

Converting Colors

`RYB(154, 158, 132)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(154, 158, 132) contains.

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Color

R_YB(154, 158, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E9284
RGB	158, 146, 132
RGB Percent	62%, 57%, 52%
CMY	0.3804, 0.4271, 0.4824
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.16, 0.38
HSL	33°, 12%, 57%
HSV	33°, 16%, 62%
XYZ	28.5571, 29.5185, 26.0223
YIQ	147.9920, 11.6460, -1.8100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

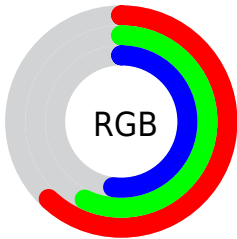
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 158, 132
Decimal	10392196
CIE _{Lab}	61.24, 1.97, 9.05
CIE _{LCh}	61, 9.263, 77.729
Yxy	29.5185, 0.3396, 0.3510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288582276 (0xFF9E9284)
YUV	147.9920, -7.8841, 8.7770
Hunter-Lab	54.3309, -1.2569, 9.6342

Details

The RYB color **154, 158, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **132, 140, 158**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 213, 185**, and **101, 106, 83** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151, 158, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 158, 148**.

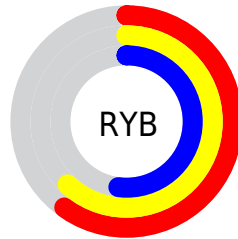
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (57%)

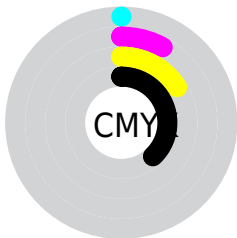
Blue (52%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (52%)

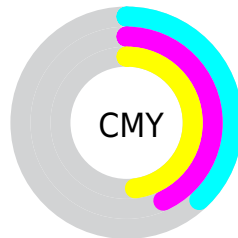


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 154, 158, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 154, 158, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 154, 158, 132


255, 255, 255


 209, 213, 185

 237, 241, 213


 241, 255, 241

 154, 158, 132

 130, 132, 107

 101, 106, 83

 78, 82, 60


 54, 59, 38


 30, 37, 17

 12, 4, 0

 0, 0, 0

 154, 158, 132

 151, 158, 116

 154, 158, 132

 158, 158, 148

■ 147, 158, 100

■ 158, 160, 164

■ 149, 158, 85

■ 158, 165, 179

■ 145, 158, 69

■ 158, 170, 195

■ 141, 158, 53

■ 158, 175, 211

■ 138, 158, 37

■ 158, 180, 227

■ 138, 158, 21

■ 158, 185, 243

■ 136, 158, 6

■ 158, 189, 255

■ 132, 158, 0

■ 158, 192, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164, 147, 136



154, 158, 132



132, 149, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 158, 132



128, 141, 153



155, 144, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 158, 132



132, 140, 158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 147, 163



154, 158, 132



129, 142, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 158, 132



132, 145, 152



135, 145, 164



163, 143, 152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 158, 132



135, 150, 142



135, 145, 164



152, 145, 161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 158, 132



205, 207, 196



158, 132, 144



103, 105, 98



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 158, 132



200, 207, 165



132, 158, 133



79, 79, 71



123, 143, 0



13, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 140, 158



165, 178, 207



133, 132, 158



71, 74, 79



0, 45, 143



0, 5, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 154, 158, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

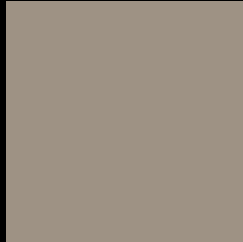
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 154, 158, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

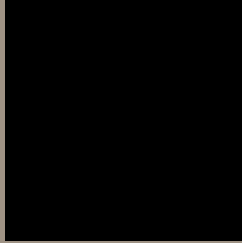
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 154, 158, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 154, 158, 132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 154, 158, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
154, 158, 132

Protanopia
144, 154, 133

Deuteranopia
168, 147, 133



Tritanopia
161, 143, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

154, 158, 132

Protanomaly

146, 155, 133

Deuteranomaly

164, 150, 133

Tritanomaly

160, 144, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color

154, 158, 132

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

152, 152, 142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 154, 158, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(158, 146, 132) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 146, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 146, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 146, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 154, 158, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 146, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 146, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 146, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 146, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 146, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 146,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 154, 158, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 146, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
146, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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