

Converting Colors

`RYB(164, 146, 235)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(164, 146, 235) contains.

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Color

R_YB(164, 146, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A492EB
RGB	164, 146, 235
RGB Percent	64%, 57%, 92%
CMY	0.3569, 0.4275, 0.0784
CMYK	0.30, 0.38, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	252°, 69%, 75%
HSV	252°, 38%, 92%
XYZ	40.5841, 34.4484, 83.1075
YIQ	161.5280, -17.8410, 31.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

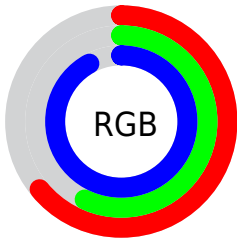
Format	Color
RYB	164, 146, 235
Decimal	10785515
CIELab	65.32, 26.01, -42.58
CIELCh	65, 49.890, 301.416
Yxy	34.4484, 0.2566, 0.2178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288975595 (0xFFA492EB)
YUV	161.5280, 36.2217, 2.1679
Hunter-Lab	58.6928, 20.7144, -42.8681

Details

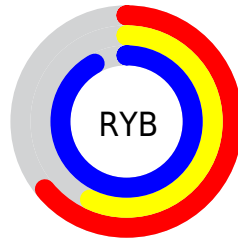
The RYB color **164, 146, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **146, 235, 164**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **221, 200, 255**, and **110, 95, 179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145, 122, 235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183, 170, 235**.

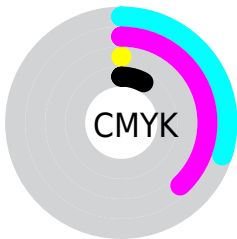
Distribution



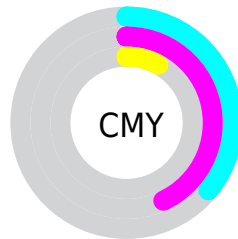
- Red (64%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 164, 146, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 164, 146, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 164, 146, 235


255, 255, 255

 221, 200, 255

 250, 228, 255

 164, 146, 235

 136, 120, 207


 110, 95, 179


 83, 71, 152

 56, 49, 125

 28, 27, 100

 0, 6, 76

 0, 0, 52

 0, 2, 30

 0, 0, 0

■ 164, 146, 235

■ 164, 146, 235

■ 145, 122, 235

■ 183, 170, 235

■ 127, 99, 235

■ 201, 193, 235

■ 108, 75, 235

■ 220, 216, 235

■ 89, 52, 235

■ 235, 240, 236

■ 70, 29, 235

■ 235, 255, 235

■ 52, 5, 235

■ 48, 0, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78, 135, 248



164, 146, 235



215, 129, 202

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164, 146, 235



218, 189, 80



0, 96, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164, 146, 235



146, 235, 164

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77, 151, 178



164, 146, 235



98, 182, 66

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164, 146, 235



239, 127, 114



79, 170, 112



0, 96, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164, 146, 235



235, 122, 173



79, 170, 112



0, 100, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164, 146, 235



233, 227, 255



146, 185, 235



114, 111, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164, 146, 235



163, 140, 255



208, 146, 235



108, 106, 117



37, 0, 181



11, 0, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 146, 217



255, 140, 232



146, 235, 208



117, 106, 115



181, 0, 144



54, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 164, 146, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

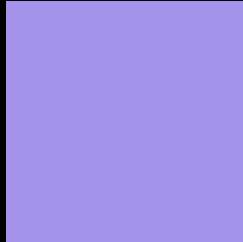
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 164, 146, 235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

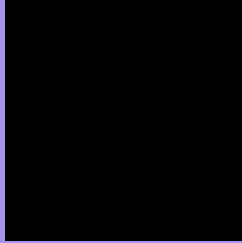
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 164, 146, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 164, 146, 235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 164, 146, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
164, 146, 235

Protanopia
127, 150, 243

Deuteranopia
127, 150, 233



Tritanopia
151, 157, 172

Trichromacy



Original Color
164, 146, 235

Protanomaly
140, 151, 240

Deuteranomaly
140, 151, 234

Tritanomaly
156, 154, 195

Monochromacy



Original Color
164, 146, 235

Achromatopsia
162, 162, 162

Achromatomaly
163, 156, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 164, 146, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 146, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 146, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 146, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 146, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 164, 146, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 146, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 146, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 146, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 146, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 146, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 146,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 164, 146, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 146, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
146, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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