

Converting Colors

`RYB(159, 191, 200)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(159, 191, 200) contains.

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Color

R_YB(159, 191, 200)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FC8AB
RGB	159, 200, 171
RGB Percent	62%, 78%, 67%
CMY	0.3765, 0.2157, 0.3313
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.15, 0.22
HSL	137°, 27%, 70%
HSV	137°, 20%, 78%
XYZ	42.2584, 51.6019, 46.0271
YIQ	184.4350, -15.1270, -17.7110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

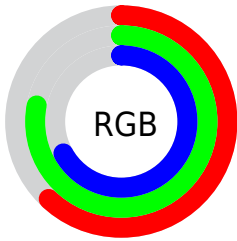
Format	Color
RYB	159, 191, 200
Decimal	10471595
CIELab	77.04, -19.43, 10.32
CIELCh	77, 21.996, 152.027
Yxy	51.6019, 0.3021, 0.3689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288661675 (0xFF9FC8AB)
YUV	184.4350, -6.6235, -22.3065
Hunter-Lab	71.8345, -20.7032, 12.2947

Details

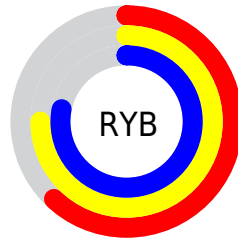
The RYB color **159, 191, 200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **200, 159, 188**, and the grayscale version is **184, 184, 184**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214, 246, 255**, and **107, 137, 146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 187, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179, 195, 200**.

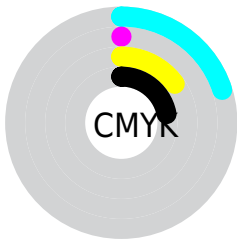
Distribution



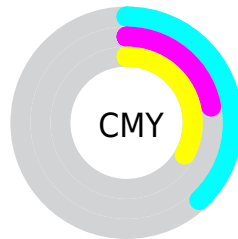
- Red (62%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 159, 191, 200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 159, 191, 200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 159, 191, 200

255, 255, 255


 214, 246, 255

 243, 249, 255

 159, 191, 200


 133, 164, 173

 107, 137, 146

 82, 111, 120

 58, 86, 95

 35, 61, 71


 11, 38, 49

 0, 29, 29


 0, 0, 0

 159, 191, 200


 159, 191, 200

 139, 187, 200


 179, 195, 200

 119, 182, 200


 199, 200, 200

 99, 178, 200


 219, 200, 214

 79, 173, 200


 239, 200, 228

 59, 169, 200

 255, 200, 242

 39, 165, 200

 255, 200, 255

 19, 160, 200

 0, 156, 200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 196, 169



159, 191, 200



141, 175, 202

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159, 191, 200



168, 185, 231



232, 178, 170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159, 191, 200



200, 159, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



231, 176, 190



159, 191, 200



196, 185, 225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159, 191, 200



145, 177, 226



218, 179, 210



222, 203, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159, 191, 200



134, 169, 205



218, 179, 210



233, 176, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159, 191, 200



240, 252, 255



159, 200, 170



119, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



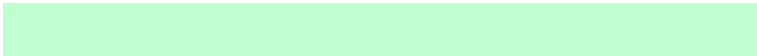
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159, 191, 200



191, 241, 255



159, 182, 200



90, 97, 99



0, 127, 163



0, 28, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



200, 159, 188



255, 191, 237



200, 159, 169



99, 90, 97



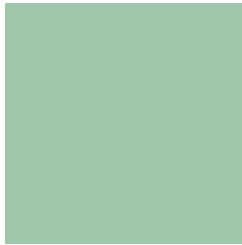
163, 0, 117



36, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 159, 191, 200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

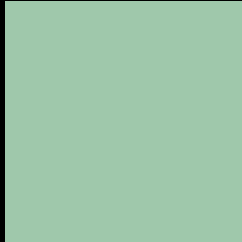
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 159, 191, 200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 159, 191, 200 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 159, 191, 200.

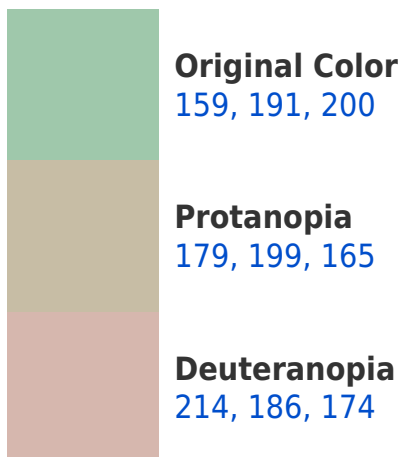


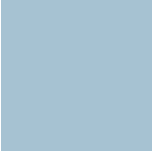
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 159, 191, 200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

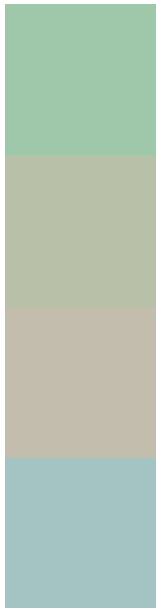
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
166, 183, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color
159, 191, 200

Protanomaly
167, 193, 176

Deuteranomaly
180, 194, 173

Tritanomaly
163, 180, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color
159, 191, 200

Achromatopsia
184, 184, 184

Achromatomaly
175, 187, 190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 159, 191, 200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 200, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 200, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 200, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 200, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 159, 191, 200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 200, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 200, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 200, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 200, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 200, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 200,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 159, 191, 200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 200, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
200, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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