

# Converting Colors

`RYB(161, 106, 177)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(161, 106, 177) contains.

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# Color

**`RYB(161, 106, 177)`**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A16AB1
RGB	161, 106, 177
RGB Percent	63%, 42%, 69%
CMY	0.3686, 0.5843, 0.3059
CMYK	0.09, 0.40, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	286°, 31%, 55%
HSV	286°, 40%, 69%
XYZ	27.7878, 21.0595, 44.1953
YIQ	130.5390, 9.9890, 33.7410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

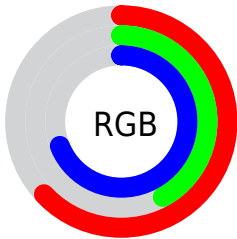
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	161, 106, 177
Decimal	10578609
CIELab	53.01, 34.37, -29.09
CIELCh	53, 45.032, 319.758
Yxy	21.0595, 0.2987, 0.2263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288768689 (0xFFA16AB1)
YUV	130.5390, 22.9053, 26.7143
Hunter-Lab	45.8906, 27.7773, -24.9763

# Details

The RYB color **161, 106, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **106, 177, 161**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **217, 158, 233**, and **108, 57, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157, 88, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 124, 177**.

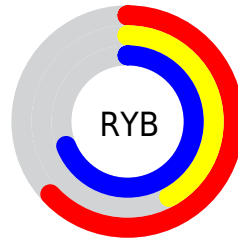
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (42%)

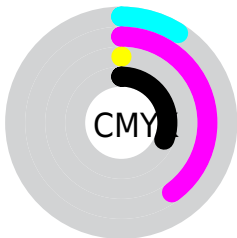
Blue (69%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (69%)

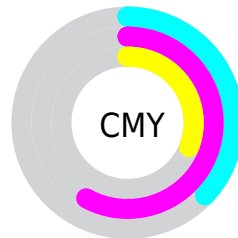


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (58%)


Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 161, 106, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 161, 106, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 161, 106, 177


255, 255, 255

 217, 158, 233


 246, 186, 255

 255, 214, 255

 255, 242, 255

 161, 106, 177

 134, 81, 150

 108, 57, 124

 83, 33, 99

 58, 8, 75


 36, 0, 52


 0, 0, 30


 0, 0, 0

 161, 106, 177

 157, 88, 177

 161, 106, 177


 165, 124, 177

 153, 71, 177


 169, 141, 177

 149, 53, 177

 173, 159, 177

 145, 35, 177

 177, 177, 177

 141, 17, 177

 177, 195, 191

 137, 0, 177

 177, 212, 204

 177, 230, 218

 177, 248, 232

 177, 255, 235

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106, 120, 200



161, 106, 177



191, 94, 142

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161, 106, 177



110, 160, 48



0, 74, 152

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161, 106, 177



106, 177, 161

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 82, 145



161, 106, 177



49, 132, 57

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161, 106, 177



186, 121, 69



74, 141, 137



0, 81, 185

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161, 106, 177



198, 93, 115



74, 141, 137



0, 75, 146



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161, 106, 177



223, 202, 230



106, 120, 177



111, 99, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161, 106, 177



205, 119, 230



177, 106, 158



87, 80, 89



119, 0, 153



20, 0, 26



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 106, 122



230, 119, 144



106, 162, 177



89, 80, 82



153, 0, 34

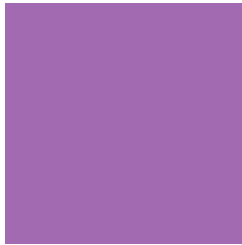


26, 0, 6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 161, 106, 177 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

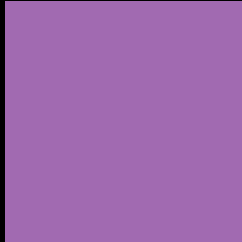
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 161, 106, 177 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

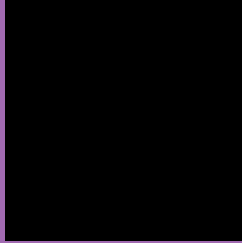
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 161, 106, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 161, 106, 177.

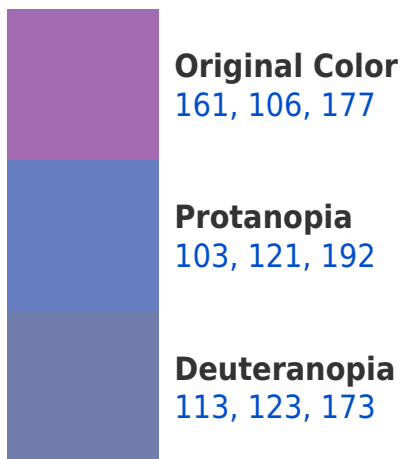


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 161, 106, 177.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
154, 117, 126

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
161, 106, 177

**Protanomaly**  
124, 118, 187

**Deuteranomaly**  
130, 118, 174

**Tritanomaly**  
157, 113, 145

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
161, 106, 177

**Achromatopsia**  
131, 131, 131

**Achromatomaly**  
142, 122, 148

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 161, 106, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 106, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 106, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 106, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 106, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 161, 106, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 106, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 106, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 106, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 106, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 106, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 106,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 161, 106, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 106, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
106, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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