

# Converting Colors

`RYB(153, 197, 240)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(153, 197, 240) contains.

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# Color

**`RYB(153, 197, 240)`**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99F0EE
RGB	153, 240, 238
RGB Percent	60%, 94%, 93%
CMY	0.4000, 0.0588, 0.0666
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.01, 0.06
HSL	179°, 74%, 77%
HSV	179°, 36%, 94%
XYZ	59.7329, 75.2669, 92.2861
YIQ	213.7590, -51.2100, -19.0660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

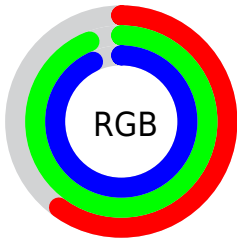
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	153, 197, 240
Decimal	10088686
CIE Lab	89.52, -26.54, -7.35
CIE LCh	90, 27.536, 195.472
Yxy	75.2669, 0.2628, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288278766 (0xFF99F0EE)
YUV	213.7590, 11.9508, -53.2856
Hunter-Lab	86.7565, -28.9244, -2.3395

# Details

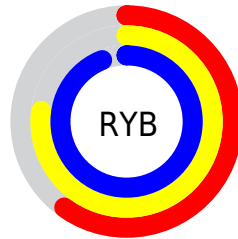
The RYB color **153, 197, 240** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **240, 153, 155**, and the grayscale version is **214, 214, 214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211, 233, 255**, and **97, 141, 184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **129, 185, 240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 209, 240**.

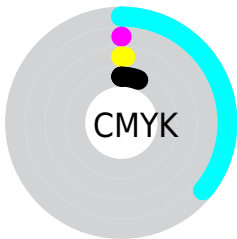
# Distribution



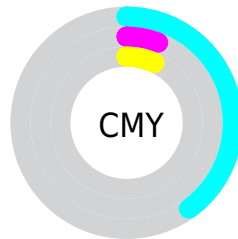
- Red (60%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 153, 197, 240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 153, 197, 240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 153, 197, 240

 153, 197, 240


255, 255, 255

 125, 169, 212

 211, 233, 255

 97, 141, 184

 240, 248, 255

 68, 113, 157

 36, 83, 130

 0, 53, 105

 0, 40, 80


 0, 29, 57

 0, 18, 36


 0, 1, 15

 153, 197, 240


 153, 197, 240

 129, 185, 240


 177, 209, 240

 105, 173, 240


 201, 221, 240

 81, 162, 240

 225, 233, 240

 57, 150, 240

 249, 240, 240

 33, 138, 240

 255, 240, 241

 9, 126, 240

 255, 240, 242

 0, 121, 240

 255, 240, 243

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 214, 239



153, 197, 240



154, 200, 255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153, 197, 240



246, 214, 255



240, 255, 175

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153, 197, 240



240, 153, 155

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 222, 189



153, 197, 240



255, 208, 239

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153, 197, 240



212, 221, 255



255, 206, 212



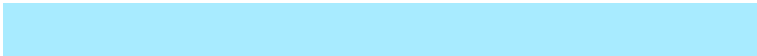
177, 231, 174

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153, 197, 240



168, 206, 255



255, 206, 212



255, 253, 178

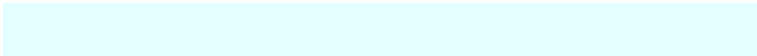


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153, 197, 240



227, 241, 255



153, 240, 237



111, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153, 197, 240



143, 200, 255



153, 183, 240



108, 114, 120



0, 93, 184



0, 28, 56



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



240, 153, 155



255, 143, 145



240, 231, 153



120, 108, 108



184, 0, 4

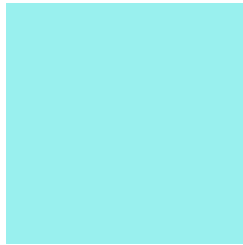


56, 0, 1



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 153, 197, 240 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

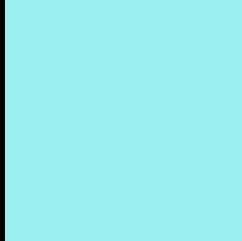
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 153, 197, 240 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 153, 197, 240 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 153, 197, 240.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 153, 197, 240.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





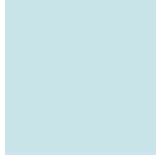
**Tritanopia**  
161, 203, 255

# Trichromacy



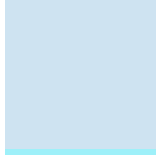
**Original Color**

153, 197, 240



**Protanomaly**

200, 215, 232



**Deuteranomaly**

206, 219, 241



**Tritanomaly**

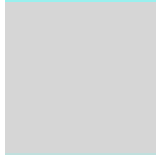
158, 201, 249

# Monochromacy



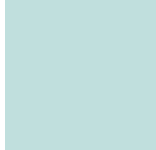
**Original Color**

153, 197, 240



**Achromatopsia**

214, 214, 214



**Achromatomaly**

192, 208, 223

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 153, 197, 240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 240, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 240, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 240, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 240, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 153, 197, 240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 240, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 240, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 240, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 240, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 240, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 240,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 153, 197, 240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 240, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
240, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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