

Converting Colors

`RYB(160, 106, 108)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(160, 106, 108) contains.

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Color

R_YB(160, 106, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A06A6C
RGB	160, 106, 108
RGB Percent	63%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.3725, 0.5843, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.32, 0.37
HSL	358°, 22%, 52%
HSV	358°, 34%, 63%
XYZ	22.3580, 18.8644, 16.6501
YIQ	122.3740, 31.5420, 12.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

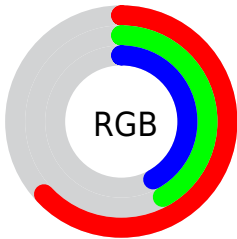
Format	Color
RYB	160, 106, 108
Decimal	10513004
CIELab	50.53, 21.89, 7.75
CIELCh	51, 23.225, 19.502
Yxy	18.8644, 0.3863, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288703084 (0xFFA06A6C)
YUV	122.3740, -7.0864, 32.9980
Hunter-Lab	43.4331, 15.8783, 7.6743

Details

The RYB color **160, 106, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **106, 134, 160**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216, 158, 159**, and **107, 58, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **160, 90, 93**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160, 122, 123**.

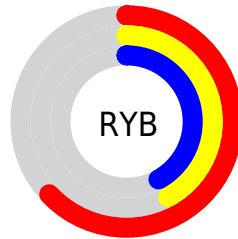
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (42%)

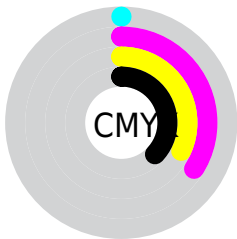
Blue (42%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (42%)

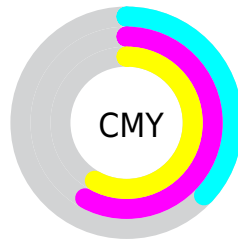


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 160, 106, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 160, 106, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 160, 106, 108


255, 255, 255

 216, 158, 159

 245, 185, 186


 255, 213, 214

 255, 241, 242

 160, 106, 108

 133, 81, 84


 107, 58, 61

 81, 35, 39

 57, 13, 19


 37, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 160, 106, 108

 160, 90, 93


 160, 74, 77

 160, 106, 108


 160, 122, 123

 160, 138, 139


 160, 58, 62

 160, 154, 154


 160, 42, 46

 160, 165, 170


 160, 26, 31


 160, 173, 186

 160, 10, 16

 160, 182, 202

 160, 0, 6

 160, 190, 218

 160, 198, 234

 160, 206, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 106, 128



160, 106, 108



155, 118, 91

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160, 106, 108



94, 128, 124



84, 110, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160, 106, 108



106, 134, 160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61, 100, 150



160, 106, 108



76, 109, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160, 106, 108



83, 123, 85



59, 95, 133



113, 117, 157

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160, 106, 108



146, 142, 84



59, 95, 133



75, 106, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160, 106, 108



209, 188, 189



157, 106, 160



105, 92, 92



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160, 106, 108



209, 123, 127



160, 149, 106



79, 71, 71



143, 0, 5



15, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



160, 106, 108



209, 123, 127



106, 125, 160



79, 71, 71



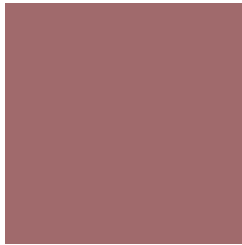
143, 0, 5



15, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 160, 106, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 160, 106, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 160, 106, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 160, 106, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 160, 106, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


160, 106, 108

Protanopia

124, 124, 116

Deuteranopia

138, 121, 106



Tritanopia
161, 105, 113

Trichromacy



Original Color

160, 106, 108

Protanomaly

137, 115, 113

Deuteranomaly

146, 113, 107

Tritanomaly

161, 105, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color

160, 106, 108

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

136, 116, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 160, 106, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 106, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 106, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 106, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 106, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 160, 106, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 106, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 106, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 106, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 106, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 106, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 106,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 160, 106, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 106, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
106, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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