

Converting Colors

`RYB(160, 176, 101)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(160, 176, 101) contains.

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Color

R_YB(160, 176, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B08F65
RGB	176, 143, 101
RGB Percent	69%, 56%, 40%
CMY	0.3098, 0.4393, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.43, 0.31
HSL	34°, 32%, 54%
HSV	34°, 43%, 69%
XYZ	30.0726, 29.8079, 16.4804
YIQ	148.0790, 33.1500, -6.0660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

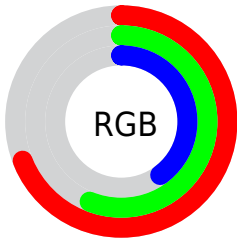
Format	Color
R_{YB}	160, 176, 101
Decimal	11571045
CIE _{Lab}	61.49, 6.71, 27.01
CIE _{LCh}	61, 27.834, 76.058
Yxy	29.8079, 0.3938, 0.3904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289761125 (0xFFB08F65)
YUV	148.0790, -23.2099, 24.4867
Hunter-Lab	54.5966, 2.7762, 20.3205

Details

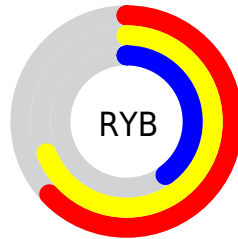
The RYB color **160, 176, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **101, 124, 176**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **217, 233, 152**, and **103, 122, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **156, 176, 83**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 176, 119**.

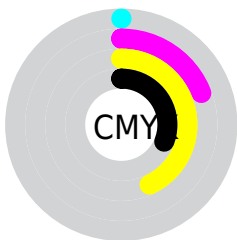
Distribution



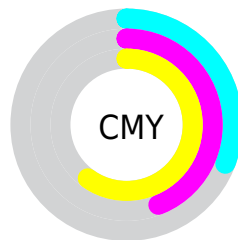
- Red (69%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 160, 176, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 160, 176, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 160, 176, 101

255, 255, 255


 217, 233, 152


 229, 255, 179

 209, 255, 207

 235, 255, 235

 160, 176, 101

 156, 176, 83

 160, 176, 101

 135, 149, 77

 103, 122, 53


 77, 96, 31


 45, 70, 8

 38, 47, 0

 22, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 160, 176, 101

 164, 176, 119

■ 154, 176, 66

■ 169, 176, 136

■ 148, 176, 48

■ 172, 176, 154

■ 146, 176, 31

■ 174, 176, 171

■ 142, 176, 13

■ 176, 180, 189

■ 137, 176, 0

■ 176, 185, 207

■ 176, 191, 224

■ 176, 196, 242

■ 176, 201, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 143, 114



160, 176, 101



102, 152, 101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160, 176, 101



72, 117, 162



168, 138, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160, 176, 101



101, 124, 176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136, 145, 196



160, 176, 101



71, 121, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160, 176, 101



96, 136, 161



99, 134, 196



190, 131, 161

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160, 176, 101



108, 156, 130



99, 134, 196



158, 140, 188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160, 176, 101



226, 230, 200



176, 101, 135



110, 115, 96



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160, 176, 101



205, 230, 112



101, 176, 105



87, 89, 80



119, 153, 0



22, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101, 124, 176



112, 148, 230



105, 101, 176



80, 83, 89



0, 47, 153



0, 8, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 160, 176, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

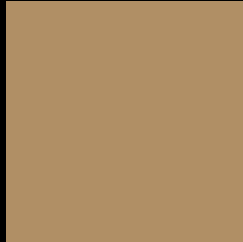
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 160, 176, 101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 160, 176, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 160, 176, 101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 160, 176, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
160, 176, 101

Protanopia
118, 161, 103

Deuteranopia
169, 178, 101



Tritanopia
181, 137, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color

160, 176, 101

Protanomaly

129, 166, 102

Deuteranomaly

166, 177, 101

Tritanomaly

179, 141, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

160, 176, 101

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

153, 158, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 160, 176, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 143, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 143, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 143, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 143, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 160, 176, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 143, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 143, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 143, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 143, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 143, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 143,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 160, 176, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 143, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
143, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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