

Converting Colors

`RYB(157, 162, 206)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(157, 162, 206) contains.

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Color

R_YB(157, 162, 206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DA3CE
RGB	157, 163, 206
RGB Percent	62%, 64%, 81%
CMY	0.3843, 0.3625, 0.1922
CMYK	0.24, 0.21, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	233°, 33%, 71%
HSV	233°, 24%, 81%
XYZ	38.0659, 37.6656, 63.6564
YIQ	166.1080, -17.3790, 12.1010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

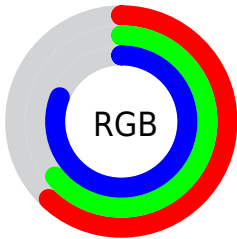
Format	Color
R _{YB}	157, 162, 206
Decimal	10331086
CIE _{Lab}	67.77, 7.46, -22.80
CIE _{LCh}	68, 23.987, 288.126
Yxy	37.6656, 0.2731, 0.2702
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288521166 (0xFF9DA3CE)
YUV	166.1080, 19.6668, -7.9877
Hunter-Lab	61.3723, 3.3121, -18.5360

Details

The RYB color **157, 162, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **164, 206, 157**, and the grayscale version is **166, 166, 166**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 217, 255**, and **105, 110, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136, 143, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **178, 181, 206**.

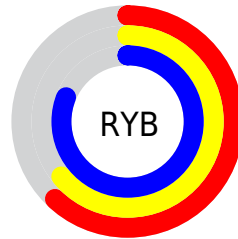
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (64%)

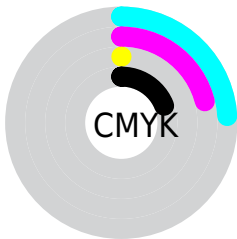
Blue (81%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (81%)

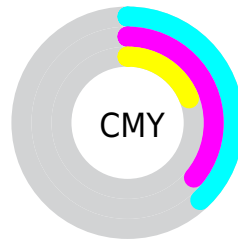


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 157, 162, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 157, 162, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 157, 162, 206


255, 255, 255

 212, 216, 255

 241, 245, 255

 157, 162, 206

 130, 135, 178

 105, 110, 152

 80, 86, 126

 56, 63, 100

 32, 40, 76

 6, 18, 53

 0, 2, 32

 0, 0, 4

 0, 0, 0

■ 157, 162, 206

■ 157, 162, 206

■ 136, 143, 206

■ 178, 181, 206

■ 116, 125, 206

■ 198, 199, 206

■ 95, 107, 206

■ 208, 219, 206

■ 75, 88, 206

■ 209, 239, 206

■ 54, 69, 206

■ 207, 255, 206

■ 33, 51, 206

■ 206, 255, 206

■ 13, 33, 206

■ 0, 21, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127, 155, 207



157, 162, 206



184, 155, 194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157, 162, 206



204, 162, 134



119, 155, 177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157, 162, 206



164, 206, 157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136, 174, 167



157, 162, 206



172, 189, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157, 162, 206



209, 150, 153



124, 168, 125



104, 141, 178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157, 162, 206



198, 152, 182



124, 168, 125



127, 161, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157, 162, 206



237, 239, 255



157, 183, 206



117, 118, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157, 162, 206



181, 188, 255



176, 157, 206



92, 93, 102



0, 17, 166



0, 4, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 157, 163



255, 181, 189



157, 206, 176



102, 92, 93



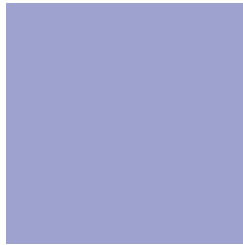
166, 0, 19



38, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 157, 162, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

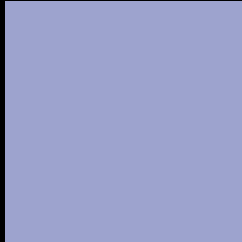
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 157, 162, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

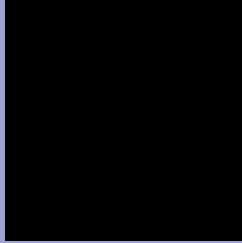
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 157, 162, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 157, 162, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 157, 162, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

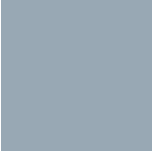
Dichromacy



Original Color
157, 162, 206

Protanopia
154, 162, 206

Deuteranopia
160, 162, 206



Tritanopia
152, 162, 180

Trichromacy



Original Color

157, 162, 206

Protanomaly

155, 162, 206

Deuteranomaly

159, 162, 206

Tritanomaly

154, 162, 189

Monochromacy



Original Color

157, 162, 206

Achromatopsia

166, 166, 166

Achromatomaly

163, 165, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 157, 162, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 163, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 163, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 163, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 163, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 157, 162, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 163, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 163, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 163, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 163, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 163, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 163,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 157, 162, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 163, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
163, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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