177, 156, 176



148, 170, 137



146, 166, 168

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 160, 187



228, 231, 242



152, 172, 187



114, 116, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 160, 187



189, 201, 242



159, 152, 187



85, 87, 94



0, 36, 158



0, 7, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 152, 162



242, 189, 205



152, 187, 159



94, 85, 88



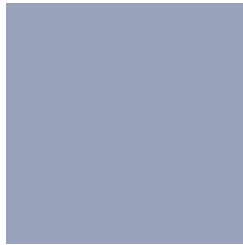
158, 0, 47



31, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 152, 160, 187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 152, 160, 187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

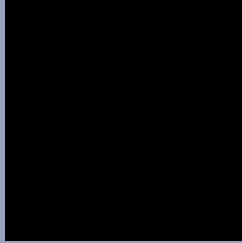
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 152, 160, 187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 152, 160, 187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 152, 160, 187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

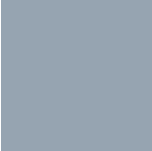
152, 160, 187

Protanopia

158, 161, 186

Deuteranopia

165, 158, 188



Tritanopia
150, 159, 177

Trichromacy



Original Color

152, 160, 187

Protanomaly

156, 160, 186

Deuteranomaly

160, 160, 188

Tritanomaly

151, 160, 181

Monochromacy



Original Color

152, 160, 187

Achromatopsia

162, 162, 162

Achromatomaly

158, 161, 171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 162, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(152, 162, 187) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 162, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 162, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 162, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 152, 160, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 162, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 162, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 162, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 162, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 162, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 162,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 152, 160, 187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 162, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
162, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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