

Converting Colors

`RYB(166, 188, 183)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(166, 188, 183) contains.

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Color

R_YB(166, 188, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABBCA6
RGB	171, 188, 166
RGB Percent	67%, 74%, 65%
CMY	0.3294, 0.2627, 0.3490
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.12, 0.26
HSL	106°, 14%, 69%
HSV	106°, 12%, 74%
XYZ	41.6607, 47.3775, 43.0254
YIQ	180.4090, -3.0700, -10.4460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

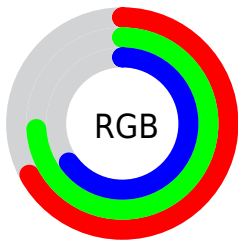
Format	Color
R_{YB}	166, 188, 183
Decimal	11254950
CIE _{Lab}	74.43, -9.98, 9.15
CIE _{LCh}	74, 13.539, 137.473
Yxy	47.3775, 0.3155, 0.3587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289445030 (0xFFABBCA6)
YUV	180.4090, -7.1036, -8.2517
Hunter-Lab	68.8313, -12.4163, 11.1207

Details

The RYB color **166, 188, 183** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **183, 166, 188**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **221, 244, 239**, and **114, 135, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147, 188, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 188, 187**.

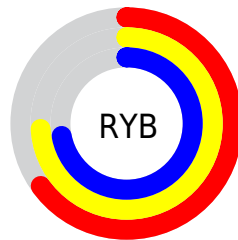
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (74%)

Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (72%)

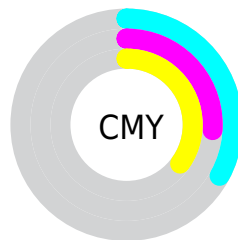


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 166, 188, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 166, 188, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 166, 188, 183


255, 255, 255


 221, 244, 239

 250, 255, 250

 166, 188, 183

 140, 161, 157

 114, 135, 130

 90, 109, 105

 66, 85, 81

 44, 62, 58


 23, 40, 37

 0, 20, 20


 0, 0, 0


 166, 188, 183


 166, 188, 183

 147, 188, 179


 185, 188, 187

 128, 188, 174


 200, 188, 204

 110, 188, 171


 215, 188, 222

 91, 188, 166


 229, 188, 241

 72, 188, 162


 244, 188, 255

 53, 188, 157

 255, 188, 255

 34, 188, 153

 16, 188, 149

 0, 188, 145

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159, 185, 159



166, 188, 183



159, 179, 190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



166, 188, 183



164, 179, 207



210, 175, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



166, 188, 183



183, 166, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205, 175, 189



166, 188, 183



179, 182, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



166, 188, 183



153, 174, 201



194, 178, 200



207, 182, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



166, 188, 183



153, 173, 191



194, 178, 200



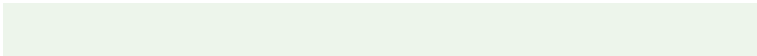
209, 175, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



166, 188, 183



235, 245, 243



172, 188, 166



116, 122, 120



250, 250, 250



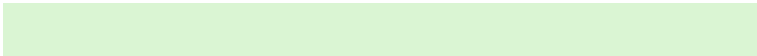
122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



166, 188, 183



211, 245, 238



166, 183, 188



85, 94, 92



0, 158, 122



0, 31, 24

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183, 166, 188



237, 211, 245



188, 166, 182



92, 85, 94



122, 0, 158



24, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 166, 188, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

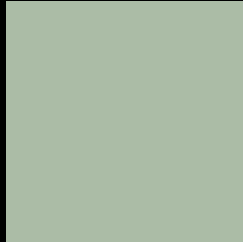
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 166, 188, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

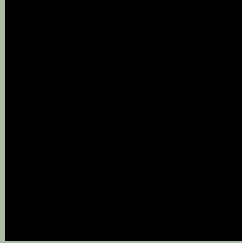
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

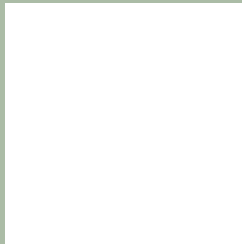
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 166, 188, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 166, 188, 183.

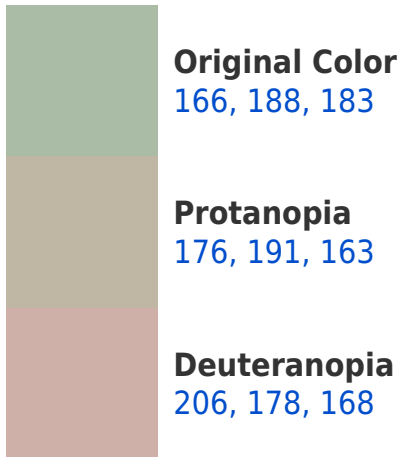


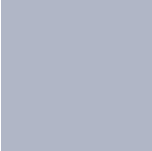
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 166, 188, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

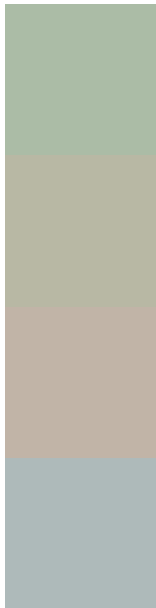
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
176, 181, 198

Trichromacy



Original Color
166, 188, 183

Protanomaly
164, 184, 164

Deuteranomaly
193, 193, 167

Tritanomaly
174, 180, 186

Monochromacy



Original Color
166, 188, 183

Achromatopsia
180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly
175, 183, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 166, 188, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 188, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 188, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 188, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 188, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 166, 188, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 188, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 188, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 188, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 188, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 188, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 188,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 166, 188, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 188, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
188, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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