

Converting Colors

`RYB(157, 154, 155)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(157, 154, 155) contains.

RYB(157, 154, 155)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(157, 154, 155)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D9A9B
RGB	157, 154, 155
RGB Percent	62%, 60%, 61%
CMY	0.3843, 0.3961, 0.3922
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.38
HSL	340°, 2%, 61%
HSV	340°, 2%, 62%
XYZ	31.3766, 32.6459, 35.6579
YIQ	155.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

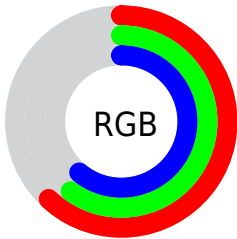
Format	Color
RYB	157, 154, 155
Decimal	10328731
CIELab	63.87, 1.28, -0.14
CIElCh	64, 1.289, 353.560
Yxy	32.6459, 0.3148, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288518811 (0xFF9D9A9B)
YUV	155.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444
Hunter-Lab	57.1366, -1.9654, 2.9938

Details

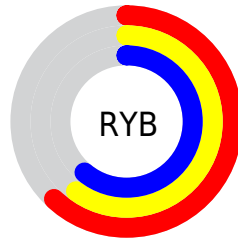
The RYB color **157, 154, 155** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **154, 156, 157**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 208, 209**, and **106, 103, 104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157, 138, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157, 165, 170**.

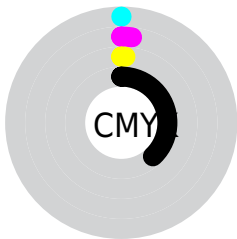
Distribution



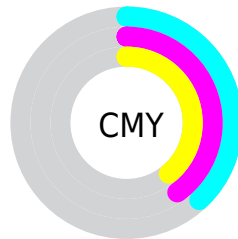
- Red (62%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 157, 154, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 157, 154, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 157, 154, 155

255, 255, 255

 212, 208, 209

 240, 237, 238

 157, 154, 155

 131, 128, 129

 106, 103, 104


 82, 79, 80


 59, 56, 57


 37, 35, 36


 16, 13, 14


 0, 0, 0

 157, 154, 155


 157, 138, 145

 157, 154, 155

 157, 165, 170

 157, 123, 134

 157, 174, 185

 157, 107, 124

 157, 184, 201

 157, 91, 113

 157, 193, 217

 157, 75, 103

 157, 202, 232

 157, 60, 92

 157, 211, 248

 157, 44, 82

 157, 214, 255

 157, 28, 71

 157, 210, 255

 157, 13, 61

 157, 208, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 154, 156



157, 154, 155



157, 154, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157, 154, 155



153, 155, 153



152, 154, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157, 154, 155



154, 156, 157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152, 154, 156



157, 154, 155



153, 155, 155

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157, 154, 155



153, 156, 152



152, 154, 155



153, 154, 157

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157, 154, 155



157, 154, 153



152, 154, 155



152, 154, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157, 154, 155



204, 202, 203



156, 154, 157



102, 101, 101



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157, 154, 155



204, 200, 201



157, 156, 154



79, 77, 78



143, 0, 48



15, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157, 154, 155



204, 200, 201



154, 156, 157



79, 77, 78



143, 0, 48



15, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 157, 154, 155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

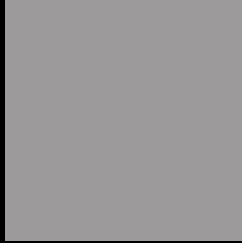
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 157, 154, 155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

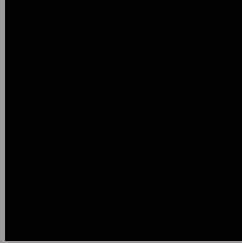
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

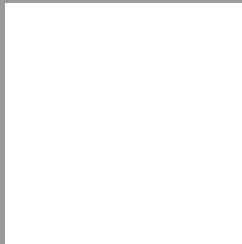
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 157, 154, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 157, 154, 155.

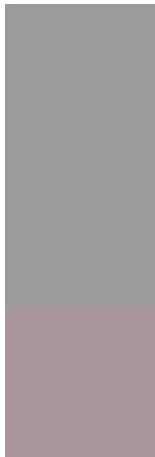


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 157, 154, 155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
157, 154, 155

Protanopia
157, 154, 155

Deuteranopia
169, 150, 156



Tritanopia
158, 153, 165

Trichromacy



Original Color

157, 154, 155

Protanomaly

157, 154, 155

Deuteranomaly

165, 151, 156

Tritanomaly

158, 153, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color

157, 154, 155

Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly

156, 155, 155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 157, 154, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 154, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 154, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 154, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 154, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 157, 154, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 154, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 154, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 154, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 154, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 154, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 154,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 157, 154, 155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 154, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
154, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor