

Converting Colors

`RYB(15, 123, 46)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(15, 123, 46) contains.

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Color

`RYB(15, 123, 46)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C7B0F
RGB	92, 123, 15
RGB Percent	36%, 48%, 6%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5176, 0.9412
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.88, 0.52
HSL	77°, 78%, 27%
HSV	77°, 88%, 48%
XYZ	11.5828, 16.4757, 3.0216
YIQ	101.4190, 16.1920, -40.1600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

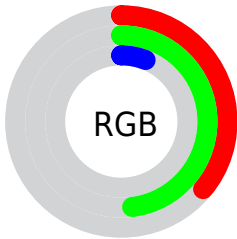
Format	Color
RYB	15, 123, 46
Decimal	6060815
CIELab	47.59, -26.21, 49.09
CIELCh	48, 55.652, 118.102
Yxy	16.4757, 0.3727, 0.5301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284250895 (0xFF5C7B0F)
YUV	101.4190, -42.6046, -8.2605
Hunter-Lab	40.5903, -20.0964, 23.9996

Details

The RYB color **15, 123, 46** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **46, 15, 123**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 176, 101**, and **0, 74, 33** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3, 123, 38**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 123, 54**.

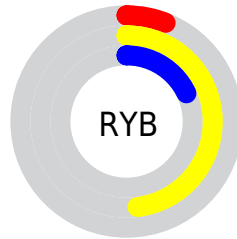
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (48%)

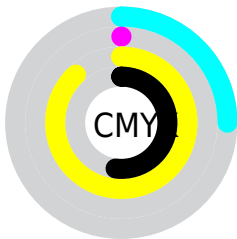
Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (18%)

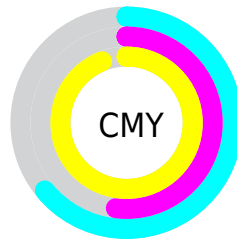


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (64%)


Magenta (52%)


Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 15, 123, 46 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 15, 123, 46 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 15, 123, 46

 15, 123, 46

255, 255, 255

 0, 98, 32


 71, 176, 101

 0, 74, 33

 97, 203, 127

 0, 51, 39

 123, 231, 153

 0, 32, 32


 150, 255, 175


 0, 0, 0

 178, 255, 178

 206, 255, 206

 234, 255, 234

 15, 123, 46

 15, 123, 46

■ 3, 123, 38

■ 27, 123, 54

■ 0, 123, 35

■ 40, 123, 64

■ 52, 123, 72

■ 64, 123, 81

■ 76, 123, 89

■ 89, 123, 99

■ 101, 123, 107

■ 113, 123, 116

■ 124, 123, 126

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35, 138, 0



15, 123, 46



0, 90, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15, 123, 46



0, 78, 192



193, 65, 118

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 123, 46



46, 15, 123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166, 80, 163



15, 123, 46



0, 76, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15, 123, 46



0, 72, 156



106, 102, 196



194, 71, 72

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 123, 46



0, 79, 133



106, 102, 196



188, 68, 134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 123, 46



119, 161, 131



123, 58, 15



56, 82, 64



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 123, 46



0, 161, 46



15, 123, 100



55, 61, 57



0, 125, 36



0, 252, 72

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 15, 123



46, 0, 161



100, 15, 123



57, 55, 61



36, 0, 125



72, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 15, 123, 46 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

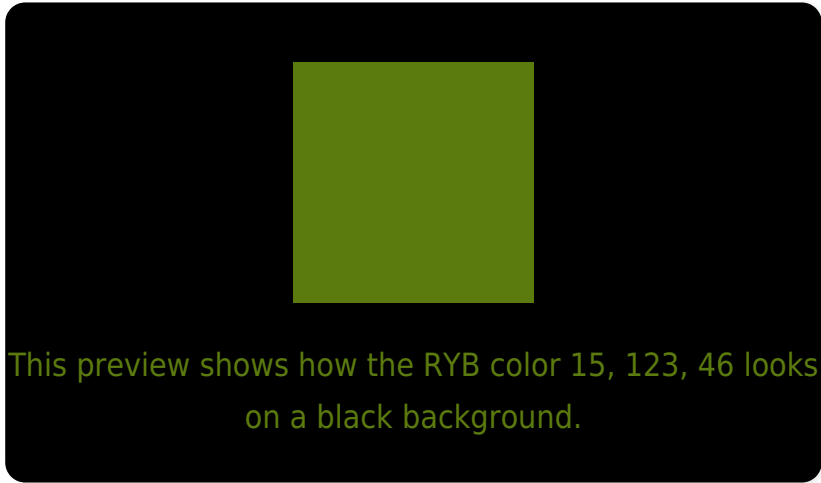
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 15, 123, 46 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 15, 123, 46.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 15, 123, 46.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
15, 123, 46

Protanopia
27, 127, 11

Deuteranopia
77, 142, 27



Tritanopia
103, 110, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color

15, 123, 46

Protanomaly

12, 117, 15

Deuteranomaly

35, 124, 23

Tritanomaly

84, 117, 102

Monochromacy



Original Color

15, 123, 46

Achromatopsia

101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly

70, 109, 81

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 15, 123, 46 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 123, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 123, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 123, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 123, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 15, 123, 46 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 123, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 123, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 123, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 123, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 123, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 123,  
15) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 15, 123, 46 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 123, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 123,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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