

Converting Colors

`RYB(162, 192, 69)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(162, 192, 69) contains.

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Color

`RYB(162, 192, 69)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C08B45
RGB	192, 139, 69
RGB Percent	75%, 55%, 27%
CMY	0.2471, 0.4547, 0.7294
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.64, 0.25
HSL	34°, 49%, 51%
HSV	34°, 64%, 75%
XYZ	32.0511, 30.1134, 9.7534
YIQ	146.8670, 54.0580, -10.5340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

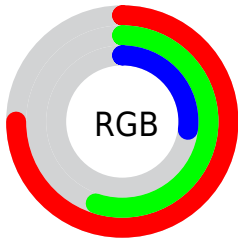
Format	Color
RYB	162, 192, 69
Decimal	12618565
CIELab	61.75, 12.88, 44.57
CIElCh	62, 46.392, 73.878
Yxy	30.1134, 0.4457, 0.4187
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290808645 (0xFFC08B45)
YUV	146.8670, -38.3884, 39.5816
Hunter-Lab	54.8757, 8.2233, 27.8750

Details

The RYB color **162, 192, 69** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **69, 106, 192**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 251, 120**, and **95, 135, 19** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157, 192, 50**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167, 192, 88**.

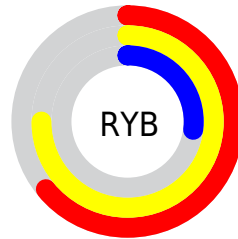
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (55%)

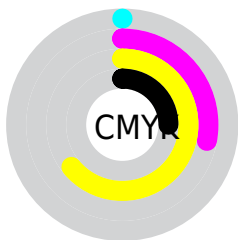
Blue (27%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (27%)

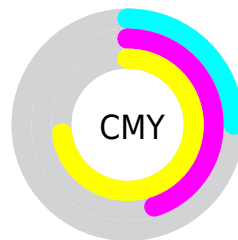


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (64%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 162, 192, 69 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 162, 192, 69 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



162, 192, 69



162, 192, 69

255, 255, 255



127, 163, 44



227, 251, 120



95, 135, 19



198, 255, 146



66, 107, 0



179, 255, 173



65, 80, 0



201, 255, 201



54, 40, 0



229, 255, 229



30, 0, 0



0, 0, 0



162, 192, 69



162, 192, 69



157, 192, 50



167, 192, 88

■ 152, 192, 31

■ 169, 192, 107

■ 148, 192, 11

■ 176, 192, 127

■ 146, 192, 0

■ 181, 192, 146

■ 187, 192, 165

■ 189, 192, 184

■ 192, 195, 203

■ 192, 201, 223

■ 192, 207, 242

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218, 134, 94



162, 192, 69



68, 155, 66

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



162, 192, 69



0, 86, 170



177, 131, 209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



162, 192, 69



69, 106, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115, 140, 229



162, 192, 69



0, 92, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



162, 192, 69



40, 118, 169



0, 94, 228



214, 117, 173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



162, 192, 69



78, 160, 112



0, 94, 228



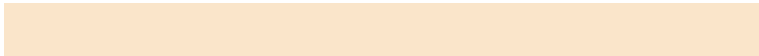
159, 136, 218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



162, 192, 69



239, 250, 202



192, 69, 122



116, 125, 96



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



162, 192, 69



203, 250, 57



69, 192, 77



94, 97, 87



124, 161, 0



24, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 106, 192



57, 115, 250



77, 69, 192



87, 90, 97



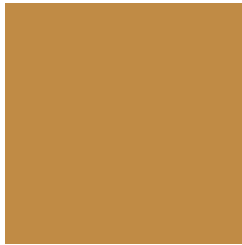
0, 48, 161



0, 10, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 162, 192, 69 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 162, 192, 69 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 162, 192, 69 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 162, 192, 69.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 162, 192, 69.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
162, 192, 69

Protanopia
90, 165, 72

Deuteranopia
136, 185, 68



Tritanopia
197, 131, 141

Trichromacy



Original Color
162, 192, 69

Protanomaly
111, 175, 71

Deuteranomaly
145, 188, 68

Tritanomaly
195, 140, 115

Monochromacy



Original Color
162, 192, 69

Achromatopsia
147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly
152, 163, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 162, 139, 69 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 139, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 139, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 139, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 139, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 162, 192, 69 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 139, 69) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 139, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 139, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 139, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 139, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 139,  
69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 192, 139, 69 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 139, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
139, 69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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