

Converting Colors

`RYB(156, 183, 209)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(156, 183, 209) contains.

RYB(156, 183, 209)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

$\text{RYB}(156, 183, 209)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CD1CF
RGB	156, 209, 207
RGB Percent	61%, 82%, 81%
CMY	0.3882, 0.1804, 0.1881
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.01, 0.18
HSL	178°, 37%, 72%
HSV	178°, 25%, 82%
XYZ	47.7778, 57.1757, 67.5731
YIQ	192.9250, -30.9460, -11.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

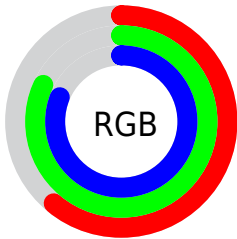
Format	Color
R _{YB}	156, 183, 209
Decimal	10277327
CIE _{Lab}	80.28, -17.44, -4.60
CIE _{LCh}	80, 18.032, 194.775
Y _{xy}	57.1757, 0.2769, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288467407 (0xFF9CD1CF)
YUV	192.9250, 6.9390, -32.3832
Hunter-Lab	75.6146, -19.5386, -0.0544

Details

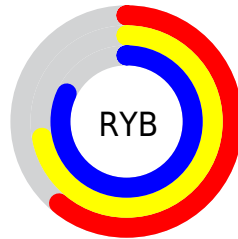
The RYB color **156, 183, 209** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **209, 156, 158**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 234, 255**, and **103, 129, 154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135, 173, 209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 193, 209**.

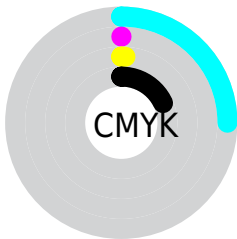
Distribution



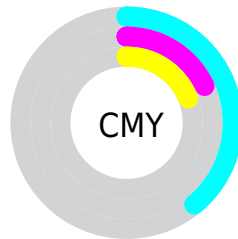
- Red (61%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 156, 183, 209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 156, 183, 209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 156, 183, 209

255, 255, 255

■ 212, 234, 255

■ 240, 248, 255

■ 156, 183, 209

■ 129, 155, 181

■ 103, 129, 154

■ 77, 103, 128

■ 52, 78, 103

■ 26, 53, 79

■ 0, 28, 56

■ 0, 17, 34

■ 0, 2, 12

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 156, 183, 209

■ 156, 183, 209

■ 135, 173, 209

■ 177, 193, 209

■ 114, 163, 209

■ 198, 204, 209

■ 93, 152, 209

■ 219, 209, 209

■ 72, 142, 209

■ 240, 209, 210

■ 52, 132, 209

■ 255, 209, 211

■ 31, 122, 209

■ 255, 209, 212

■ 10, 111, 209

■ 255, 209, 213

■ 0, 107, 209

■ 255, 209, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167, 193, 208



156, 183, 209



157, 185, 222

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156, 183, 209



212, 192, 223



217, 221, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156, 183, 209



209, 156, 158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



232, 195, 176



156, 183, 209



228, 188, 208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156, 183, 209



191, 197, 231



235, 188, 191



170, 204, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156, 183, 209



165, 190, 229



235, 188, 191



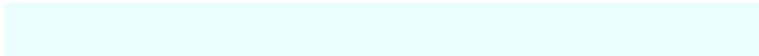
225, 211, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156, 183, 209



235, 245, 255



156, 209, 206



115, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



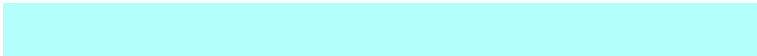
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156, 183, 209



179, 218, 255



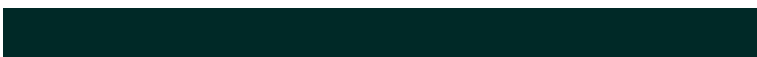
156, 175, 209



94, 100, 105



0, 86, 168



0, 21, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 156, 158



255, 179, 181



209, 200, 156



105, 94, 94



168, 0, 6



41, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 156, 183, 209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

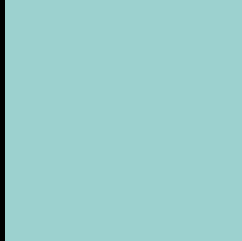
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 156, 183, 209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

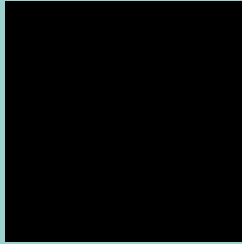
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

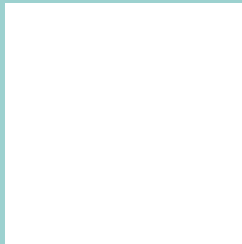
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 156, 183, 209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 156, 183, 209.

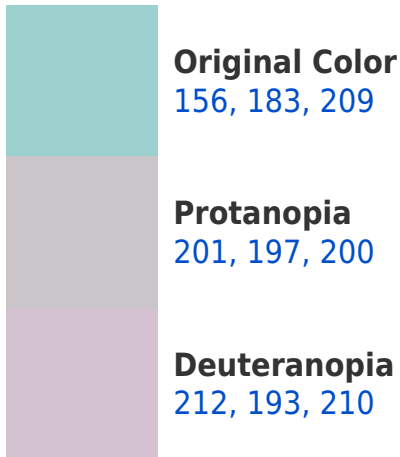


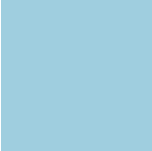
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 156, 183, 209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

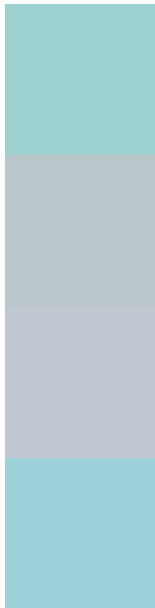
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
159, 186, 223

Trichromacy



Original Color
156, 183, 209

Protanomaly
185, 193, 203

Deuteranomaly
192, 197, 209

Tritanomaly
158, 185, 217

Monochromacy



Original Color
156, 183, 209

Achromatopsia
193, 193, 193

Achromatomaly
180, 190, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 156, 183, 209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 209, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 209, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 209, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 209, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 156, 183, 209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 209, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 209, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 209, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 209, 207); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 209, 207); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 209, 207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 156, 183, 209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 209, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
209, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor