

Converting Colors

`RYB(154, 186, 226)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(154, 186, 226) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(154, 186, 226)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AD4E2
RGB	154, 212, 226
RGB Percent	60%, 83%, 89%
CMY	0.3961, 0.1702, 0.1137
CMYK	0.32, 0.06, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	192°, 55%, 75%
HSV	192°, 32%, 89%
XYZ	50.4975, 59.2482, 80.7261
YIQ	196.2540, -39.0620, -7.9420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

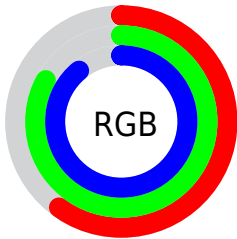
Format	Color
RYB	154, 186, 226
Decimal	10147042
CIELab	81.43, -14.99, -13.04
CIElCh	81, 19.862, 221.019
Yxy	59.2482, 0.2651, 0.3111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288337122 (0xFF9AD4E2)
YUV	196.2540, 14.6648, -37.0568
Hunter-Lab	76.9729, -17.5989, -8.3000

Details

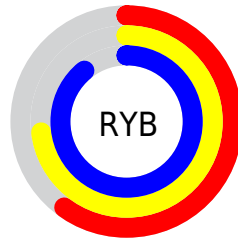
The RYB color **154, 186, 226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **226, 171, 154**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 233, 255**, and **100, 132, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 173, 226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 199, 226**.

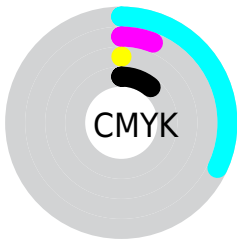
Distribution



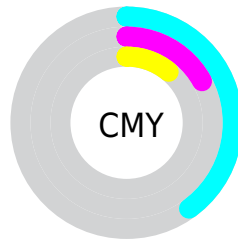
- Red (60%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 154, 186, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 154, 186, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 154, 186, 226

255, 255, 255

■ 210, 233, 255

■ 239, 247, 255

■ 154, 186, 226

■ 127, 159, 198

■ 100, 132, 171

■ 73, 105, 144

■ 47, 79, 119

■ 15, 51, 94

■ 0, 32, 70

■ 0, 21, 48

■ 0, 8, 27

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 154, 186, 226

■ 154, 186, 226

■ 131, 173, 226

■ 177, 199, 226

■ 109, 161, 226

■ 199, 211, 226

■ 86, 148, 226

■ 222, 224, 226

■ 64, 136, 226

■ 244, 231, 226

■ 41, 123, 226

■ 255, 237, 226

■ 18, 110, 226

■ 255, 250, 226

■ 0, 101, 226

■ 246, 255, 226

■ 235, 255, 226

■ 229, 255, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 185, 213



154, 186, 226



168, 193, 237

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 186, 226



232, 191, 215



174, 210, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 186, 226



226, 171, 154

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228, 224, 168



154, 186, 226



241, 189, 196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 186, 226



214, 195, 230



239, 196, 179



174, 209, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 186, 226



182, 198, 239



239, 196, 179



186, 216, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 186, 226



230, 241, 255



154, 214, 226



112, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



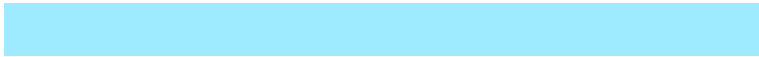
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 186, 226



158, 201, 255



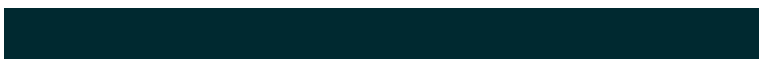
154, 171, 226



101, 106, 112



0, 78, 176



0, 22, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226, 154, 212



255, 158, 236



186, 226, 154



112, 101, 110



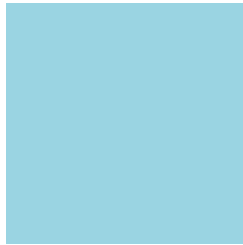
176, 0, 141



48, 0, 39

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 154, 186, 226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

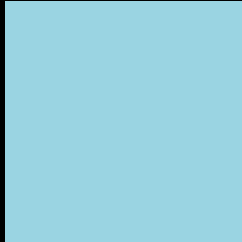
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 154, 186, 226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

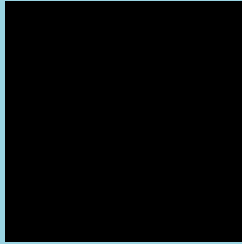
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 154, 186, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 154, 186, 226.

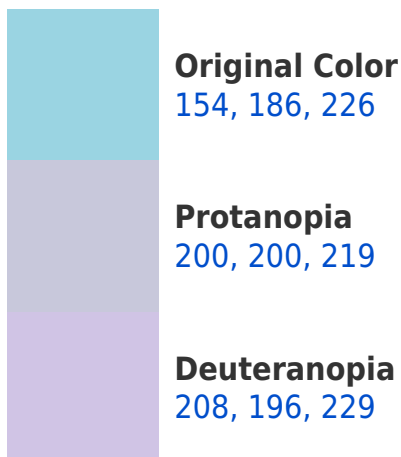


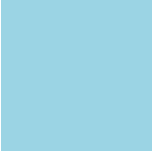
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 154, 186, 226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
155, 187, 228

Trichromacy



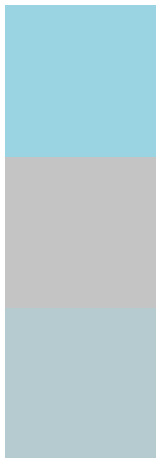
Original Color
154, 186, 226

Protanomaly
183, 197, 222

Deuteranomaly
188, 198, 228

Tritanomaly
155, 187, 227

Monochromacy



Original Color
154, 186, 226

Achromatopsia
196, 196, 196

Achromatomaly
181, 193, 207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 154, 186, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 212, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 212, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 212, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 212, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 154, 186, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 212, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 212, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 212, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 212, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 212, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 212,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 154, 186, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 212, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
212, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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