

Converting Colors

`RYB(158, 145, 158)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(158, 145, 158) contains.

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Color

R_YB(158, 145, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E919E
RGB	158, 145, 158
RGB Percent	62%, 57%, 62%
CMY	0.3804, 0.4314, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	300°, 6%, 59%
HSV	300°, 8%, 62%
XYZ	30.3975, 29.9885, 36.5340
YIQ	150.3690, 3.5750, 6.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

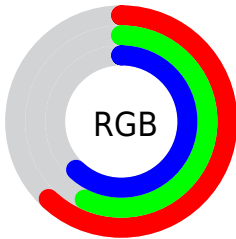
Format	Color
R _Y B	158, 145, 158
Decimal	10391966
CIE Lab	61.64, 7.26, -5.11
CIE LCh	62, 8.873, 324.858
Yxy	29.9885, 0.3136, 0.3094
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288582046 (0xFF9E919E)
YUV	150.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924
Hunter-Lab	54.7618, 3.2498, -1.2217

Details

The RYB color **158, 145, 158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **145, 158, 158**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213, 199, 213**, and **107, 95, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **158, 129, 158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 161, 161**.

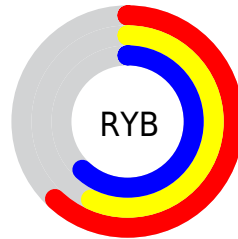
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (57%)

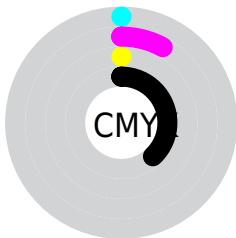
Blue (62%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (62%)

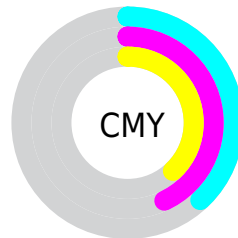


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 158, 145, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 158, 145, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 158, 145, 158

255, 255, 255

 213, 199, 213

 241, 227, 241

 158, 145, 158

 132, 119, 132

 107, 95, 107

 82, 71, 83

 59, 49, 60

 38, 28, 38


 17, 1, 17

 0, 0, 0

 158, 145, 158


 158, 129, 158

 158, 145, 158

 158, 161, 161

 158, 113, 158

 158, 177, 177

 158, 98, 158


 158, 192, 192

 158, 82, 158


 158, 208, 208

 158, 66, 158

 158, 224, 224

 158, 50, 158

 158, 240, 240

 158, 34, 158

 158, 255, 255

 158, 19, 158

 158, 3, 158

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149, 147, 163



158, 145, 158



164, 144, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



158, 145, 158



147, 157, 133



129, 141, 155

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



158, 145, 158



145, 158, 158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132, 145, 154



158, 145, 158



135, 150, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



158, 145, 158



163, 150, 136



139, 151, 152



132, 144, 161

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



158, 145, 158



166, 144, 145



139, 151, 152



130, 142, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



158, 145, 158



207, 202, 207



145, 145, 158



105, 102, 105



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



158, 145, 158



207, 186, 207



158, 145, 152



79, 71, 79



143, 0, 143



15, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158, 145, 158



207, 186, 207



145, 153, 158



79, 71, 79



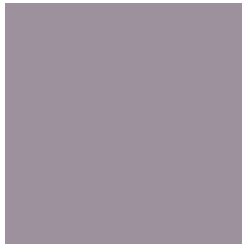
143, 0, 143



15, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 158, 145, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 158, 145, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

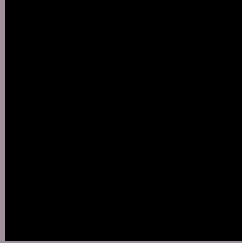
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 158, 145, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 158, 145, 158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 158, 145, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

158, 145, 158

Protanopia

148, 148, 160

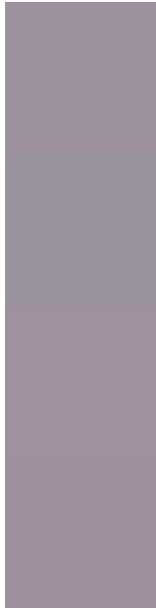
Deuteranopia

159, 145, 158



Tritanopia
158, 145, 157

Trichromacy



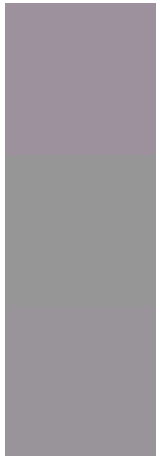
Original Color
158, 145, 158

Protanomaly
152, 147, 159

Deuteranomaly
159, 145, 158

Tritanomaly
158, 145, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color
158, 145, 158

Achromatopsia
150, 150, 150

Achromatomaly
153, 148, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 158, 145, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(158, 145, 158) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 145, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 145, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 145, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 158, 145, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 145, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 145, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 145, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 145, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 145, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 145,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 158, 145, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 145, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
145, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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