

# Converting Colors

`RYB(163, 88, 148)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(163, 88, 148) contains.

<b>RYB(163, 88, 148)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(163, 88, 148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A35894
RGB	163, 88, 148
RGB Percent	64%, 35%, 58%
CMY	0.3608, 0.6549, 0.4196
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.09, 0.36
HSL	312°, 30%, 49%
HSV	312°, 46%, 64%
XYZ	23.9393, 16.9041, 30.0181
YIQ	117.2650, 25.4400, 34.5600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

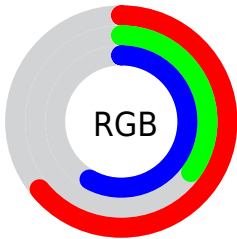
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	163, 88, 148
Decimal	10705044
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.14, 39.30, -19.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 43.911, 333.513
Yxy	16.9041, 0.3378, 0.2386
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288895124 (0xFFA35894)
YUV	117.2650, 15.1524, 40.1096
Hunter-Lab	41.1146, 31.9824, -14.5078

# Details

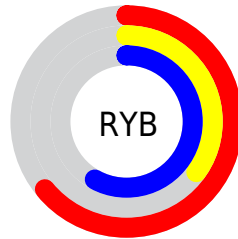
The RYB color **163, 88, 148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **88, 151, 163**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219, 140, 202**, and **109, 38, 97** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 72, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163, 104, 151**.

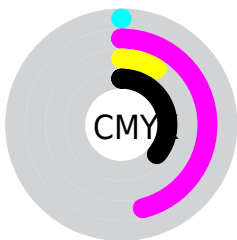
# Distribution



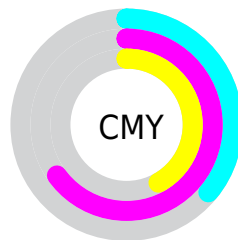
- Red (64%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 163, 88, 148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 163, 88, 148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





163, 88, 148



163, 88, 148

255, 255, 255



136, 63, 122



219, 140, 202



109, 38, 97



248, 167, 230



84, 9, 73



255, 195, 255



59, 0, 50



255, 223, 255



38, 0, 30



255, 252, 255



0, 0, 0



163, 88, 148



163, 88, 148



163, 72, 145



163, 104, 151



163, 55, 141



163, 121, 155

163, 39, 138

163, 137, 158

163, 23, 135

163, 153, 161

163, 7, 132

163, 169, 170

163, 0, 130

163, 182, 186

163, 195, 202

163, 209, 218

163, 223, 235

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 103, 176



163, 88, 148



181, 81, 111

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163, 88, 148



56, 131, 35



0, 71, 154

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163, 88, 148



88, 151, 163

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 70, 132



163, 88, 148



49, 124, 81

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163, 88, 148



161, 146, 47



36, 100, 130



0, 74, 180

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163, 88, 148



182, 83, 87



36, 100, 130



0, 69, 143



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163, 88, 148



212, 182, 206



103, 88, 163



107, 89, 103



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163, 88, 148



212, 95, 188



163, 88, 111



82, 73, 80



145, 0, 116



18, 0, 14



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 88, 148



212, 95, 188



88, 132, 163



82, 73, 80



145, 0, 116

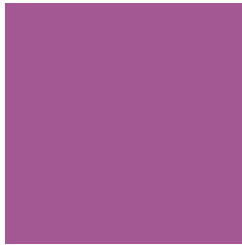


18, 0, 14



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 163, 88, 148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 163, 88, 148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

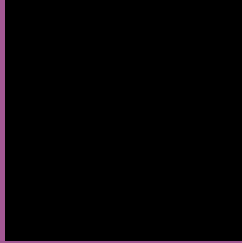
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 163, 88, 148 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 163, 88, 148.

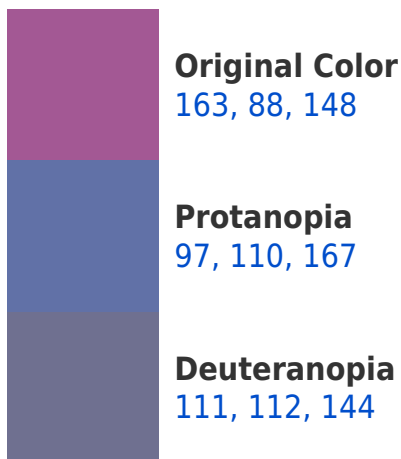


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 163, 88, 148.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
158, 97, 105

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
163, 88, 148

**Protanomaly**  
121, 104, 160

**Deuteranomaly**  
130, 103, 145

**Tritanomaly**  
160, 94, 121

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
163, 88, 148

**Achromatopsia**  
117, 117, 117

**Achromatomaly**  
134, 106, 128

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 163, 88, 148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 88, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 88, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 88, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 88, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 163, 88, 148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 88, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 88, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 88, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 88, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 88, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 88,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 163, 88, 148 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 88, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 88,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor