

Converting Colors

`RYB(161, 219, 63)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(161, 219, 63) contains.

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Color

RYB(161, 219, 63)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DB9F3F
RGB	219, 159, 63
RGB Percent	86%, 62%, 25%
CMY	0.1412, 0.3772, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.71, 0.14
HSL	37°, 68%, 55%
HSV	37°, 71%, 86%
XYZ	42.4763, 40.1503, 10.2137
YIQ	165.9960, 66.5760, -17.1360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

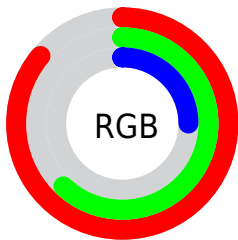
Format	Color
RYB	161, 219, 63
Decimal	14393151
CIELab	69.58, 13.41, 56.67
CIELCh	70, 58.237, 76.689
Yxy	40.1503, 0.4575, 0.4325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292583231 (0xFFDB9F3F)
YUV	165.9960, -50.7770, 46.4845
Hunter-Lab	63.3642, 8.7702, 34.7980

Details

The RYB color **161, 219, 63** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **63, 106, 219**, and the grayscale version is **166, 166, 166**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 255, 116**, and **77, 160, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154, 219, 41**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 219, 85**.

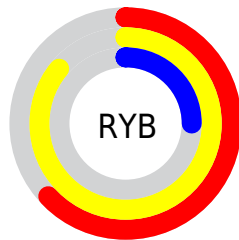
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (62%)

Blue (25%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (25%)

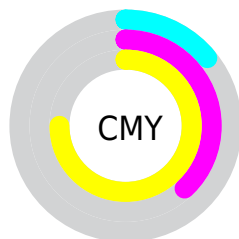


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (71%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

















Magenta (38%)

Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 161, 219, 63 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 161, 219, 63 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 161, 219, 63	 161, 219, 63
 255, 255, 255	 124, 189, 36
 176, 255, 116	 77, 160, 0
 157, 255, 142	 76, 131, 0
 170, 255, 170	 74, 103, 0
 198, 255, 198	 69, 75, 0
 226, 255, 226	 48, 29, 0
	 24, 0, 1
	 0, 0, 0

 161, 219, 63  161, 219, 63

154, 219, 41

170, 219, 85

144, 219, 19

177, 219, 107

136, 219, 0

186, 219, 129

193, 219, 151

203, 219, 173

208, 219, 194

218, 219, 216

219, 224, 238

219, 230, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



254, 156, 95



161, 219, 63



62, 176, 67

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161, 219, 63



0, 99, 199



211, 144, 243

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161, 219, 63



63, 106, 219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 157, 255



161, 219, 63



0, 108, 246

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161, 219, 63



0, 112, 195



0, 106, 255



255, 126, 196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161, 219, 63



81, 185, 134



0, 106, 255



189, 151, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161, 219, 63



235, 255, 201



219, 63, 125



118, 128, 96



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161, 219, 63



175, 255, 38



63, 219, 79



108, 110, 99



109, 173, 0



30, 46, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 106, 219



38, 99, 255



79, 63, 219



99, 102, 110



0, 48, 173



0, 13, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 161, 219, 63 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 161, 219, 63 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

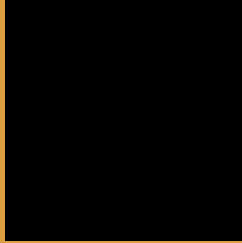
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 161, 219, 63 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 161, 219, 63.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 161, 219, 63.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
161, 219, 63

Protanopia
88, 190, 66

Deuteranopia
137, 212, 62



Tritanopia
226, 149, 160

Trichromacy



Original Color
161, 219, 63

Protanomaly
110, 201, 65

Deuteranomaly
145, 215, 62

Tritanomaly
223, 164, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color
161, 219, 63

Achromatopsia
166, 166, 166

Achromatomaly
165, 185, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 161, 219, 63 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 159, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 159, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 159, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 159, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 161, 219, 63 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 159, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 159, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 159, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 159, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 159, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 159,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 161, 219, 63 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 159, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
159, 63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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