

Converting Colors

`RYB(164, 133, 143)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(164, 133, 143) contains.

RYB(164, 133, 143)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(164, 133, 143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4858F
RGB	164, 133, 143
RGB Percent	64%, 52%, 56%
CMY	0.3569, 0.4784, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.13, 0.36
HSL	341°, 15%, 58%
HSV	341°, 19%, 64%
XYZ	28.6553, 26.6507, 29.6204
YIQ	143.4090, 15.2660, 9.6820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

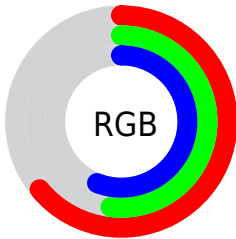
Format	Color
RYB	164, 133, 143
Decimal	10782095
CIELab	58.65, 13.50, -0.88
CIELCh	59, 13.531, 356.253
Yxy	26.6507, 0.3374, 0.3138
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288972175 (0xFFA4858F)
YUV	143.4090, -0.2016, 18.0583
Hunter-Lab	51.6244, 8.7379, 2.1183

Details

The RYB color **164, 133, 143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **133, 151, 164**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219, 186, 197**, and **112, 83, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164, 117, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 149, 154**.

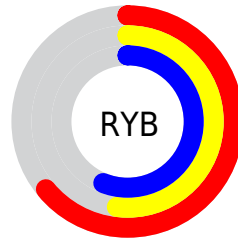
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (52%)

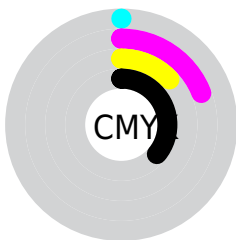
Blue (56%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (56%)

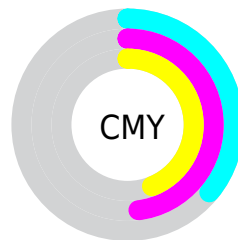


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 164, 133, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 164, 133, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 164, 133, 143


255, 255, 255

 219, 186, 197

 248, 214, 225


 255, 242, 253


 164, 133, 143

 138, 108, 117

 112, 83, 93


 87, 60, 69


 63, 38, 47


 41, 17, 26


 18, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 164, 133, 143

 164, 117, 132

 164, 133, 143

 164, 149, 154

 164, 100, 121

 164, 165, 166

 164, 84, 110

 164, 175, 182

 164, 67, 99

 164, 185, 199

 164, 51, 87

 164, 194, 215

 164, 35, 76

 164, 204, 231

 164, 18, 65

 164, 214, 248

 164, 2, 54

 164, 216, 255

 164, 0, 53

 164, 213, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 135, 154



164, 133, 143



166, 133, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164, 133, 143



120, 144, 125



114, 133, 160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164, 133, 143



133, 151, 164

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 130, 151



164, 133, 143



126, 144, 146

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164, 133, 143



137, 152, 118



115, 134, 148



126, 138, 164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164, 133, 143



164, 139, 124



115, 134, 148



112, 132, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164, 133, 143



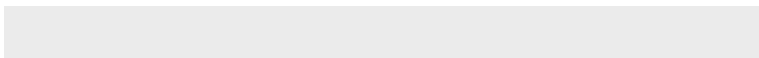
214, 201, 205



154, 133, 164



107, 100, 102



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164, 133, 143



214, 165, 181



164, 139, 133



82, 73, 76



145, 0, 47



18, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



164, 133, 143



214, 165, 181



133, 147, 164



82, 73, 76



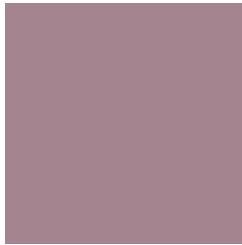
145, 0, 47



18, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 164, 133, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 164, 133, 143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R/Y/B 164, 133, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R/Y/B color 164, 133, 143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R/Y/B color 164, 133, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


164, 133, 143

Protanopia

142, 140, 147

Deuteranopia

154, 137, 142



Tritanopia
164, 133, 143

Trichromacy



Original Color

164, 133, 143

Protanomaly

150, 137, 146

Deuteranomaly

158, 136, 142

Tritanomaly

164, 133, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color

164, 133, 143

Achromatopsia

143, 143, 143

Achromatomaly

151, 139, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 164, 133, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(164, 133, 143) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 133, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 133, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 133, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 164, 133, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 133, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 133, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 133, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 133, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 133, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 133,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 164, 133, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 133, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
133, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor