

Converting Colors

`RYB(153, 46, 68)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(153, 46, 68) contains.

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Color

R_YB(153, 46, 68)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	992E44
RGB	153, 46, 68
RGB Percent	60%, 18%, 27%
CMY	0.4000, 0.8196, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.56, 0.40
HSL	348°, 54%, 39%
HSV	348°, 70%, 60%
XYZ	15.1573, 9.1436, 6.4349
YIQ	80.5010, 56.7100, 29.5260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

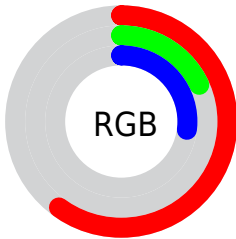
Format	Color
RYB	153, 46, 68
Decimal	10038852
CIELab	36.26, 45.89, 12.20
CIElCh	36, 47.480, 14.888
Yxy	9.1436, 0.4931, 0.2975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288228932 (0xFF992E44)
YUV	80.5010, -6.1630, 63.5816
Hunter-Lab	30.2385, 36.5571, 8.5498

Details

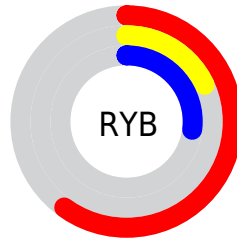
The RYB color **153, 46, 68** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **46, 106, 153**, and the grayscale version is **81, 81, 81**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 99, 116**, and **96, 0, 26** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 31, 56**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 61, 80**.

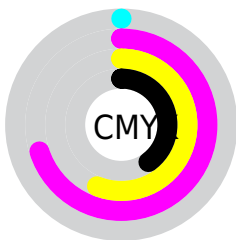
Distribution



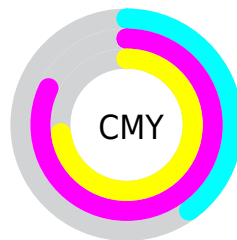
- Red (60%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 153, 46, 68 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 153, 46, 68 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 153, 46, 68

 153, 46, 68

255, 255, 255

 124, 15, 46

 212, 99, 116

 96, 0, 26

 242, 126, 141

 69, 0, 0

 255, 153, 168

 42, 0, 1

 255, 181, 195

 0, 0, 0

 255, 209, 223

 255, 238, 251

 153, 46, 68

 153, 46, 68


 153, 31, 56

 153, 61, 80


 153, 15, 44

 153, 77, 92

 153, 0, 32

 153, 92, 104

 153, 0, 31

 153, 107, 117

 153, 123, 129

 153, 138, 141

 153, 153, 153

 153, 161, 168

 153, 170, 184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144, 49, 106



153, 46, 68



143, 69, 32

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153, 46, 68



26, 97, 83



0, 59, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153, 46, 68



46, 106, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 58, 138



153, 46, 68



0, 63, 102

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153, 46, 68



0, 89, 4



0, 52, 104



37, 70, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153, 46, 68



118, 128, 9



0, 52, 104



0, 60, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153, 46, 68



199, 157, 166



130, 46, 153



99, 75, 80



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153, 46, 68



199, 32, 66



153, 88, 46



77, 69, 70



140, 0, 29



13, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 46, 68



199, 32, 66



46, 91, 153



77, 69, 70



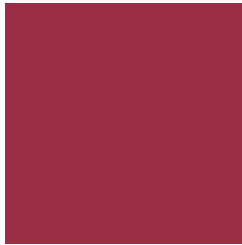
140, 0, 29



13, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 153, 46, 68 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

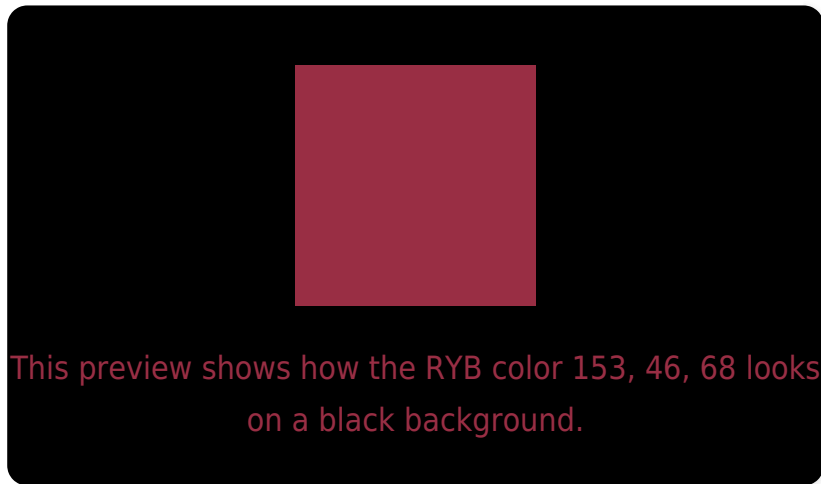
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 153, 46, 68 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 153, 46, 68.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 153, 46, 68.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
153, 46, 68

Protanopia
87, 86, 88

Deuteranopia
100, 102, 63



Tritanopia
152, 49, 52

Trichromacy



Original Color
153, 46, 68

Protanomaly
111, 71, 81

Deuteranomaly
121, 70, 65

Tritanomaly
152, 48, 58

Monochromacy



Original Color
153, 46, 68

Achromatopsia
81, 81, 81

Achromatomaly
107, 68, 76

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 153, 46, 68 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 46, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 46, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 46, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 46, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 153, 46, 68 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 46, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 46, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 46, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 46, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 46, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 46,  
68) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 153, 46, 68 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 46, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 46,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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