

Converting Colors

`RYB(162, 39, 190)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(162, 39, 190) contains.

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Color

R_YB(162, 39, 190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A227BE
RGB	162, 39, 190
RGB Percent	64%, 15%, 75%
CMY	0.3647, 0.8471, 0.2549
CMYK	0.15, 0.79, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	289°, 66%, 45%
HSV	289°, 79%, 75%
XYZ	24.9201, 12.8501, 49.8821
YIQ	92.9910, 24.8370, 73.0370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

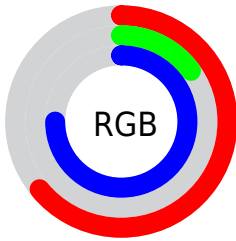
Format	Color
R_{YB}	162, 39, 190
Decimal	10627006
CIE _{Lab}	42.54, 67.70, -53.25
CIE _{LCh}	43, 86.139, 321.813
Yxy	12.8501, 0.2843, 0.1466
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288817086 (0xFFA227BE)
YUV	92.9910, 47.8254, 60.5209
Hunter-Lab	35.8471, 61.3568, -57.4105

Details

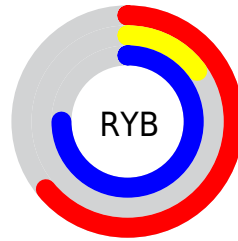
The RYB color **162, 39, 190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9933CC**. A complement of this color would be **39, 190, 162**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **220, 100, 247**, and **105, 0, 136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **158, 20, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166, 58, 190**.

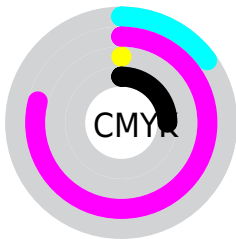
Distribution



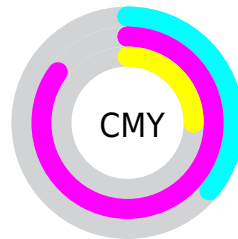
- Red (64%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 162, 39, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 162, 39, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 162, 39, 190

255, 255, 255

 220, 100, 247

 250, 128, 255


 255, 156, 255

 255, 185, 255

 255, 214, 255

 255, 243, 255

 162, 39, 190

 162, 39, 190

 133, 0, 162

 105, 0, 136

 77, 0, 110

 51, 0, 85


 20, 0, 60

 0, 2, 37

 0, 1, 14


 0, 0, 0

 162, 39, 190


 158, 20, 190

 166, 58, 190


 155, 1, 190

 169, 77, 190

 155, 0, 190


 173, 96, 190

 176, 115, 190

 180, 134, 190

 183, 153, 190

 187, 172, 190

 190, 191, 191

 190, 210, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 66, 236



162, 39, 190



211, 0, 123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



162, 39, 190



73, 139, 0



0, 69, 152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



162, 39, 190



39, 190, 162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 79, 127



162, 39, 190



0, 112, 39

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



162, 39, 190



188, 66, 0



0, 122, 122



0, 79, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



162, 39, 190



218, 0, 76



0, 122, 122



0, 64, 128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



162, 39, 190



236, 188, 247



39, 64, 190



118, 89, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



162, 39, 190



204, 12, 247



190, 39, 145



93, 85, 94



129, 0, 158



25, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 39, 67



247, 12, 56



39, 155, 190



94, 85, 87



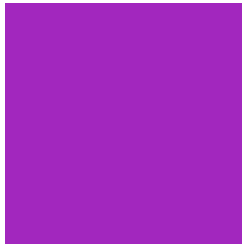
158, 0, 29



31, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 162, 39, 190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

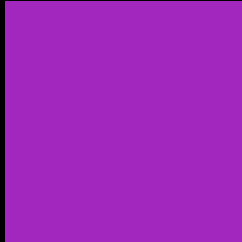
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 162, 39, 190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

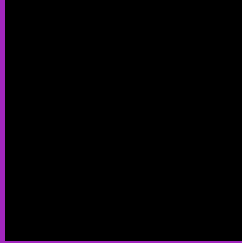
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 162, 39, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 162, 39, 190.

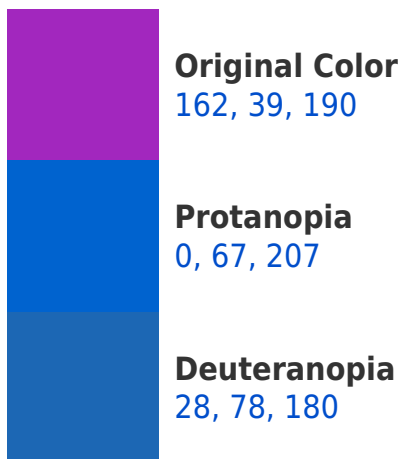


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 162, 39, 190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
148, 81, 87

Trichromacy



Original Color

162, 39, 190



Protanomaly

59, 75, 201



Deuteranomaly

77, 80, 184



Tritanomaly

153, 66, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color

162, 39, 190



Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93



Achromatomaly

118, 73, 128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 162, 39, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 39, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 39, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 39, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 39, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 162, 39, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 39, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 39, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 39, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 39, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 39, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 39,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 162, 39, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 39, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162, 39,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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