

Converting Colors

`RYB(158, 113, 122)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(158, 113, 122) contains.

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Color

R_YB(158, 113, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E717A
RGB	158, 113, 122
RGB Percent	62%, 44%, 48%
CMY	0.3804, 0.5569, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.23, 0.38
HSL	348°, 19%, 53%
HSV	348°, 28%, 62%
XYZ	23.5185, 20.4845, 21.1267
YIQ	127.4810, 23.9310, 12.3390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

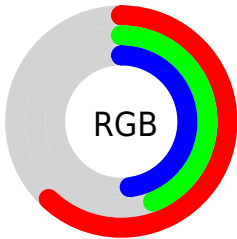
Format	Color
R_{YB}	158, 113, 122
Decimal	10383738
CIE _{Lab}	52.38, 19.16, 2.11
CIE _{LCh}	52, 19.274, 6.292
Yxy	20.4845, 0.3611, 0.3145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288573818 (0xFF9E717A)
YUV	127.4810, -2.7021, 26.7652
Hunter-Lab	45.2598, 13.5500, 4.0060

Details

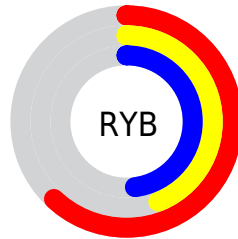
The RYB color **158, 113, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **113, 138, 158**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213, 165, 174**, and **106, 65, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **158, 97, 109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 129, 135**.

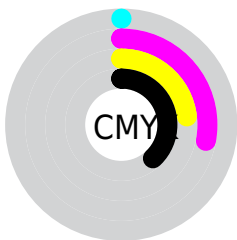
Distribution



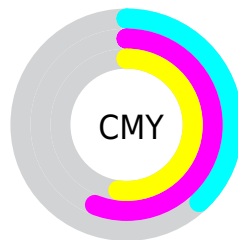
- Red (62%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 158, 113, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 158, 113, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 158, 113, 122

255, 255, 255

 213, 165, 174

 242, 192, 202


 255, 220, 230

 255, 249, 255

 158, 113, 122

 131, 88, 97

 106, 65, 73

 81, 42, 51

 57, 20, 30

 37, 0, 4

 0, 0, 0

 158, 113, 122

 158, 97, 109

 158, 81, 97

 158, 113, 122

 158, 129, 135

 158, 145, 147

158, 66, 84

158, 159, 160

158, 50, 71

158, 168, 176

158, 34, 59

158, 177, 192

158, 18, 46

158, 186, 208

158, 2, 34

158, 195, 224

158, 0, 32

158, 203, 239

158, 212, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149, 115, 139



158, 113, 122



157, 117, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



158, 113, 122



98, 130, 113



88, 114, 155

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



158, 113, 122



113, 138, 158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77, 108, 144



158, 113, 122



97, 123, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



158, 113, 122



103, 134, 92



82, 110, 134



110, 121, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



158, 113, 122



152, 130, 98



82, 110, 134



83, 112, 152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



158, 113, 122



207, 188, 192



149, 113, 158



105, 93, 95



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



158, 113, 122



207, 136, 150



158, 131, 113



79, 71, 73



143, 0, 29



15, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158, 113, 122



207, 136, 150



113, 132, 158



79, 71, 73



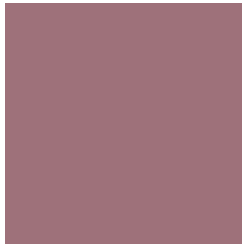
143, 0, 29



15, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 158, 113, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

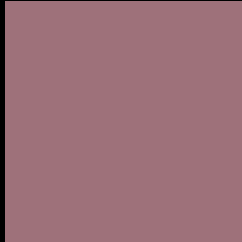
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 158, 113, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 158, 113, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 158, 113, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 158, 113, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
158, 113, 122

Protanopia
126, 125, 129

Deuteranopia
139, 121, 121



Tritanopia
158, 113, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

158, 113, 122

Protanomaly

138, 121, 126

Deuteranomaly

146, 118, 121

Tritanomaly

158, 113, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color

158, 113, 122

Achromatopsia

127, 127, 127

Achromatomaly

138, 122, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 158, 113, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(158, 113, 122) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 113, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 113, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 113, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 158, 113, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 113, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 113, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 113, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 113, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 113, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 113,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 158, 113, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 113, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
113, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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