

Converting Colors

`RYB(166, 194, 107)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(166, 194, 107) contains.

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Color

R_YB(166, 194, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C29F6B
RGB	194, 159, 107
RGB Percent	76%, 62%, 42%
CMY	0.2392, 0.3771, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.45, 0.24
HSL	36°, 42%, 59%
HSV	36°, 45%, 76%
XYZ	37.2730, 37.2730, 19.1398
YIQ	163.5370, 37.5520, -8.7520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

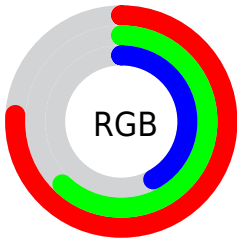
Format	Color
RYB	166, 194, 107
Decimal	12754795
CIELab	67.48, 6.15, 31.90
CIELCh	67, 32.484, 79.096
Yxy	37.2730, 0.3979, 0.3979
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290944875 (0xFFC29F6B)
YUV	163.5370, -27.8727, 26.7161
Hunter-Lab	61.0516, 2.1369, 24.1486

Details

The RYB color **166, 194, 107** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **107, 132, 194**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223, 252, 159**, and **106, 138, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **160, 194, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 194, 126**.

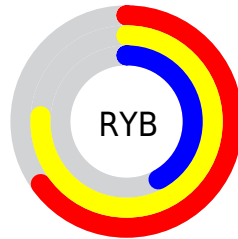
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (62%)

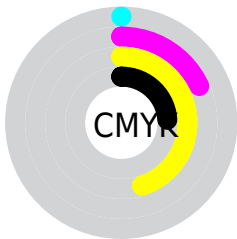
Blue (42%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (42%)

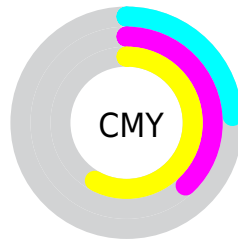


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 166, 194, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 166, 194, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 166, 194, 107


255, 255, 255

 226, 252, 159

 202, 255, 186


 214, 255, 214

 243, 255, 243

 166, 194, 107

 136, 166, 82

 106, 138, 58

 82, 112, 35


 52, 86, 12

 34, 61, 0


 32, 36, 0

 0, 0, 0

 166, 194, 107

 160, 194, 88

 166, 194, 107

 171, 194, 126

■ 154, 194, 68

■ 177, 194, 146

■ 148, 194, 49

■ 185, 194, 165

■ 142, 194, 29

■ 192, 194, 185

■ 134, 194, 10

■ 194, 197, 204

■ 130, 194, 0

■ 194, 202, 223

■ 194, 208, 243

■ 194, 213, 255

■ 194, 216, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214, 161, 121



166, 194, 107



108, 168, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



166, 194, 107



66, 123, 182



191, 150, 203

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



166, 194, 107



107, 132, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153, 160, 219



166, 194, 107



69, 130, 208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



166, 194, 107



97, 147, 180



107, 148, 221



215, 143, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



166, 194, 107



118, 174, 149



107, 148, 221



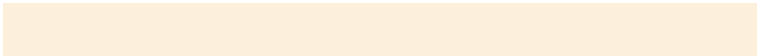
180, 154, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



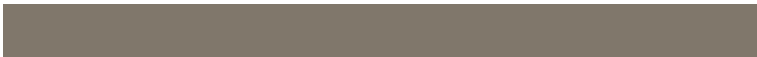
166, 194, 107



242, 252, 220



194, 107, 143



123, 128, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



166, 194, 107



208, 252, 116



107, 194, 114



94, 97, 87



109, 161, 0



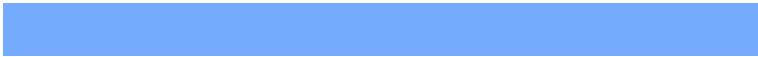
21, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 132, 194



116, 155, 252



114, 107, 194



87, 90, 97



0, 46, 161



0, 9, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 166, 194, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

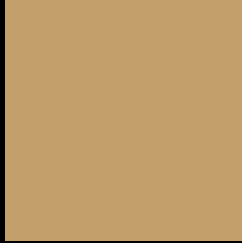
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 166, 194, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

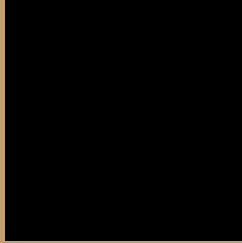
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 166, 194, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 166, 194, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 166, 194, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
166, 194, 107

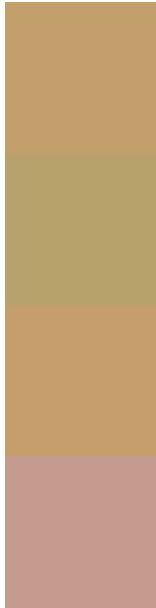
Protanopia
127, 178, 109

Deuteranopia
182, 198, 107



Tritanopia
199, 152, 163

Trichromacy



Original Color
166, 194, 107

Protanomaly
139, 184, 108

Deuteranomaly
176, 197, 107

Tritanomaly
197, 157, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color
166, 194, 107

Achromatopsia
163, 163, 163

Achromatomaly
165, 174, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 166, 194, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 159, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 159, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 159, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 159, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 166, 194, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 159, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 159, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 159, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 159, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 159, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 159,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 166, 194, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 159, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
159, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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