

Converting Colors

`RYB(165, 138, 158)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(165, 138, 158) contains.

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Color

R_YB(165, 138, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A58A9E
RGB	165, 138, 158
RGB Percent	65%, 54%, 62%
CMY	0.3529, 0.4588, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.04, 0.35
HSL	316°, 13%, 59%
HSV	316°, 16%, 65%
XYZ	30.7771, 28.6449, 36.2546
YIQ	148.3530, 9.6720, 11.9440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

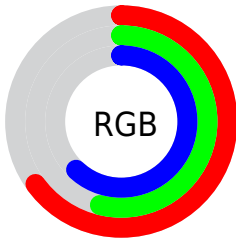
Format	Color
RYB	165, 138, 158
Decimal	10848926
CIELab	60.47, 13.75, -6.78
CIElCh	60, 15.330, 333.742
Yxy	28.6449, 0.3217, 0.2994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289039006 (0xFFA58A9E)
YUV	148.3530, 4.7560, 14.5994
Hunter-Lab	53.5209, 8.9843, -2.6979

Details

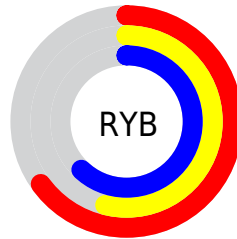
The RYB color **165, 138, 158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **138, 159, 165**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **220, 192, 213**, and **113, 88, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **165, 121, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 154, 162**.

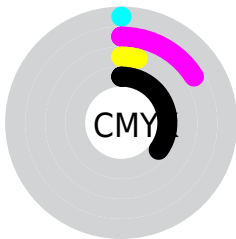
Distribution



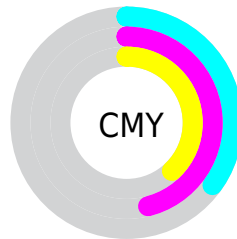
- Red (65%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 165, 138, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 165, 138, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 165, 138, 158

255, 255, 255

 220, 192, 213

 249, 219, 241

 255, 248, 255

 165, 138, 158


 139, 113, 132

 113, 88, 107

 88, 64, 83

 65, 42, 59


 42, 21, 38

 24, 0, 17

 0, 0, 0

 165, 138, 158

 165, 121, 154

 165, 138, 158

 165, 154, 162

■ 165, 105, 149

■ 165, 170, 171

■ 165, 88, 145

■ 165, 182, 187

■ 165, 72, 141

■ 165, 196, 204

■ 165, 55, 137

■ 165, 209, 220

■ 165, 39, 132

■ 165, 222, 237

■ 165, 22, 128

■ 165, 235, 253

■ 165, 6, 124

■ 165, 234, 255

■ 165, 0, 122

■ 165, 231, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 142, 168



165, 138, 158



173, 136, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165, 138, 158



133, 155, 119



110, 133, 160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165, 138, 158



138, 159, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113, 135, 154



165, 138, 158



123, 150, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165, 138, 158



167, 155, 122



125, 146, 152



117, 137, 170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165, 138, 158



174, 137, 136



125, 146, 152



110, 132, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165, 138, 158



214, 203, 211



145, 138, 165



107, 101, 105



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165, 138, 158



214, 171, 203



165, 138, 145



82, 73, 79



145, 0, 108



18, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165, 138, 158



214, 171, 203



138, 154, 165



82, 73, 79



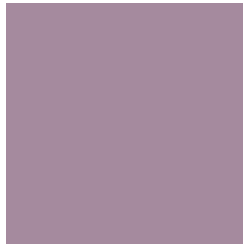
145, 0, 108



18, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 165, 138, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

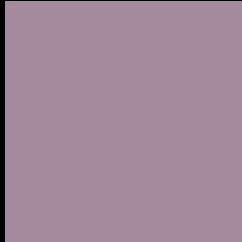
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 165, 138, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

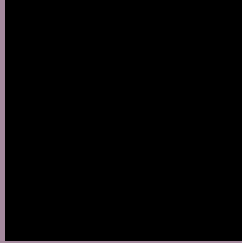
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 165, 138, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 165, 138, 158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 165, 138, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
165, 138, 158

Protanopia
144, 145, 162

Deuteranopia
155, 142, 157



Tritanopia
164, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color
165, 138, 158

Protanomaly
152, 142, 161

Deuteranomaly
159, 141, 157

Tritanomaly
164, 139, 153

Monochromacy



Original Color
165, 138, 158

Achromatopsia
148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly
154, 144, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 165, 138, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(165, 138, 158) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 138, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 138, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 138, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 165, 138, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 138, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 138, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 138, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 138, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 138, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 138,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 165, 138, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 138, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
138, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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