

Converting Colors

`RYB(155, 112, 121)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(155, 112, 121) contains.

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Color

R_YB(155, 112, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B7079
RGB	155, 112, 121
RGB Percent	61%, 44%, 47%
CMY	0.3922, 0.5608, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.22, 0.39
HSL	347°, 18%, 52%
HSV	347°, 28%, 61%
XYZ	22.7629, 19.9374, 20.7377
YIQ	125.8830, 22.7390, 11.9150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

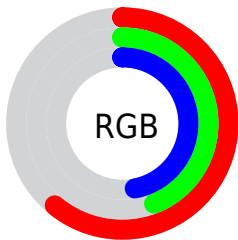
Format	Color
RYB	155, 112, 121
Decimal	10186873
CIELab	51.77, 18.41, 1.77
CIELCh	52, 18.492, 5.487
Yxy	19.9374, 0.3588, 0.3143
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288376953 (0xFF9B7079)
YUV	125.8830, -2.4073, 25.5356
Hunter-Lab	44.6513, 12.8583, 3.7194

Details

The RYB color **155, 112, 121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **112, 136, 155**, and the grayscale version is **126, 126, 126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 164, 173**, and **103, 64, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155, 97, 109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 128, 133**.

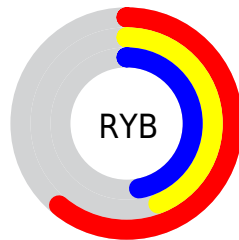
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (44%)

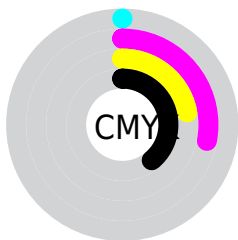
Blue (47%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (47%)

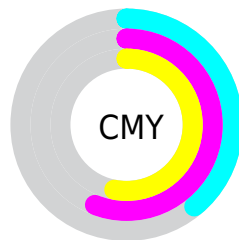


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 155, 112, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 155, 112, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 155, 112, 121

255, 255, 255

 210, 164, 173

 239, 191, 201

 255, 219, 229

 255, 248, 255

 155, 112, 121

 129, 87, 96

 103, 64, 73

 78, 41, 50

 54, 20, 29

 35, 0, 3

 0, 0, 0


 155, 112, 121

 155, 97, 109

 155, 81, 96

 155, 112, 121

 155, 128, 133

 155, 143, 146

■ 155, 66, 84

■ 155, 157, 159

■ 155, 50, 72

■ 155, 166, 174

■ 155, 35, 60

■ 155, 175, 190

■ 155, 19, 47

■ 155, 183, 205

■ 155, 4, 35

■ 155, 191, 220

■ 155, 0, 32

■ 155, 200, 236

■ 155, 209, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146, 114, 137



155, 112, 121



155, 116, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 112, 121



97, 128, 110



88, 113, 152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 112, 121



112, 136, 155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78, 107, 141



155, 112, 121



97, 122, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 112, 121



104, 132, 92



83, 109, 132



108, 120, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 112, 121



150, 126, 98



83, 109, 132



83, 110, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 112, 121



201, 185, 189



146, 112, 155



102, 92, 94



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 112, 121



201, 135, 149



155, 129, 112



77, 69, 70



140, 0, 29



13, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155, 112, 121



201, 135, 149



112, 130, 155



77, 69, 70



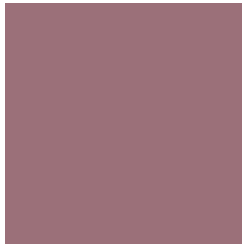
140, 0, 29



13, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 155, 112, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 155, 112, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

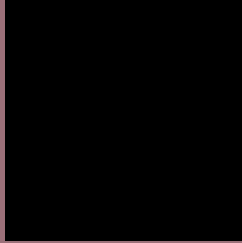
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 155, 112, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 155, 112, 121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 155, 112, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
155, 112, 121

Protanopia
125, 123, 127

Deuteranopia
137, 120, 120



Tritanopia
155, 112, 121

Trichromacy



Original Color

155, 112, 121

Protanomaly

136, 119, 125

Deuteranomaly

144, 117, 120

Tritanomaly

155, 112, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

155, 112, 121

Achromatopsia

126, 126, 126

Achromatomaly

137, 121, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 155, 112, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(155, 112, 121) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 112, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 112, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 112, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 155, 112, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 112, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 112, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 112, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 112, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 112, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 112,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 155, 112, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 112, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
112, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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