

# Converting Colors

`RYB(155, 148, 212)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(155, 148, 212) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(155, 148, 212)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B94D4
RGB	155, 148, 212
RGB Percent	61%, 58%, 83%
CMY	0.3922, 0.4196, 0.1686
CMYK	0.27, 0.30, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	247°, 43%, 71%
HSV	247°, 30%, 83%
XYZ	35.9911, 32.9018, 66.7411
YIQ	157.3890, -16.3720, 21.3880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

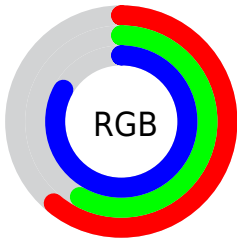
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	155, 148, 212
Decimal	10196180
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.08, 16.56, -31.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 35.870, 297.486
Y <sub>xy</sub>	32.9018, 0.2654, 0.2426
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288386260 (0xFF9B94D4)
YUV	157.3890, 26.9232, -2.0952
Hunter-Lab	57.3601, 11.6213, -28.8345

# Details

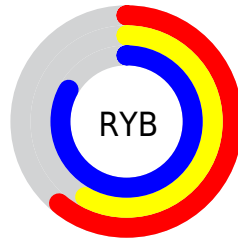
The RYB color **155, 148, 212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **148, 212, 155**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211, 202, 255**, and **102, 97, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136, 127, 212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 169, 212**.

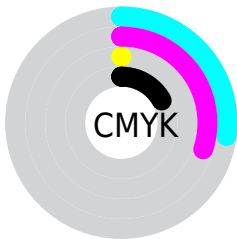
# Distribution



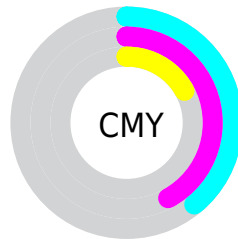
- Red (61%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 155, 148, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 155, 148, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 155, 148, 212

255, 255, 255

■ 211, 202, 255

■ 239, 230, 255

■ 155, 148, 212

■ 128, 122, 184

■ 102, 97, 157

■ 77, 74, 131

■ 52, 51, 105


■ 26, 30, 81

■ 1, 6, 58


■ 0, 2, 35

■ 0, 0, 11


■ 0, 0, 0


 155, 148, 212

 155, 148, 212

 136, 127, 212

 174, 169, 212

 117, 106, 212


 193, 190, 212

 98, 84, 212

 212, 212, 212

 79, 63, 212

 212, 233, 214

 61, 42, 212

 212, 254, 217

 42, 21, 212

 212, 255, 212

 23, 0, 212

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103, 141, 219



155, 148, 212



193, 137, 190

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 148, 212



204, 165, 102



64, 124, 172

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 148, 212



148, 212, 155

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108, 159, 169



155, 148, 212



130, 179, 91

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 148, 212



217, 132, 127



97, 162, 113



5, 91, 184

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 148, 212



209, 132, 170



97, 162, 113



80, 135, 171



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 148, 212



235, 232, 255



148, 178, 212



115, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 148, 212



173, 163, 255



186, 148, 212



98, 96, 107



19, 0, 171



5, 0, 43



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 148, 205



255, 163, 245



148, 212, 186



107, 96, 106



171, 0, 152

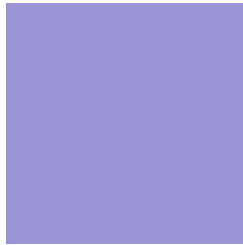


43, 0, 39



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 155, 148, 212 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

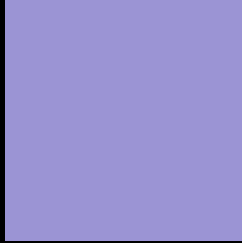
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 155, 148, 212 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 155, 148, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 155, 148, 212.

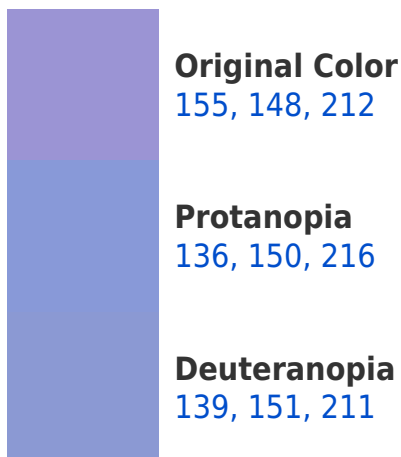


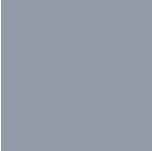
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 155, 148, 212.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

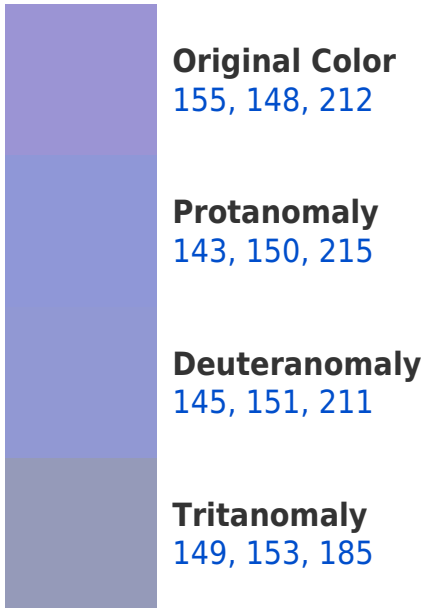
## Dichromacy



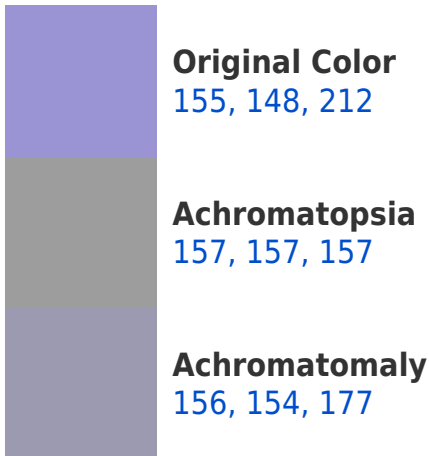


**Tritanopia**  
146, 153, 169

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 155, 148, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 148, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 148, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 148, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 148, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 155, 148, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 148, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 148, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 148, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 148, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 148, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 148,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 155, 148, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 148, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
148, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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