

Converting Colors

`RYB(154, 37, 189)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(154, 37, 189) contains.

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Color

RYP(154, 37, 189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A25BD
RGB	154, 37, 189
RGB Percent	60%, 15%, 74%
CMY	0.3961, 0.8549, 0.2588
CMYK	0.19, 0.80, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	286°, 67%, 44%
HSV	286°, 80%, 74%
XYZ	23.1733, 11.8673, 49.2134
YIQ	89.3110, 20.9400, 72.0760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

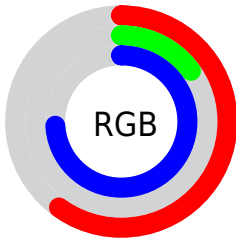
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 37, 189
Decimal	10102205
CIE _{Lab}	41.00, 66.65, -55.20
CIE _{LCh}	41, 86.542, 320.366
Yxy	11.8673, 0.2750, 0.1409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288292285 (0xFF9A25BD)
YUV	89.3110, 49.1467, 56.7323
Hunter-Lab	34.4489, 59.7888, -60.5868

Details

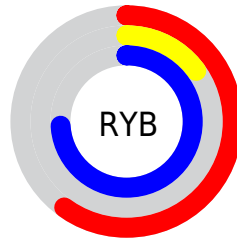
The RYB color **154, 37, 189** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9933CC**. A complement of this color would be **37, 189, 154**, and the grayscale version is **89, 89, 89**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 97, 246**, and **97, 0, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150, 18, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 56, 189**.

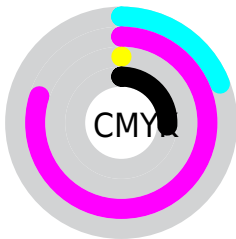
Distribution



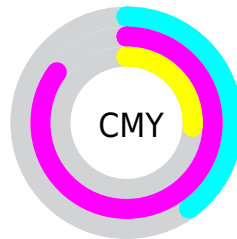
- Red (60%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 154, 37, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 154, 37, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 154, 37, 189

 154, 37, 189

255, 255, 255

 126, 0, 161

 212, 97, 246

 97, 0, 135

 242, 125, 255

 69, 0, 109

 255, 153, 255

 44, 0, 84

 255, 182, 255

 5, 0, 59

 255, 211, 255

 0, 2, 36

 255, 240, 255

 0, 0, 13

 0, 0, 0

 154, 37, 189

 154, 37, 189

■ 150, 18, 189

■ 158, 56, 189

■ 145, 0, 189

■ 163, 75, 189

■ 167, 94, 189

■ 171, 113, 189

■ 176, 132, 189

■ 180, 150, 189

■ 184, 169, 189

■ 189, 188, 189

■ 189, 207, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 64, 233



154, 37, 189



206, 0, 123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 37, 189



81, 137, 0



0, 67, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 37, 189



37, 189, 154

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 77, 122



154, 37, 189



0, 108, 36

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 37, 189



185, 53, 0



0, 118, 118



0, 77, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 37, 189



214, 0, 76



0, 118, 118



0, 63, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 37, 189



231, 186, 245



37, 65, 189



114, 87, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 37, 189



190, 7, 245



189, 37, 148



92, 85, 94



122, 0, 158



24, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 37, 72



245, 7, 62



37, 157, 189



94, 85, 87



158, 0, 36



31, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 154, 37, 189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

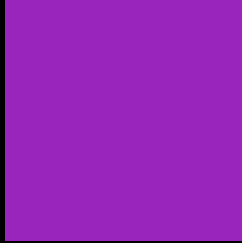
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 154, 37, 189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

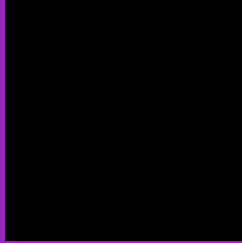
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 154, 37, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 154, 37, 189.

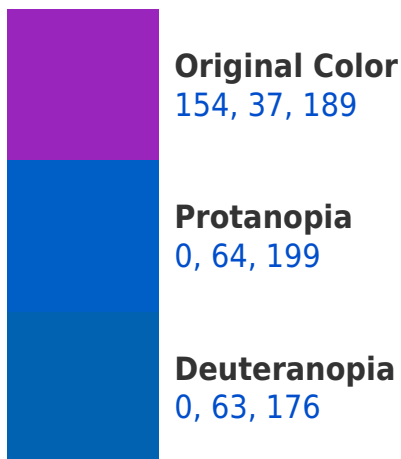


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 154, 37, 189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
139, 80, 86

Trichromacy



Original Color

154, 37, 189



Protanomaly

56, 71, 195



Deuteranomaly

56, 73, 181



Tritanomaly

144, 64, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

154, 37, 189



Achromatopsia

89, 89, 89



Achromatomaly

113, 70, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 154, 37, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 37, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 37, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 37, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 37, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 154, 37, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 37, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 37, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 37, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 37, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 37, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 37,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 154, 37, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 37, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154, 37,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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