

# Converting Colors

`RYB(154, 133, 164)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(154, 133, 164) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(154, 133, 164)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A85A4
RGB	154, 133, 164
RGB Percent	60%, 52%, 64%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4784, 0.3569
CMYK	0.06, 0.19, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	281°, 15%, 58%
HSV	281°, 19%, 64%
XYZ	28.4148, 26.3254, 38.7057
YIQ	142.8130, 2.5650, 14.0930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

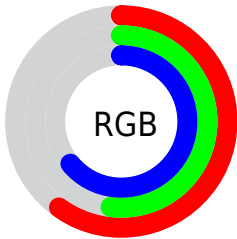
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	154, 133, 164
Decimal	10126756
CIELab	58.34, 13.88, -13.50
CIELCh	58, 19.358, 315.793
Yxy	26.3254, 0.3041, 0.2817
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288316836 (0xFF9A85A4)
YUV	142.8130, 10.4452, 9.8110
Hunter-Lab	51.3083, 9.0647, -8.8110

# Details

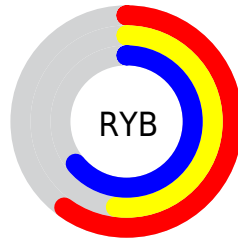
The RYB color **154, 133, 164** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **133, 164, 154**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 186, 219**, and **103, 83, 112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149, 117, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 149, 164**.

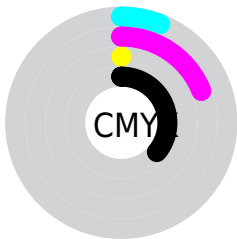
# Distribution



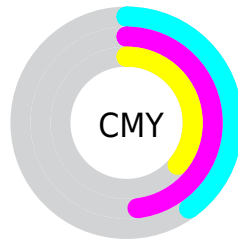
- Red (60%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 154, 133, 164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 154, 133, 164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 154, 133, 164

255, 255, 255

 209, 186, 219

 237, 214, 248


 255, 242, 255

 154, 133, 164

 128, 108, 138

 103, 83, 112


 78, 60, 88

 55, 38, 64


 33, 18, 42

 5, 0, 22

 0, 0, 0

 154, 133, 164

 149, 117, 164

 154, 133, 164

 159, 149, 164

■ 143, 100, 164

■ 164, 166, 165

■ 138, 84, 164

■ 164, 182, 176

■ 133, 67, 164

■ 164, 199, 188

■ 128, 51, 164

■ 164, 215, 199

■ 122, 35, 164

■ 164, 231, 209

■ 117, 18, 164

■ 164, 248, 221

■ 112, 2, 164

■ 164, 255, 223

■ 111, 0, 164

■ 164, 255, 217

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 138, 173



154, 133, 164



169, 129, 149

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 133, 164



153, 160, 108



94, 122, 150

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 133, 164



133, 164, 154

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 133, 149



154, 133, 164



110, 144, 108

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 133, 164



172, 136, 117



116, 147, 139



95, 125, 164

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 133, 164



174, 128, 138



116, 147, 139



97, 125, 150



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 133, 164



210, 201, 214



133, 141, 164



105, 100, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 133, 164



198, 165, 214



164, 133, 159



79, 73, 82



98, 0, 145



12, 0, 18



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



164, 133, 143



214, 165, 181



133, 160, 164



82, 73, 76



145, 0, 47



18, 0, 6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 154, 133, 164 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

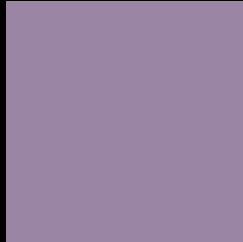
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 154, 133, 164 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

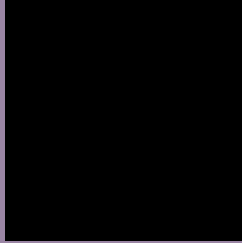
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 154, 133, 164 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 154, 133, 164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 154, 133, 164.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
154, 133, 164

**Protanopia**  
134, 138, 168

**Deuteranopia**  
143, 137, 163



**Tritanopia**  
151, 136, 147

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

154, 133, 164

**Protanomaly**

141, 137, 167

**Deuteranomaly**

147, 136, 163

**Tritanomaly**

152, 135, 153

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

154, 133, 164

**Achromatopsia**

143, 143, 143

**Achromatomaly**

147, 139, 151

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 154, 133, 164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(154, 133, 164) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 133, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 133, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 133, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 154, 133, 164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 133, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 133, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 133, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 133, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 133, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 133,  
164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 154, 133, 164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 133, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
133, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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