

Converting Colors

`RYB(156, 135, 99)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(156, 135, 99) contains.

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Color

R_YB(156, 135, 99)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C7963
RGB	156, 121, 99
RGB Percent	61%, 47%, 39%
CMY	0.3882, 0.5252, 0.6118
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.37, 0.39
HSL	23°, 22%, 50%
HSV	23°, 37%, 61%
XYZ	22.8076, 21.6592, 14.7829
YIQ	128.9570, 27.9220, 0.5780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

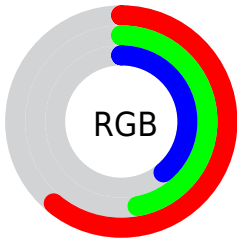
Format	Color
R_{YB}	156, 135, 99
Decimal	10254691
CIE _{Lab}	53.66, 10.43, 17.32
CIE _{LCh}	54, 20.217, 58.932
Yxy	21.6592, 0.3849, 0.3656
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288444771 (0xFF9C7963)
YUV	128.9570, -14.7688, 23.7167
Hunter-Lab	46.5394, 6.0337, 13.7446

Details

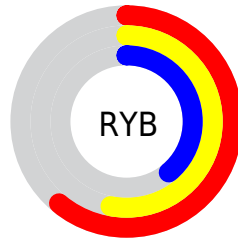
The RYB color **156, 135, 99** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **99, 121, 156**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 187, 150**, and **103, 85, 52** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **156, 131, 83**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156, 141, 115**.

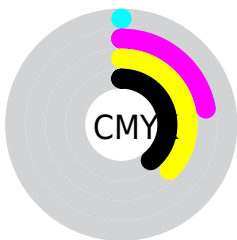
Distribution



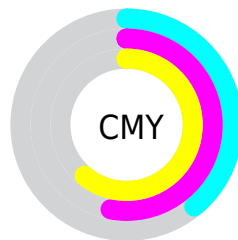
- Red (61%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 156, 135, 99 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 156, 135, 99 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



156, 135, 99



156, 135, 99

255, 255, 255



129, 109, 75



212, 187, 150



103, 85, 52



240, 216, 177



78, 63, 31



255, 253, 204



54, 47, 8



232, 255, 232



32, 6, 0



0, 0, 0



156, 135, 99



156, 135, 99



156, 131, 83



156, 141, 115



156, 123, 68



156, 146, 130

■ 156, 117, 52

■ 156, 153, 146

■ 156, 112, 37

■ 156, 158, 161

■ 156, 106, 21

■ 156, 164, 177

■ 156, 102, 5

■ 156, 170, 193

■ 156, 98, 0

■ 156, 176, 208

■ 156, 182, 224

■ 156, 188, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 118, 112



156, 135, 99



116, 142, 94

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156, 135, 99



85, 115, 138



130, 124, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156, 135, 99



99, 121, 156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 123, 163



156, 135, 99



77, 109, 144

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156, 135, 99



103, 130, 136



85, 115, 157



150, 119, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156, 135, 99



95, 131, 96



85, 115, 157



122, 126, 161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156, 135, 99



204, 195, 182



156, 99, 134



102, 97, 89



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156, 135, 99



204, 171, 114



107, 156, 99



79, 76, 71



143, 89, 0



15, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 121, 156



114, 148, 204



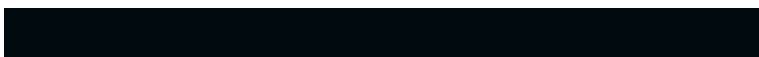
99, 105, 156



71, 74, 79



0, 54, 143



0, 6, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 156, 135, 99 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

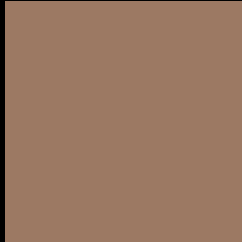
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 156, 135, 99 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

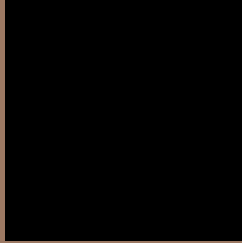
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 156, 135, 99 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 156, 135, 99.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 156, 135, 99.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

156, 135, 99

Protanopia

114, 137, 102

Deuteranopia

151, 144, 99



Tritanopia
159, 117, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color

156, 135, 99

Protanomaly

135, 144, 101

Deuteranomaly

153, 139, 99

Tritanomaly

158, 118, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color

156, 135, 99

Achromatopsia

129, 129, 129

Achromatomaly

139, 131, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 156, 135, 99 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 121, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 121, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 121, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 121, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 156, 135, 99 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 121, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 121, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 121, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 121, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 121, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 121,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 156, 135, 99 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 121, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
121, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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