

Converting Colors

`RYB(163, 132, 125)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(163, 132, 125) contains.

RYB(163, 132, 125)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(163, 132, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3837D
RGB	163, 131, 125
RGB Percent	64%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.3608, 0.4866, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.23, 0.36
HSL	9°, 17%, 56%
HSV	9°, 23%, 64%
XYZ	26.9103, 25.4759, 22.9011
YIQ	139.8840, 20.9980, 4.9180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

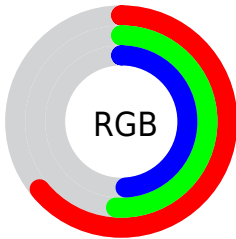
Format	Color
R_{YB}	163, 132, 125
Decimal	10716029
CIE _{Lab}	57.54, 11.35, 7.85
CIE _{LCh}	58, 13.801, 34.650
Yxy	25.4759, 0.3574, 0.3384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288906109 (0xFFA3837D)
YUV	139.8840, -7.3378, 20.2727
Hunter-Lab	50.4737, 6.8392, 8.4304

Details

The RYB color **163, 132, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **125, 142, 163**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218, 185, 178**, and **111, 83, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 118, 109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163, 146, 141**.

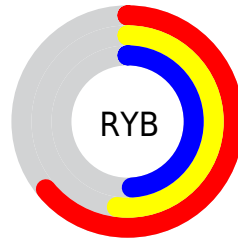
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (51%)

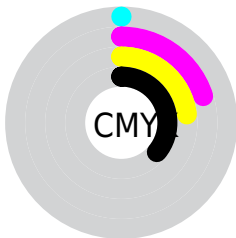
Blue (49%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (49%)

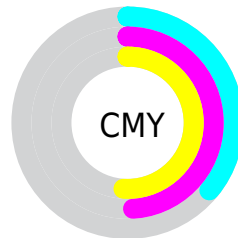


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 163, 132, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 163, 132, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 163, 132, 125

255, 255, 255

 218, 185, 178

 247, 213, 205

 255, 243, 233

 163, 132, 125

 136, 107, 100

 111, 82, 76

 86, 59, 53

 62, 38, 32

 39, 18, 9

 2, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 163, 132, 125

 163, 118, 109


 163, 132, 125

 163, 146, 141

 163, 105, 92

 163, 158, 158

 163, 93, 76

 163, 168, 174

 163, 79, 60

 163, 175, 190

 163, 65, 44

 163, 183, 206

 163, 52, 27

 163, 190, 223

 163, 40, 11

 163, 198, 239

 163, 30, 0

 163, 205, 255

 163, 209, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 130, 137



163, 132, 125



157, 147, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163, 132, 125



119, 137, 144



127, 136, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163, 132, 125



125, 142, 163

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 131, 160



163, 132, 125



109, 128, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163, 132, 125



118, 142, 128



107, 127, 151



143, 134, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163, 132, 125



134, 150, 114



107, 127, 151



122, 134, 162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163, 132, 125



212, 199, 197



163, 125, 157



107, 100, 99



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163, 132, 125



212, 164, 152



145, 163, 125



82, 76, 73



145, 27, 0



18, 4, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 142, 163



152, 179, 212



125, 135, 163



73, 77, 82



0, 67, 145



0, 8, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 163, 132, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

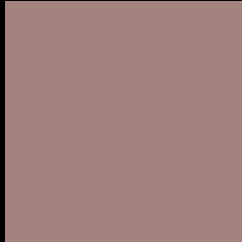
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 163, 132, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

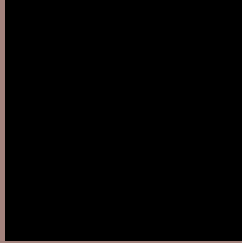
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 163, 132, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 163, 132, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 163, 132, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


163, 132, 125

Protanopia

137, 143, 129

Deuteranopia

157, 136, 125



Tritanopia
165, 129, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color
163, 132, 125

Protanomaly
150, 138, 128

Deuteranomaly
159, 134, 125

Tritanomaly
164, 130, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color
163, 132, 125

Achromatopsia
140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly
148, 137, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 163, 132, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 131, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 131, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 131, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 131, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 163, 132, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 131, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 131, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 131, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 131, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 131, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 131, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 163, 132, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 131, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
131, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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