

Converting Colors

`RYB(166, 6, 140)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(166, 6, 140) contains.

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Color

R_YB(166, 6, 140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6068C
RGB	166, 6, 140
RGB Percent	65%, 2%, 55%
CMY	0.3490, 0.9765, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 0.16, 0.35
HSL	310°, 93%, 34%
HSV	310°, 96%, 65%
XYZ	20.5246, 10.1307, 25.6846
YIQ	69.1160, 52.3460, 75.5940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

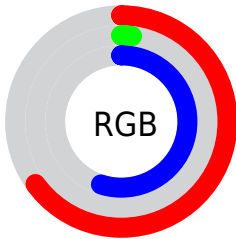
Format	Color
RYB	166, 6, 140
Decimal	10880652
CIELab	38.08, 66.89, -30.34
CIElCh	38, 73.447, 335.600
Yxy	10.1307, 0.3643, 0.1798
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289070732 (0xFFA6068C)
YUV	69.1160, 34.9458, 84.9673
Hunter-Lab	31.8287, 59.4047, -25.5647

Details

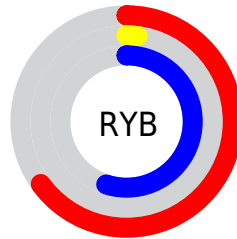
The RYB color **166, 6, 140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **6, 144, 166**, and the grayscale version is **69, 69, 69**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225, 83, 194**, and **109, 0, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166, 0, 139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166, 23, 143**.

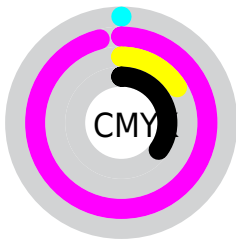
Distribution



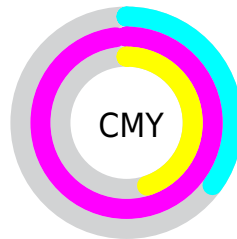
- Red (65%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 166, 6, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 166, 6, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



166, 6, 140



166, 6, 140

255, 255, 255



137, 0, 114



225, 83, 194



109, 0, 89



255, 112, 222



82, 0, 65



255, 140, 251



56, 0, 43



255, 169, 255



23, 0, 21



255, 198, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 228, 255



166, 6, 140



166, 6, 140



166, 0, 139



166, 23, 143

■ 166, 39, 145

■ 166, 56, 148

■ 166, 72, 151

■ 166, 89, 153

■ 166, 106, 156

■ 166, 122, 159

■ 166, 139, 162

■ 166, 155, 164

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97, 67, 188



166, 6, 140



189, 0, 81

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



166, 6, 140



10, 100, 0



0, 66, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



166, 6, 140



6, 144, 166

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 60, 113



166, 6, 140



0, 104, 75

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



166, 6, 140



148, 122, 0



0, 84, 111



0, 70, 199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



166, 6, 140



186, 0, 43



0, 84, 111



0, 63, 140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



166, 6, 140



217, 154, 207



30, 6, 166



110, 71, 103



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



166, 6, 140



217, 0, 182



166, 6, 62



84, 76, 83



148, 0, 124



20, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166, 6, 140



217, 0, 182



6, 103, 166



84, 76, 83



148, 0, 124



20, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 166, 6, 140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

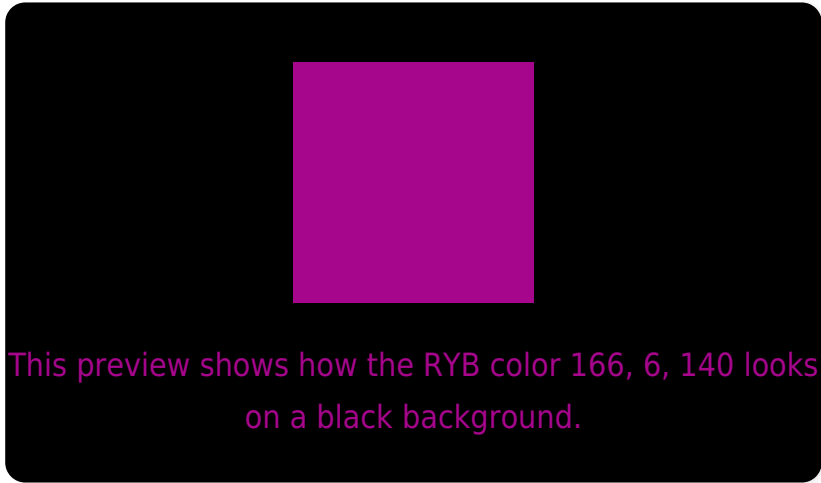
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 166, 6, 140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 166, 6, 140.

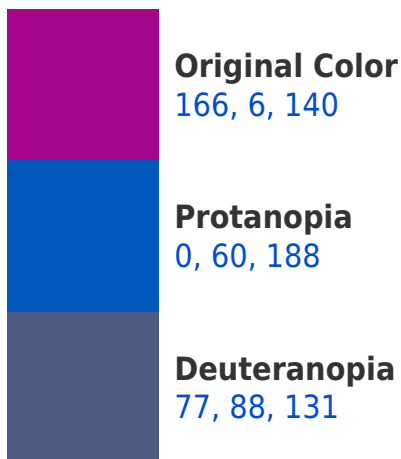


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 166, 6, 140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
159, 55, 58

Trichromacy



Original Color

166, 6, 140



Protanomaly

60, 59, 171



Deuteranomaly

109, 60, 134



Tritanomaly

162, 37, 88

Monochromacy



Original Color

166, 6, 140



Achromatopsia

69, 69, 69



Achromatomaly

104, 46, 95

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 166, 6, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 6, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 6, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 6, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 6, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 166, 6, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 6, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 6, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 6, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 6, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 6, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 6,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 166, 6, 140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 6, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 6,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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