

Converting Colors

`RYB(153, 61, 139)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(153, 61, 139) contains.

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Color

`RYB(153, 61, 139)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	993D8B
RGB	153, 61, 139
RGB Percent	60%, 24%, 55%
CMY	0.4000, 0.7608, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.09, 0.40
HSL	309°, 43%, 42%
HSV	309°, 60%, 60%
XYZ	19.4658, 11.9739, 25.7113
YIQ	97.4000, 29.7940, 43.7620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

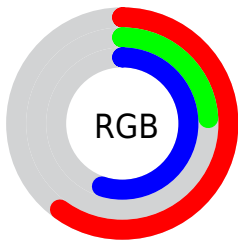
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 61, 139
Decimal	10042763
CIE _{Lab}	41.17, 48.28, -25.04
CIE _{LCh}	41, 54.389, 332.586
Yxy	11.9739, 0.3406, 0.2095
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288232843 (0xFF993D8B)
YUV	97.4000, 20.5088, 48.7612
Hunter-Lab	34.6033, 39.8581, -19.8320

Details

The RYB color **153, 61, 139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **61, 141, 153**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 114, 193**, and **99, 0, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 46, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 76, 141**.

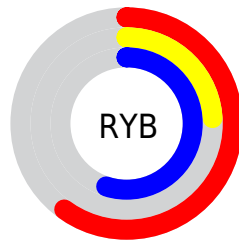
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (24%)

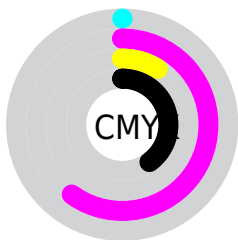
Blue (55%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (55%)

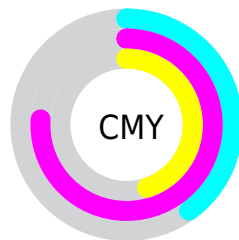


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)


Magenta (76%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 153, 61, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 153, 61, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 153, 61, 139

 153, 61, 139

255, 255, 255

 126, 33, 113

 210, 114, 193

 99, 0, 89


 239, 141, 221

 73, 0, 65

 255, 168, 249

 50, 0, 43

 255, 196, 255

 15, 0, 21

 255, 225, 255

 0, 0, 0

255, 254, 255

 153, 61, 139

 153, 61, 139

 153, 46, 137

 153, 76, 141

153, 30, 134

153, 92, 144

153, 15, 132

153, 107, 146

153, 0, 130

153, 122, 148

153, 138, 151

153, 153, 153

153, 166, 168

153, 179, 183

153, 193, 199

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100, 83, 173



153, 61, 139



175, 48, 95

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153, 61, 139



21, 114, 0



0, 65, 144

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153, 61, 139



61, 141, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 63, 117



153, 61, 139



3, 108, 43

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153, 61, 139



147, 149, 8



0, 78, 114



0, 68, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153, 61, 139



175, 52, 66



0, 78, 114



0, 62, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153, 61, 139



199, 163, 193



75, 61, 153



99, 78, 96



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153, 61, 139



199, 56, 177



153, 61, 93



77, 69, 75



140, 0, 119



13, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 61, 139



199, 56, 177



61, 117, 153



77, 69, 75



140, 0, 119



13, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 153, 61, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 153, 61, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

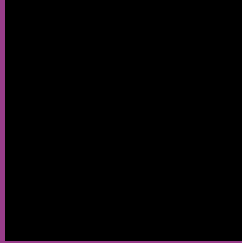
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 153, 61, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 153, 61, 139.

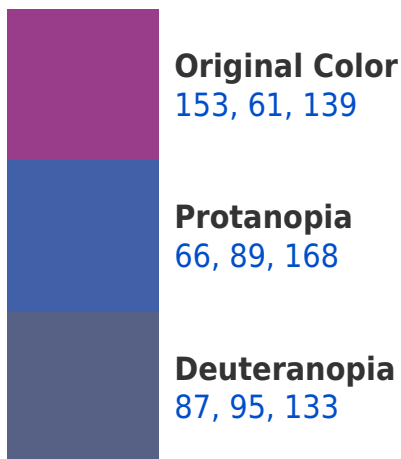


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 153, 61, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
147, 76, 82

Trichromacy



Original Color
153, 61, 139

Protanomaly
98, 83, 157

Deuteranomaly
111, 83, 135

Tritanomaly
149, 71, 103

Monochromacy



Original Color
153, 61, 139

Achromatopsia
97, 97, 97

Achromatomaly
117, 84, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 153, 61, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 61, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 61, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 61, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 61, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 153, 61, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 61, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 61, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 61, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 61, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 61, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 61,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 153, 61, 139 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 61, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 61,  
139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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