

Converting Colors

`RYB(157, 255, 112)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(157, 255, 112) contains.

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Color

R_YB(157, 255, 112)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDD70
RGB	255, 221, 112
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 44%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1342, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.56, 0.00
HSL	46°, 100%, 72%
HSV	46°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	69.9607, 74.0221, 25.9296
YIQ	218.7400, 55.2530, -26.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

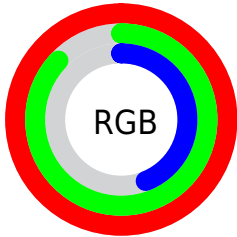
Format	Color
RYB	157, 255, 112
Decimal	16768368
CIELab	88.93, -0.85, 56.95
CIElCh	89, 56.957, 90.853
Yxy	74.0221, 0.4117, 0.4356
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958448 (0xFFFFDD70)
YUV	218.7400, -52.6228, 31.8000
Hunter-Lab	86.0361, -5.4148, 42.3564

Details

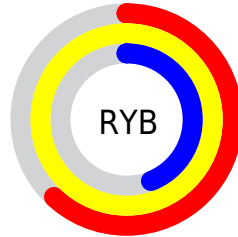
The RYB color **157, 255, 112** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **112, 139, 255**, and the grayscale version is **219, 219, 219**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166, 255, 166**, and **96, 195, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140, 255, 87**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175, 255, 138**.

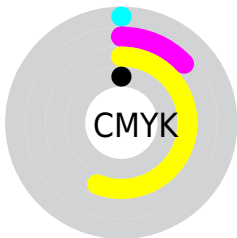
Distribution



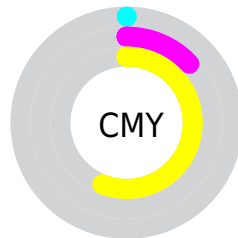
- Red (100%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 157, 255, 112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 157, 255, 112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 157, 255, 112

255, 255, 255

 166, 255, 166

 194, 255, 194


 223, 255, 223

 252, 255, 252

 157, 255, 112

 126, 225, 85

 96, 195, 59

 63, 166, 31

 28, 138, 0

 24, 110, 0

 20, 83, 0

 15, 57, 0

 9, 32, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 157, 255, 112

■ 157, 255, 112

■ 140, 255, 87

■ 175, 255, 138

■ 121, 255, 61

■ 192, 255, 163

■ 105, 255, 35

■ 210, 255, 189

■ 88, 255, 10

■ 227, 255, 214

■ 80, 255, 0

■ 245, 255, 240

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



224, 255, 129



157, 255, 112



127, 237, 165

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157, 255, 112



0, 126, 255



255, 189, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157, 255, 112



112, 139, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



230, 209, 255



157, 255, 112



0, 124, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157, 255, 112



0, 133, 251



135, 187, 255



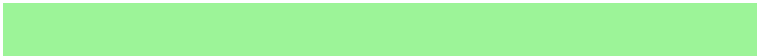
255, 179, 224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157, 255, 112



152, 244, 240



135, 187, 255



255, 195, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157, 255, 112



225, 255, 212



255, 112, 148



112, 128, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157, 255, 112



138, 255, 84



112, 255, 148



121, 128, 115



61, 191, 0



21, 64, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112, 139, 255



84, 117, 255



148, 112, 255



115, 117, 128



0, 37, 191



0, 12, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 157, 255, 112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

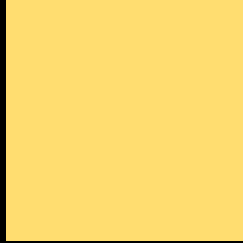
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 157, 255, 112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 157, 255, 112 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 157, 255, 112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 157, 255, 112.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
157, 255, 112

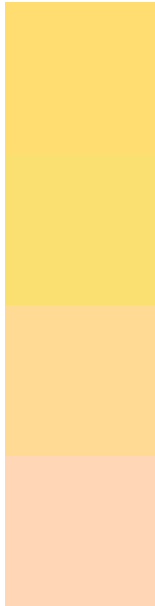
Protanopia
141, 247, 113

Deuteranopia
239, 255, 170



Tritanopia
255, 212, 224

Trichromacy



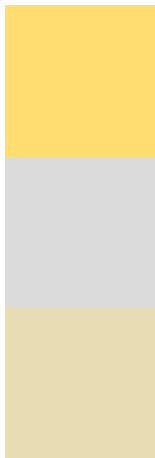
Original Color
157, 255, 112

Protanomaly
147, 250, 113

Deuteranomaly
206, 255, 149

Tritanomaly
255, 241, 183

Monochromacy



Original Color
157, 255, 112

Achromatopsia
219, 219, 219

Achromatomaly
196, 232, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 157, 255, 112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 221, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 221, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 221, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 221, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 157, 255, 112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 221, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 221, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 221, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 221, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 157, 255, 112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 221, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
221, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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