

Converting Colors

`RYB(153, 188, 231)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(153, 188, 231) contains.

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Color

R_YB(153, 188, 231)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99D8E7
RGB	153, 216, 231
RGB Percent	60%, 85%, 91%
CMY	0.4000, 0.1510, 0.0941
CMYK	0.34, 0.06, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	191°, 62%, 75%
HSV	191°, 34%, 91%
XYZ	52.2419, 61.9042, 84.7966
YIQ	198.8730, -42.3630, -8.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

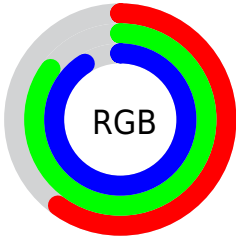
Format	Color
R _Y B	153, 188, 231
Decimal	10082535
CIE Lab	82.86, -16.56, -13.56
CIE LCh	83, 21.400, 219.303
Yxy	61.9042, 0.2626, 0.3112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288272615 (0xFF99D8E7)
YUV	198.8730, 15.8386, -40.2306
Hunter-Lab	78.6792, -19.1672, -8.8244

Details

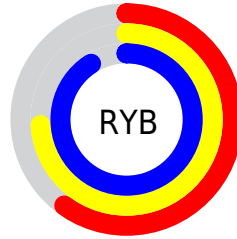
The RYB color **153, 188, 231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **231, 172, 153**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 232, 255**, and **98, 133, 175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130, 175, 231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 201, 231**.

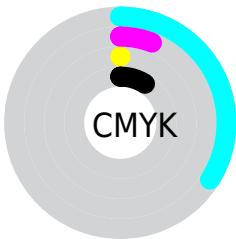
Distribution



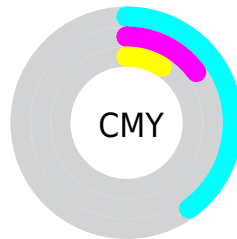
- Red (60%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 153, 188, 231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 153, 188, 231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 153, 188, 231

255, 255, 255

■ 210, 233, 255

■ 239, 247, 255

■ 153, 188, 231

■ 126, 161, 203

■ 98, 133, 175

■ 71, 106, 149

■ 43, 79, 123

■ 6, 49, 98

■ 0, 34, 74


■ 0, 23, 52

■ 0, 12, 31

■ 0, 0, 3

 153, 188, 231


 153, 188, 231

 130, 175, 231


 176, 201, 231

 107, 163, 231


 199, 213, 231

 84, 150, 231


 222, 226, 231

 61, 137, 231


 245, 235, 231

 38, 125, 231

 255, 241, 231


 14, 111, 231

 255, 251, 231

 0, 104, 231

 243, 255, 231

 236, 255, 231

 231, 255, 231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 188, 218



153, 188, 231



167, 195, 243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153, 188, 231



238, 194, 221



177, 215, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153, 188, 231



231, 172, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235, 227, 169



153, 188, 231



248, 192, 201

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153, 188, 231



218, 199, 237



246, 198, 182



175, 213, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153, 188, 231



183, 201, 246



246, 198, 182



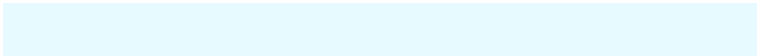
190, 222, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153, 188, 231



230, 241, 255



153, 219, 231



112, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



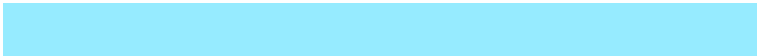
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153, 188, 231



150, 197, 255



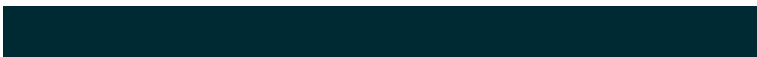
153, 172, 231



103, 108, 115



0, 80, 179



0, 23, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 153, 216



255, 150, 236



190, 231, 153



115, 103, 113



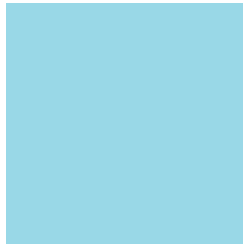
179, 0, 145



51, 0, 42

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 153, 188, 231 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

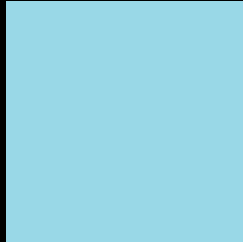
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 153, 188, 231 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

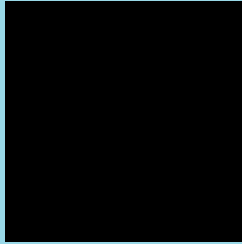
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 153, 188, 231 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 153, 188, 231.

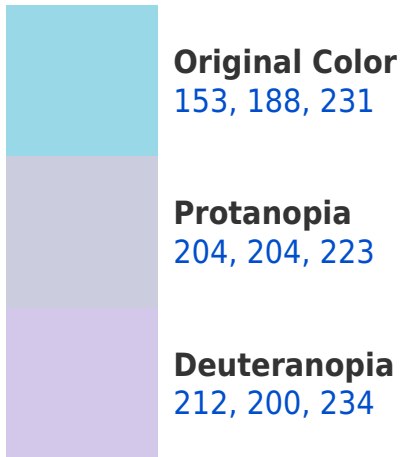



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 153, 188, 231.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

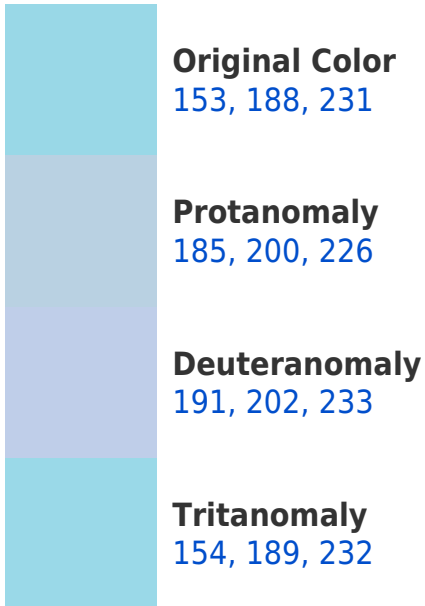
Dichromacy



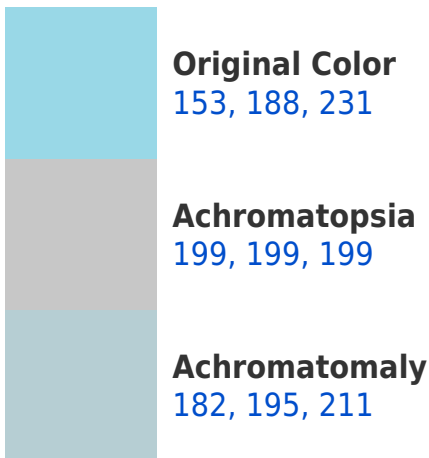


Tritanopia
154, 189, 233

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 153, 188, 231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 216, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 216, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 216, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 216, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 153, 188, 231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 216, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 216, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 216, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 216, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 216, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 216,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 153, 188, 231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 216, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
216, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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