

Converting Colors

`RYB(15, 144, 186)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(15, 144, 186) contains.

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Color

RYB(15, 144, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0FBA47
RGB	15, 186, 71
RGB Percent	6%, 73%, 28%
CMY	0.9412, 0.2706, 0.7228
CMYK	0.92, 0.00, 0.62, 0.27
HSL	140°, 85%, 39%
HSV	140°, 92%, 73%
XYZ	18.8828, 35.6701, 11.7964
YIQ	121.7610, -65.0010, -72.0170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

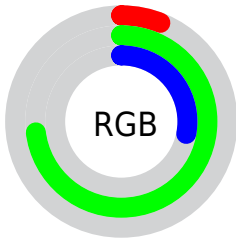
Format	Color
RYB	15, 144, 186
Decimal	1030727
CIELab	66.27, -62.85, 46.50
CIELCh	66, 78.178, 143.506
Yxy	35.6701, 0.2846, 0.5376
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279220807 (0xFF0FBA47)
YUV	121.7610, -25.0252, -93.6294
Hunter-Lab	59.7245, -48.0823, 30.0966

Details

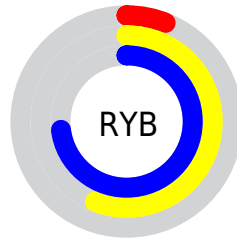
The RYB color **15, 144, 186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **186, 15, 130**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 223, 243**, and **0, 118, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 140, 186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 149, 186**.

Distribution



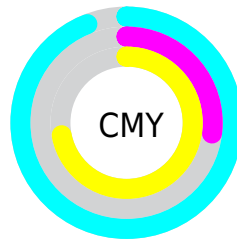
- Red (6%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 15, 144, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 15, 144, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



15, 144, 186



15, 144, 186

255, 255, 255



0, 123, 158



100, 223, 243



0, 118, 131



132, 239, 255



0, 105, 105



162, 242, 255



0, 79, 79



193, 245, 255



0, 55, 55



223, 247, 255



0, 30, 30

254, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



15, 144, 186




15, 144, 186





0, 140, 186





34, 149, 186

 52, 153, 186


 71, 158, 186


 89, 162, 186

 108, 167, 186

 127, 172, 186

 145, 176, 186

 164, 181, 186

 182, 185, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 174, 34



15, 144, 186



0, 110, 192

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15, 144, 186



0, 103, 255



255, 92, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 144, 186



186, 15, 130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 86, 180



15, 144, 186



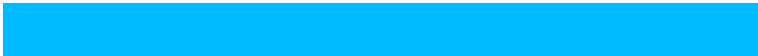
125, 145, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15, 144, 186



0, 108, 255



230, 115, 246



255, 170, 44

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 144, 186



0, 97, 193



230, 115, 246



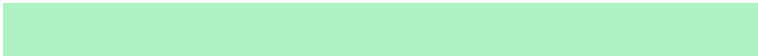
255, 85, 132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 144, 186



174, 225, 242



15, 186, 69



81, 112, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 144, 186



0, 182, 242



15, 109, 186



83, 90, 92



0, 118, 156



0, 21, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 15, 130



242, 0, 163



186, 15, 46



92, 83, 89



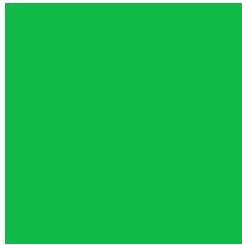
156, 0, 105



28, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 15, 144, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 15, 144, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 15, 144, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 15, 144, 186.

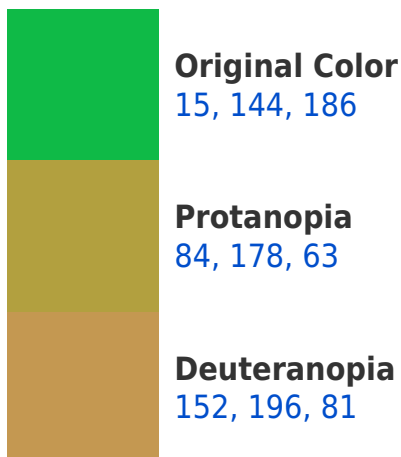


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 15, 144, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
75, 128, 188

Trichromacy



Original Color

15, 144, 186



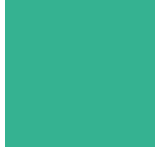
Protanomaly

66, 169, 116



Deuteranomaly

77, 164, 111



Tritanomaly

53, 125, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color

15, 144, 186



Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122



Achromatomaly

83, 130, 145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 15, 144, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 186, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 186, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 186, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 186, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 15, 144, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 186, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 186, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 186, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 186, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 186, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 186,  
71) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 15, 144, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 186, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 186,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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