

Converting Colors

`RYB(162, 97, 119)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(162, 97, 119) contains.

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Color

R_YB(162, 97, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A26177
RGB	162, 97, 119
RGB Percent	64%, 38%, 47%
CMY	0.3647, 0.6196, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.27, 0.36
HSL	340°, 26%, 51%
HSV	340°, 40%, 64%
XYZ	22.5048, 17.5627, 19.6566
YIQ	118.9430, 31.6780, 20.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

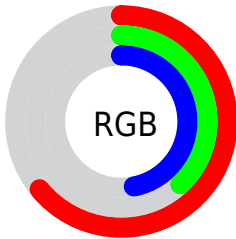
Format	Color
R_{YB}	162, 97, 119
Decimal	10641783
CIE Lab	48.96, 29.32, -1.03
CIE LCh	49, 29.338, 357.983
Yxy	17.5627, 0.3768, 0.2941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288831863 (0xFFA26177)
YUV	118.9430, 0.0281, 37.7610
Hunter-Lab	41.9079, 22.5168, 1.5260

Details

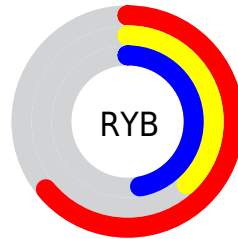
The RYB color **162, 97, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **97, 136, 162**, and the grayscale version is **119, 119, 119**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218, 149, 171**, and **108, 49, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **162, 81, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162, 113, 130**.

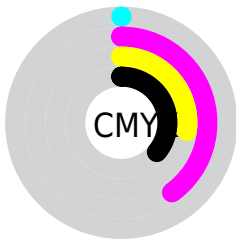
Distribution



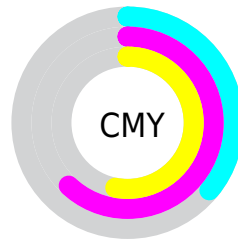
- Red (64%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 162, 97, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 162, 97, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



162, 97, 119



162, 97, 119

255, 255, 255



135, 72, 94



218, 149, 171



108, 49, 71



247, 176, 198



83, 25, 48



255, 203, 226



58, 1, 28



255, 232, 255



38, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



162, 97, 119



162, 97, 119



162, 81, 108



162, 113, 130



162, 65, 98



162, 129, 140

162, 48, 87

162, 146, 151

162, 32, 76

162, 162, 162

162, 16, 65

162, 171, 178

162, 0, 55

162, 181, 194

162, 191, 210

162, 201, 227

162, 211, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146, 102, 143



162, 97, 119



164, 99, 94

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



162, 97, 119



72, 122, 85



28, 84, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



162, 97, 119



97, 136, 162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 67, 139



162, 97, 119



79, 119, 127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



162, 97, 119



94, 134, 66



44, 91, 129



77, 106, 166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



162, 97, 119



158, 113, 80



44, 91, 129



8, 73, 152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



162, 97, 119



212, 186, 195



139, 97, 162



107, 92, 97



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



162, 97, 119



212, 110, 144



162, 109, 97



82, 73, 76



145, 0, 49



18, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 97, 119



212, 110, 144



97, 127, 162



82, 73, 76



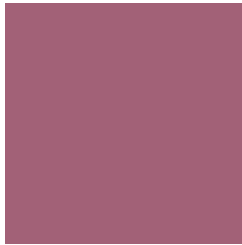
145, 0, 49



18, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 162, 97, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

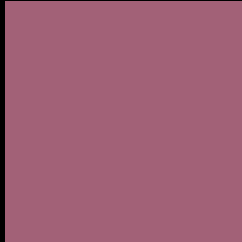
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 162, 97, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

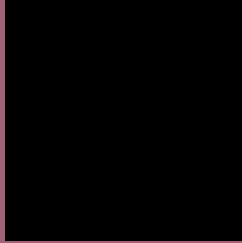
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 162, 97, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 162, 97, 119.

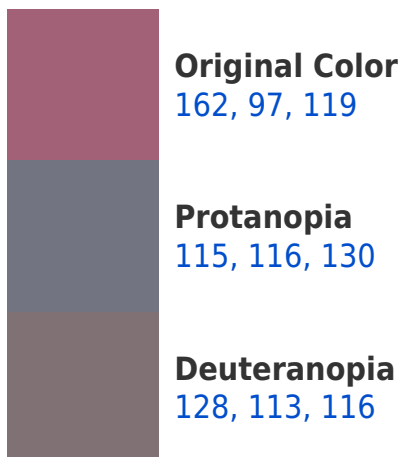


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 162, 97, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
161, 99, 107

Trichromacy



Original Color
162, 97, 119

Protanomaly
132, 109, 126

Deuteranomaly
140, 107, 117

Tritanomaly
161, 98, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color
162, 97, 119

Achromatopsia
119, 119, 119

Achromatomaly
135, 111, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 162, 97, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 97, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 97, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 97, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 97, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 162, 97, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 97, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 97, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 97, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 97, 119); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 97, 119); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 97, 119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 162, 97, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 97, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162, 97,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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