

Converting Colors

`RYB(163, 255, 167)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(163, 255, 167) contains.

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Color

R_YB(163, 255, 167)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBFFA3
RGB	251, 255, 163
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 64%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0000, 0.3608
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.36, 0.00
HSL	63°, 100%, 82%
HSV	63°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	82.1545, 94.6736, 48.5942
YIQ	243.3160, 27.1480, -29.4600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

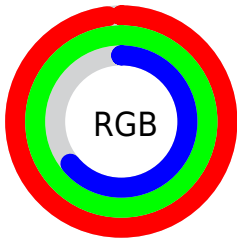
Format	Color
RYB	163, 255, 167
Decimal	16514979
CIELab	97.90, -14.67, 43.54
CIElCh	98, 45.950, 108.624
Yxy	94.6736, 0.3644, 0.4200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294705059 (0xFFFBFFA3)
YUV	243.3160, -39.5958, 6.7389
Hunter-Lab	97.3003, -19.5610, 38.4994

Details

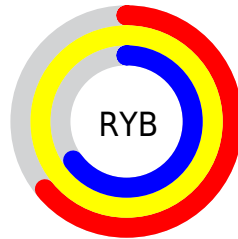
The RYB color **163, 255, 167** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **167, 163, 255**, and the grayscale version is **244, 244, 244**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219, 255, 219**, and **110, 198, 115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137, 255, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 255, 191**.

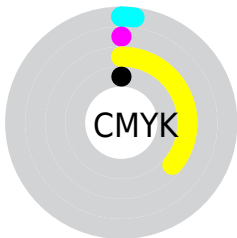
Distribution



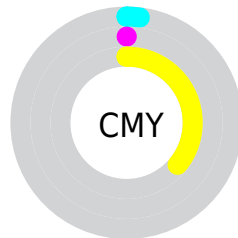
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 163, 255, 167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 163, 255, 167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 163, 255, 167

255, 255, 255

 219, 255, 219

 248, 255, 248


 163, 255, 167

 136, 226, 140

 110, 198, 115

 84, 171, 90

 59, 145, 66

 34, 119, 42

 4, 94, 13

 0, 71, 10

 0, 48, 12

 0, 28, 22

■ 163, 255, 167

■ 163, 255, 167

■ 137, 255, 142

■ 188, 255, 191

■ 112, 255, 118

■ 214, 255, 216

■ 86, 255, 93

■ 239, 255, 240

■ 61, 255, 69

255, 255, 255

■ 35, 255, 45

■ 10, 255, 21

■ 0, 255, 11

Harmonies

Analogous

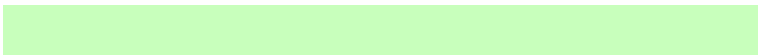
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179, 255, 161



163, 255, 167



188, 255, 243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163, 255, 167



96, 176, 255



255, 217, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163, 255, 167



167, 163, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 228, 255



163, 255, 167



159, 207, 255

Square

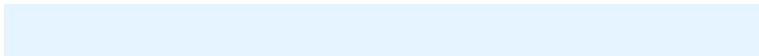
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163, 255, 167



95, 175, 255



230, 239, 255



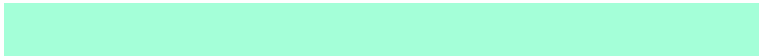
255, 216, 223

Rectangle

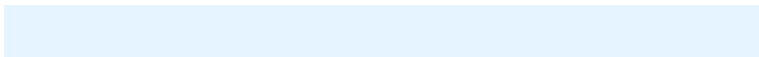
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163, 255, 167



164, 222, 255



230, 239, 255



255, 219, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163, 255, 167



227, 255, 228



255, 166, 163



111, 128, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

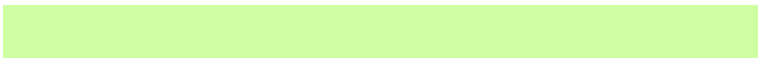
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163, 255, 167



145, 255, 150



163, 255, 212



115, 128, 116



0, 191, 8



0, 64, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167, 163, 255



150, 145, 255



212, 163, 255



115, 115, 128



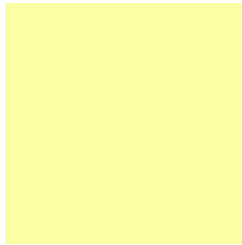
8, 0, 191



3, 0, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 163, 255, 167 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

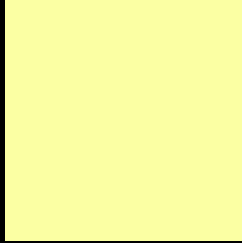
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 163, 255, 167 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 163, 255, 167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 163, 255, 167.

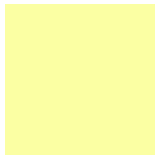


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 163, 255, 167.

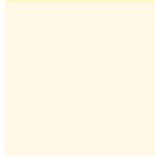
Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

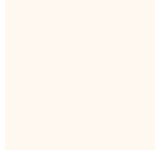
Dichromacy



Original Color
163, 255, 167



Protanopia
237, 255, 229



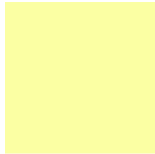
Deuteranopia
255, 255, 241



Tritanopia

255, 246, 255

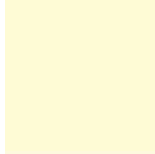
Trichromacy



Original Color
163, 255, 167



Protanomaly
208, 254, 205

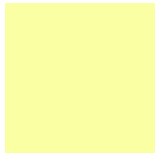


Deuteranomaly
216, 254, 213

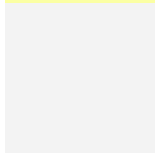


Tritanomaly
228, 254, 222

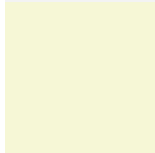
Monochromacy



Original Color
163, 255, 167



Achromatopsia
243, 243, 243



Achromatomaly
214, 247, 215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 163, 255, 167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 255, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 255, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 255, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 255, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 163, 255, 167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 255, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 255, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 255, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 255, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 163, 255, 167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 255, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
255, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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