

Converting Colors

`RYB(152, 61, 130)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(152, 61, 130) contains.

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Color

R_YB(152, 61, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	983D82
RGB	152, 61, 130
RGB Percent	60%, 24%, 51%
CMY	0.4039, 0.7608, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.14, 0.40
HSL	315°, 43%, 42%
HSV	315°, 60%, 60%
XYZ	18.6469, 11.6246, 22.3801
YIQ	96.0750, 32.0870, 40.7510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

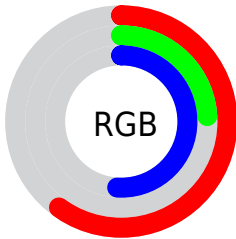
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 61, 130
Decimal	9977218
CIE _{Lab}	40.61, 46.51, -20.42
CIE _{LCh}	41, 50.795, 336.293
Yxy	11.6246, 0.3542, 0.2208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288167298 (0xFF983D82)
YUV	96.0750, 16.7250, 49.0462
Hunter-Lab	34.0949, 37.9579, -15.0519

Details

The RYB color **152, 61, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **61, 134, 152**, and the grayscale version is **96, 96, 96**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208, 113, 183**, and **98, 0, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152, 46, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152, 76, 134**.

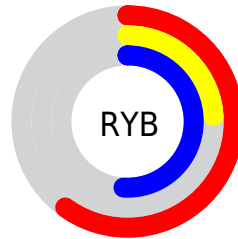
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (24%)

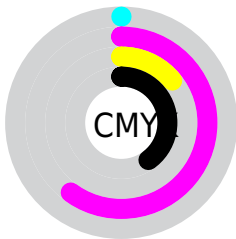
Blue (51%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (51%)

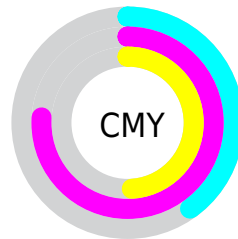


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)


Magenta (76%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 152, 61, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 152, 61, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 152, 61, 130

 152, 61, 130

255, 255, 255

 125, 34, 105

 208, 113, 183

 98, 0, 80


 238, 140, 211

 72, 0, 57

 255, 168, 239

 50, 0, 36

 255, 196, 255

 11, 0, 11

 255, 224, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 253, 255

 152, 61, 130

 152, 61, 130


 152, 46, 126

 152, 76, 134


 152, 31, 123


 152, 91, 137

 152, 15, 119


 152, 107, 141

 152, 0, 115

 152, 122, 145

 152, 137, 148

 152, 152, 152

 152, 164, 167

 152, 177, 183

 152, 189, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107, 81, 163



152, 61, 130



169, 52, 89

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 61, 130



11, 107, 0



0, 64, 144

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 61, 130



61, 134, 152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 60, 115



152, 61, 130



19, 107, 63

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 61, 130



122, 141, 11



0, 74, 113



0, 67, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 61, 130



168, 57, 62



0, 74, 113



0, 61, 132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 61, 130



196, 161, 188



82, 61, 152



99, 78, 94



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 61, 130



196, 55, 162



152, 61, 85



77, 69, 75



140, 0, 106



13, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 61, 130



196, 55, 162



61, 113, 152



77, 69, 75



140, 0, 106



13, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 152, 61, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

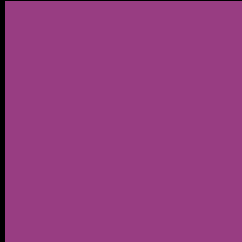
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 152, 61, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

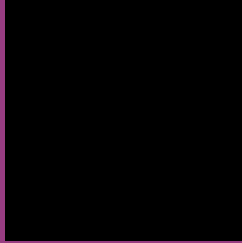
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 152, 61, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 152, 61, 130.

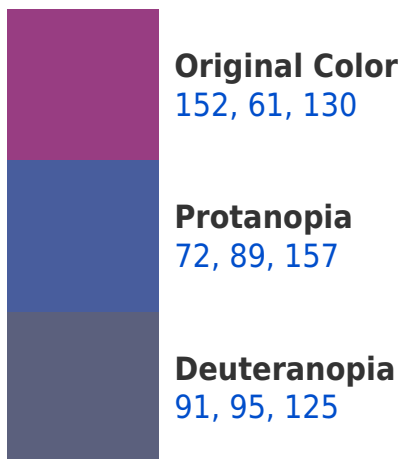


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 152, 61, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
147, 74, 79

Trichromacy



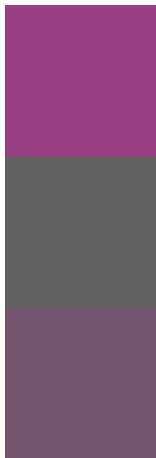
Original Color
152, 61, 130

Protanomaly
101, 82, 147

Deuteranomaly
113, 83, 127

Tritanomaly
149, 69, 98

Monochromacy



Original Color
152, 61, 130

Achromatopsia
96, 96, 96

Achromatomaly
116, 83, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 152, 61, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 61, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 61, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 61, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 61, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 152, 61, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 61, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 61, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 61, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 61, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 61, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 61,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 61, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 61, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 61,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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