

Converting Colors

`RYB(166, 114, 118)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(166, 114, 118) contains.

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Color

R_YB(166, 114, 118)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A67276
RGB	166, 114, 118
RGB Percent	65%, 45%, 46%
CMY	0.3490, 0.5529, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.29, 0.35
HSL	355°, 23%, 55%
HSV	355°, 31%, 65%
XYZ	25.0132, 21.4496, 19.9614
YIQ	130.0040, 29.7080, 12.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

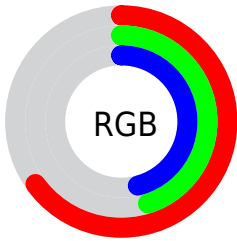
Format	Color
R_{YB}	166, 114, 118
Decimal	10908278
CIE _{Lab}	53.44, 21.11, 6.10
CIE _{LCh}	53, 21.978, 16.127
Yxy	21.4496, 0.3766, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289098358 (0xFFA67276)
YUV	130.0040, -5.9180, 31.5685
Hunter-Lab	46.3137, 15.3556, 6.8654

Details

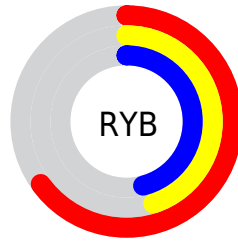
The RYB color **166, 114, 118** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **114, 141, 166**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **222, 166, 170**, and **113, 65, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166, 97, 103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166, 131, 133**.

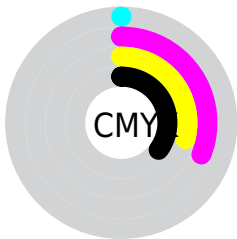
Distribution



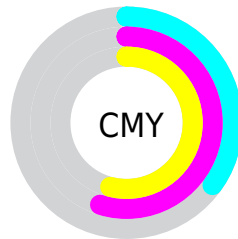
- Red (65%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 166, 114, 118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 166, 114, 118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 166, 114, 118


255, 255, 255

 222, 166, 170

 251, 194, 197

 255, 222, 225

 255, 250, 254

 166, 114, 118

 139, 89, 93

 113, 65, 70

 87, 42, 48

 62, 21, 27

 41, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0


 166, 114, 118

 166, 97, 103

 166, 81, 87

 166, 114, 118


 166, 131, 133

 166, 147, 149

 166, 64, 72

 166, 164, 164

 166, 48, 57

 166, 173, 180

 166, 31, 41

 166, 182, 197

 166, 14, 26

 166, 191, 214

 166, 0, 13

 166, 199, 230

 166, 208, 247

 166, 211, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 115, 137



166, 114, 118



162, 123, 101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



166, 114, 118



101, 135, 127



92, 118, 164

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



166, 114, 118



114, 141, 166

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73, 108, 154



166, 114, 118



88, 119, 138

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



166, 114, 118



92, 131, 91



72, 105, 138



118, 125, 164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



166, 114, 118



154, 143, 94



72, 105, 138



84, 114, 162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



166, 114, 118



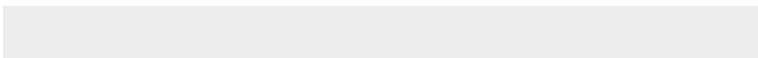
217, 197, 199



162, 114, 166



110, 98, 99



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



166, 114, 118



217, 134, 141



166, 152, 114



84, 76, 76



148, 0, 11



20, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166, 114, 118



217, 134, 141



114, 133, 166



84, 76, 76



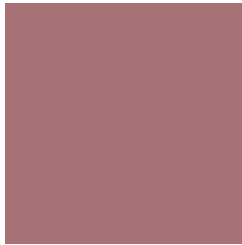
148, 0, 11



20, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 166, 114, 118 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

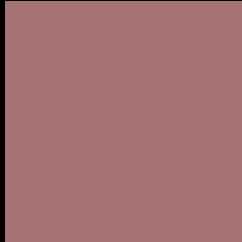
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 166, 114, 118 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 166, 114, 118 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 166, 114, 118.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 166, 114, 118.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


166, 114, 118

Protanopia

131, 128, 125

Deuteranopia

145, 125, 116



Tritanopia
166, 113, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

166, 114, 118

Protanomaly

144, 122, 122

Deuteranomaly

153, 120, 117

Tritanomaly

166, 113, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

166, 114, 118

Achromatopsia

130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly

143, 124, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 166, 114, 118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 114, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 114, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 114, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 114, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 166, 114, 118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 114, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 114, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 114, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 114, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 114, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 114,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 166, 114, 118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 114, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
114, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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