

Converting Colors

`RYB(158, 187, 191)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(158, 187, 191) contains.

RYB(158, 187, 191)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(158, 187, 191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EBFA3
RGB	158, 191, 163
RGB Percent	62%, 75%, 64%
CMY	0.3804, 0.2510, 0.3625
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.15, 0.25
HSL	128°, 20%, 68%
HSV	128°, 17%, 75%
XYZ	39.3021, 47.1590, 41.4713
YIQ	177.9410, -10.6800, -15.7040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

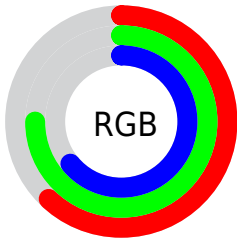
Format	Color
RYB	158, 187, 191
Decimal	10403747
CIELab	74.29, -16.68, 10.70
CIELCh	74, 19.821, 147.327
Yxy	47.1590, 0.3072, 0.3686
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288593827 (0xFF9EBFA3)
YUV	177.9410, -7.3659, -17.4883
Hunter-Lab	68.6724, -18.0189, 12.2655

Details

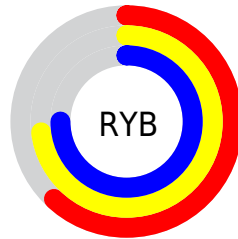
The RYB color **158, 187, 191** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **191, 158, 186**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213, 243, 247**, and **106, 133, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 185, 191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 189, 191**.

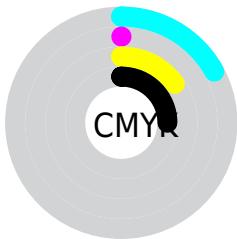
Distribution



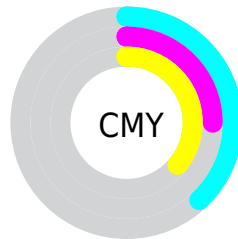
- Red (62%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 158, 187, 191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 158, 187, 191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 158, 187, 191

255, 255, 255


 213, 243, 247

 241, 251, 255

 158, 187, 191

 132, 160, 164

 106, 133, 137

 82, 108, 112

 58, 83, 87

 35, 59, 64

 13, 36, 42

 0, 23, 23


 0, 0, 0


 158, 187, 191


 158, 187, 191

 139, 185, 191


 177, 189, 191


 120, 182, 191


 196, 191, 195

 101, 180, 191


 215, 191, 212

 82, 178, 191


 234, 191, 228

 63, 176, 191

 254, 191, 245

 43, 173, 191

 255, 191, 255

 24, 171, 191

 5, 168, 191

 0, 168, 191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 187, 158



158, 187, 191



141, 171, 193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



158, 187, 191



160, 178, 219



221, 171, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



158, 187, 191



191, 158, 186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



218, 170, 185



158, 187, 191



184, 179, 215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



158, 187, 191



140, 170, 213



205, 173, 203



213, 188, 153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



158, 187, 191



134, 164, 193



205, 173, 203



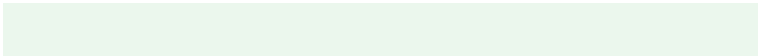
221, 170, 173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



158, 187, 191



235, 245, 247



158, 191, 162



117, 124, 125



252, 252, 252



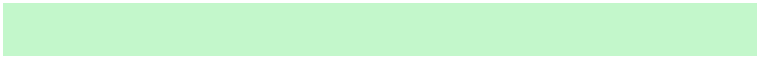
125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



158, 187, 191



195, 240, 247



158, 178, 191



85, 93, 94



0, 139, 158



0, 27, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191, 158, 186



247, 195, 240



191, 158, 170



94, 85, 93



158, 0, 136



31, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 158, 187, 191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

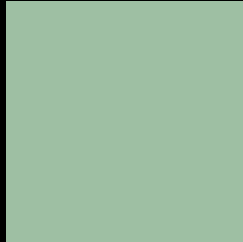
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 158, 187, 191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

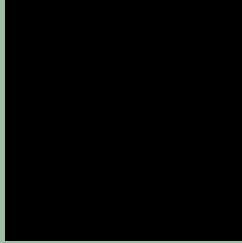
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

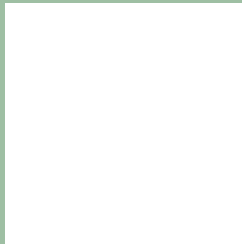
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 158, 187, 191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 158, 187, 191.

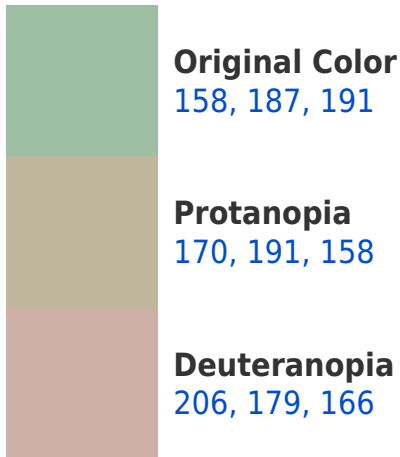


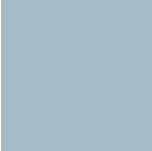
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 158, 187, 191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

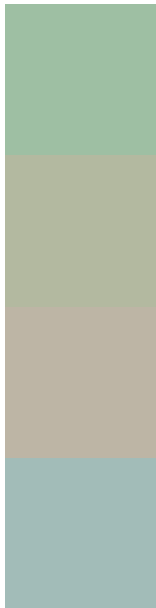
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
164, 178, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color
158, 187, 191

Protanomaly
160, 185, 166

Deuteranomaly
177, 189, 165

Tritanomaly
162, 176, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color
158, 187, 191

Achromatopsia
178, 178, 178

Achromatomaly
171, 182, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 158, 187, 191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 191, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 191, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 191, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 191, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 158, 187, 191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

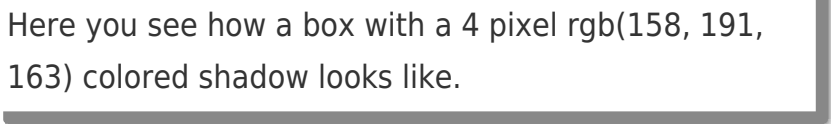
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 191, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 191, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 191, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 191, 163); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 191, 163); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 191, 163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 158, 187, 191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 191, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
191, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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