

Converting Colors

`RYB(155, 195, 243)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(155, 195, 243) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(155, 195, 243)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BE4F3
RGB	155, 228, 243
RGB Percent	61%, 89%, 95%
CMY	0.3922, 0.1046, 0.0471
CMYK	0.36, 0.06, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	190°, 79%, 78%
HSV	190°, 36%, 95%
XYZ	57.5304, 69.1100, 95.1014
YIQ	207.8830, -48.3230, -10.8110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

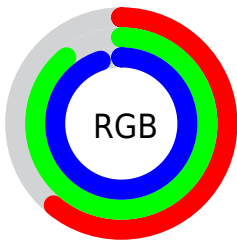
Format	Color
R _Y B	155, 195, 243
Decimal	10216691
CIE Lab	86.56, -19.11, -14.35
CIE LCh	87, 23.902, 216.907
Yxy	69.1100, 0.2594, 0.3117
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288406771 (0xFF9BE4F3)
YUV	207.8830, 17.3127, -46.3784
Hunter-Lab	83.1324, -21.9538, -9.6336

Details

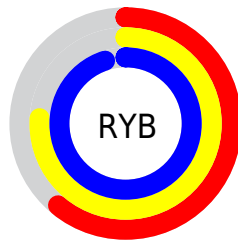
The RYB color **155, 195, 243** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **243, 173, 155**, and the grayscale version is **208, 208, 208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 234, 255**, and **99, 139, 187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 182, 243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179, 208, 243**.

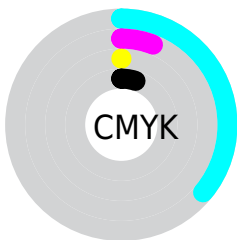
Distribution



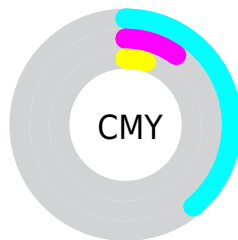
- Red (61%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 155, 195, 243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 155, 195, 243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 155, 195, 243


255, 255, 255


 212, 234, 255


 242, 249, 255

 155, 195, 243

 127, 167, 215

 99, 139, 187

 71, 112, 160


 41, 84, 134

 0, 51, 108

 0, 38, 84


 0, 27, 61

 0, 17, 39

 0, 1, 18

 155, 195, 243


 155, 195, 243

 131, 182, 243


 179, 208, 243

 106, 168, 243


 204, 222, 243

 82, 155, 243

 228, 235, 243

 58, 142, 243

 252, 246, 243

 33, 128, 243

 255, 255, 243

 9, 115, 243

 245, 255, 243

 0, 110, 243

 243, 255, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

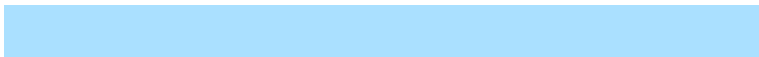
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159, 197, 230



155, 195, 243



170, 203, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 195, 243



251, 203, 235



187, 229, 172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 195, 243



243, 173, 155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



250, 236, 176



155, 195, 243



255, 201, 212

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 195, 243



227, 209, 253



255, 206, 190



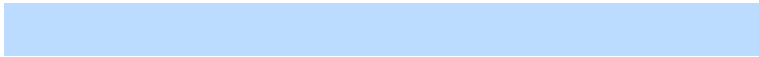
180, 224, 201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 195, 243



187, 209, 255



255, 206, 190



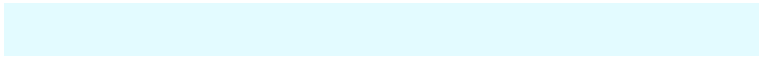
206, 236, 172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 195, 243



227, 240, 255



155, 230, 243



111, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



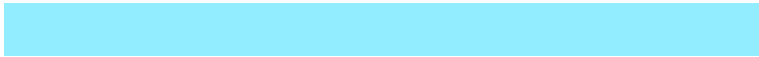
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 195, 243



145, 195, 255



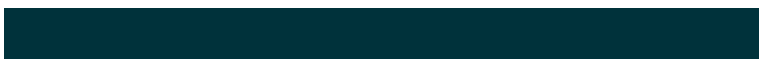
155, 177, 243



110, 115, 122



0, 85, 186



0, 27, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 155, 228



255, 145, 237



198, 243, 155



122, 110, 120



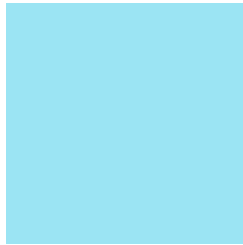
186, 0, 155



59, 0, 49

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 155, 195, 243 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

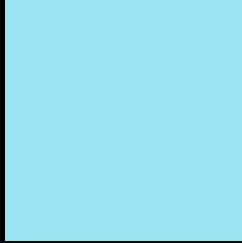
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 155, 195, 243 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

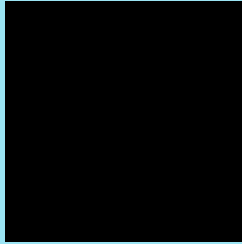
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 155, 195, 243 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 155, 195, 243.

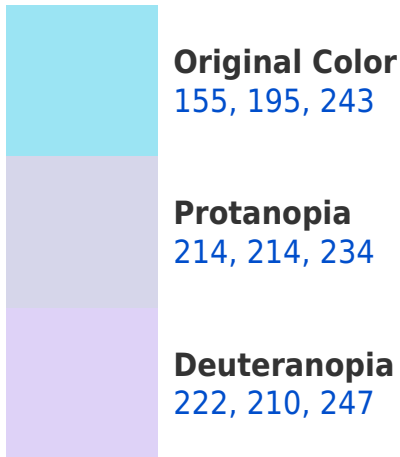



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 155, 195, 243.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



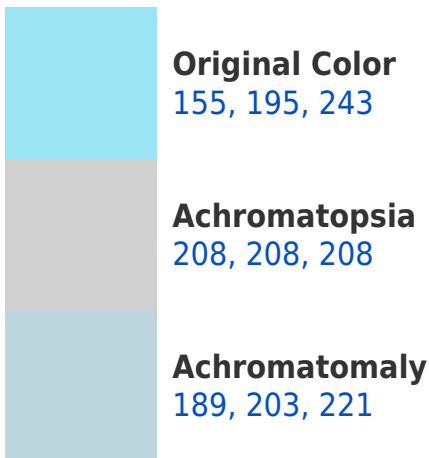


Tritanopia
156, 196, 246

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 155, 195, 243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 228, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 228, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 228, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 228, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 155, 195, 243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

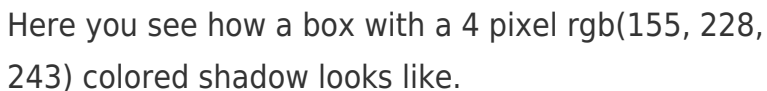
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 228, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 228, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 228, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 228, 243); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 228, 243); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 228, 243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 155, 195, 243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 228, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
228, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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